INDICA Manuals

INDICA

APPLIANCE ADMINISTRATOR DOCUMENTATION

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Welcome to the >INDICA documentation.

This documentation can be used as a reference guide when working with INDICA. Different documentation is available depending on the version of INDICA you're working with. You can select documentation for the version you're using in the bottom left corner.

The manual is divided into five different sections:

- User Documentation
- Manager Documentation
- Case Administrator Documentation
- Appliance Administrator Documentation
- General Documentation

For the best understanding of all the options, settings, and features it is advised to read all sections.

Warning: All information provided in this documentation is confidential and should be treated as such. Distributing, copying, reusing, etc of this documentation and all information within this documentation without strict permission from INDICA is prohibited.

CHAPTER

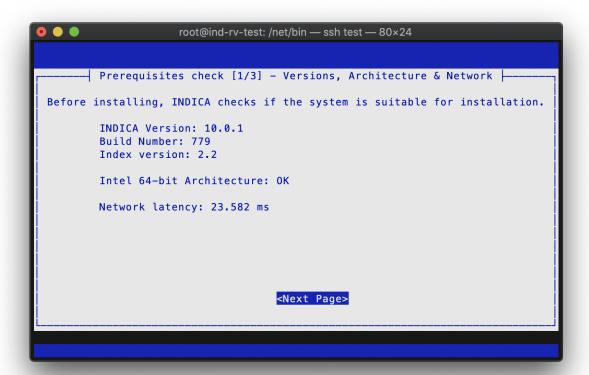
ONE

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

Before installing INDICA, please make sure that the system that will run INDICA meets the minimal specifications. Please refer to our knowledge base to see the requirements. Also keep in mind that the requirements are dependant on the expected workload of the system. INDICA can help you scope and calculate this.

Prior to installation, INDICA will check if the system is suitable for installation.

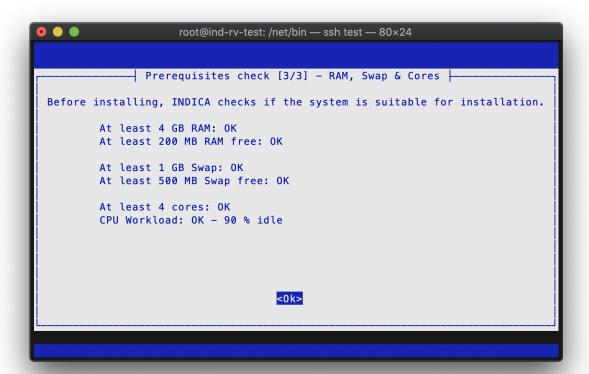
Note: Please note that the displayed requirements in the screen captures are not the actual system requirements. The displayed requirements are the bare minimum for a tiny INDICA test instance, not an actual production server.



```
Prerequisites check [2/3] - Disk

Before installing, INDICA checks if the system is suitable for installation.

/net/index disk usage: OK - 24 % available.
/net/archive disk usage: OK - 24 % available.
At least 5 GB disk space: OK - 28 GB available.
Disk I/O Saturation: OK - 3
Disk Read Queue Length: OK - 0
Disk Write Queue Length: OK - 0
Disk Read/Wait: OK - 6
Disk Write/Wait: OK - 15
Disk write speed (large file): OK - 406 MB/s
Disk write speed (small files): OK - 9.5 MB/s
```



INSTALLATION

2.1 Prerequisites

Before installing can begin, please make sure the following is in place:

- 1. A Ubuntu server with the requested OS version is in place;
- 2. The server meets the minimum system requirements; Please refer to System Requirements for more information.
- 3. The machine has an active network connection and is capable of reaching the internet;
- 4. The INDICA installable archive is available, either locally or by download link.

2.2 Installation

Installing and setting up INDICA is very easy. INDICA comes pre-packaged with almost everything it needs to be installed. For ease of use, an installation script is provided. Some manual steps need to be taken before the installation script can be used.

- 1. Gain SSH access to the target machine.
 - This can be done with command-line SSH, PuTTY, or equivalent.
- 2. Elevate your rights to root-level access.
 - This can be done using the command sudo su and typing in the password.
- 3. Create the appliance directory called "net" in the root of the filesystem "/"
 Use the command mkdir /net
- 4. Navigate to the newly created directory.
 - Use the command cd /net to do this.
- 5. Transfer the INDICA .tar.gz file to this directory.
 - This can be done by transferring with scp, winSCP, or the download link provided by INDICA. Make sure the file is in /net.
- 6. Extract the downloaded package using "tar -zxvf [filename]".
- 7. Run the installation script: "/net/bin/install.sh".

The install script will ask some questions and guide you through the installation.

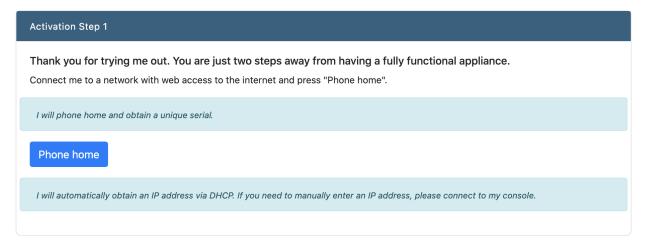
CHAPTER

THREE

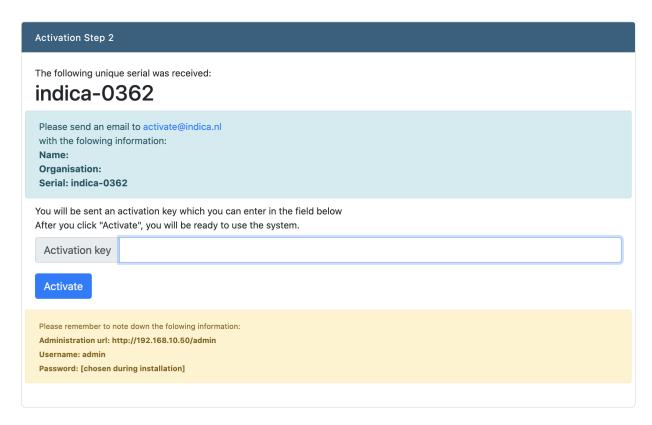
ACTIVATION

When installation is done, please connect to the web interface of your appliance. This can be found on http://[ip]. The IP address here is the appliance IP. The IP of the appliance is shown in the console.

When connected, you will be presented with the welcome page:



Simply click the "Phone Home" button. Your appliance will connect to the INDICA API and retrieve an appliance serial. When the serial has been recieved, you will be redirected to the second step in the activation process:

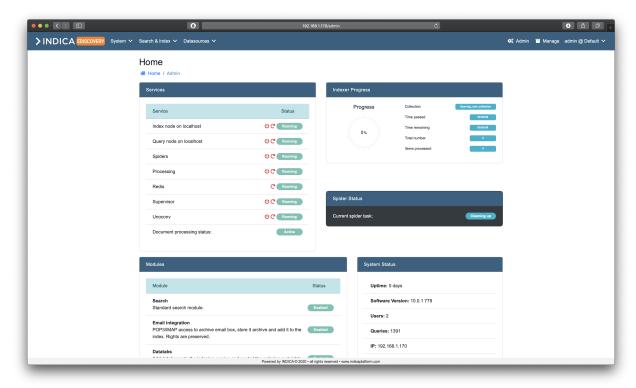


When this step is presented, please send an email (or create a support ticket) to INDICA Support containing the information displayed on the screen. INDICA will then provide you with a unique activation key to activate your appliance.

ADMIN PAGE OVERVIEW

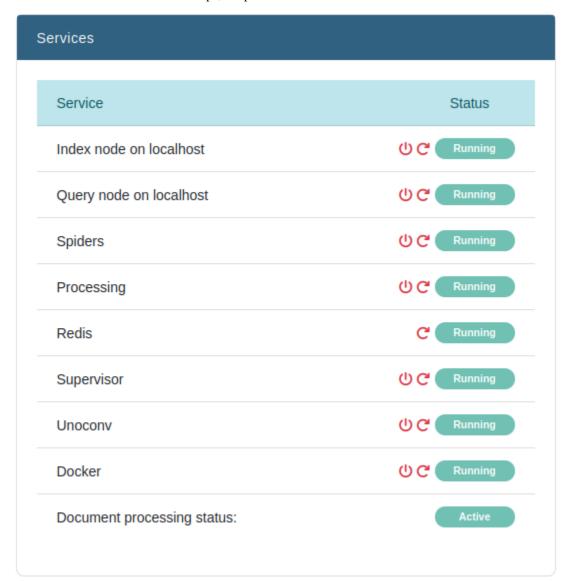
Table of Contents • Admin Page Overview - Services - Indexer Progress - Spider Status - Modules - System Status

This page shows the status of the system services, the indexer and spider status, system information and the enabled modules.



4.1 Services

In this panel a number of system services and their status is shown. On a single-node install, all services are running on the same machine. With cloud setups, it's possible to host some services on different nodes.



Most services can be stopped, started or restarted from this overview.

· Index node

This displays the status of the Solr service on the Index node. When stopped, the index is not hosted anymore.

The index and query node can be different depending on the setup.

• Query node

This displays the status of the Solr service on the Query node. When stopped, the index is not hosted anymore.

The index and query node can be different depending on the setup.

• Spiders

This displays the status of the Spider service. The spider is responsible for discovering new and/or changed data in the connected sources. Stopping the spider here will disable the spider for all cases on the appliance. The spider can also be disabled per-case in the "Cases" overview.

Processing

This displays the status of the Apache Tika service. Apache Tika is responsible for parsing document content to plain text for storing in the index.

Redis

Redis is needed to make the web front-end work. When this is disabled, most parts of the front-end will not work. Therefore, it can only be restarted.

Supervisor

Supervisor is needed to enable running of jobs on basis of a queue. Without supervisor, some functions will not work properly.

• Unoconv

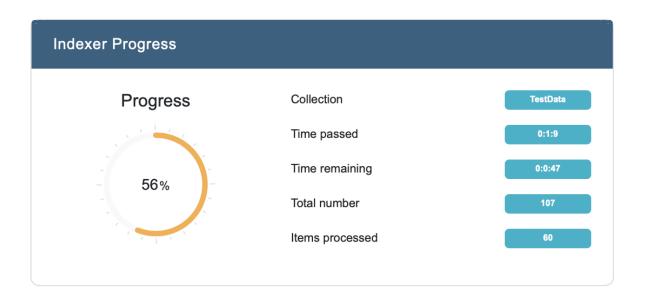
Unoconv is responsible for converting eligible documents to PDF format so they can be previewed properly and nicely.

• Document processing status

This displays the overall status of the document processing.

4.2 Indexer Progress

The Indexer Progress will display the general status of the Indexer.



It displays the following statistics:

• Progress

Indexing progress of the current collection.

• Collection

Name of the collection that is currently being indexed.

• Time passed

Time passed since starting indexation on this collection.

• Time remaining

Estimate on the time needed to fully index the current collection.

• Total number

Number of items in this collection that need to be indexed.

• Items processed

Number of items in this collection that have been indexed.

4.3 Spider Status

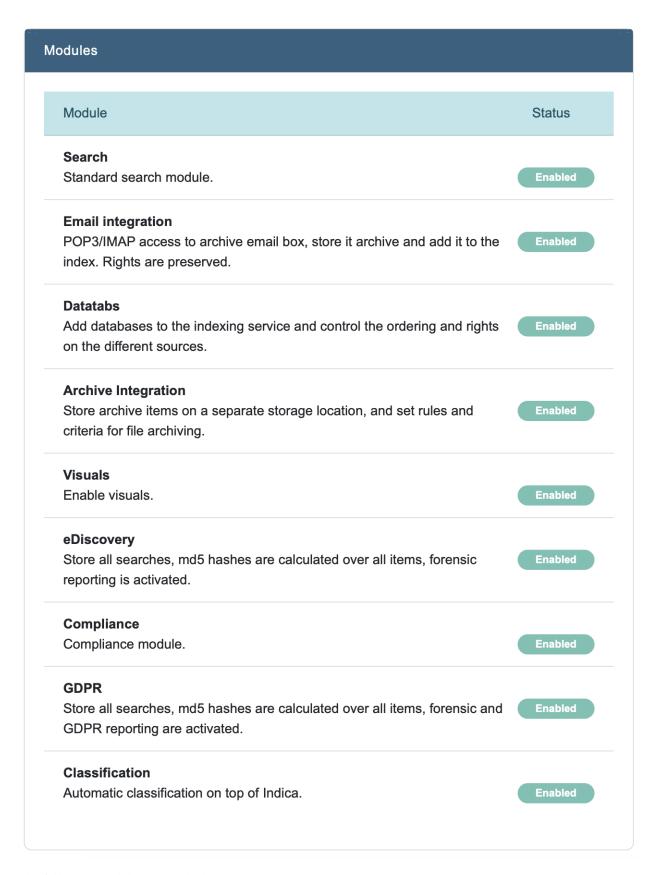
Shows the current status of the spider.



4.4 Modules

Modules show what modules are enabled for your appliance. This is dependent on the license key you received during activation.

4.3. Spider Status



The following modules are available:

Search

Standard Enterprise Search module.

• Email integration

POP3/IMAP access to archive email box, store it archive and add it to the index. Rights are preserved.

Datatabs

Add databases to the indexing service and control the ordering and rights on the different sources.

• Archive Integration

Enabled store archive items on a separate storage location, and set rules and criteria for file archiving.

Visuals

Enable visuals on the search page.

· eDiscovery

Store all searches, md5 hashes are calculated over all items, forensic reporting is activated.

Compliance

Compliance module.

• Privacy

Store all searches, md5 hashes are calculated over all items, forensic and Privacy reporting are activated.

Classification

Automatic classification on top of INDICA.

4.5 System Status

System status displays some basic system statistics and the appliances current workload.

4.5. System Status

System Status Uptime: 0 days Software Version: 10.0.1 779 Users: 2 Queries: 1396 IP: 192.168.1.170 Harddisk 38.13 GB 27.1% Load on 2 cores 0.6

It displays the following statistics:

• Uptime

Current uptime of the appliance.

• Software Version

Current software and build number version.

• Users

Number of users in the system.

• Queries

Total number of queries ran on the appliance. This includes system queries as well.

• IP

Current IP address of the appliance.

• Harddisk

Current disk usage of the appliance.

Note: External mounts are not taken into account.

• Load

Current workload on the appliance.

4.5. System Status

CHAPTER

FIVE

SYSTEM SETTINGS

Table of Contents

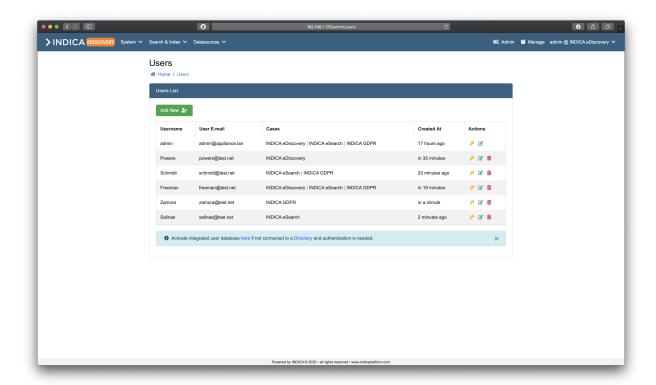
- System Settings
 - Users
 - * Users List
 - * Creating a user
 - * Editing a user
 - * Deleting a user
 - * Resetting a user's password
 - * Resetting the admin password
 - Roles and Permissions
 - * Introduction to Roles and Permissions
 - · General information
 - · Roles
 - · Permissions
 - * Configuring Roles
 - · Adding a new role
 - · Editing an existing role
 - · Deleting an existing role
 - * Default permissions matrix
 - Cases
 - * Cases List
 - * Adding a case
 - · Mapping AD groups to roles
 - * Editing a case
 - * Archiving a case
 - * Restoring an archived case

- * Deleting a case
- Networking
 - * Schedule bandwith throttling
 - · Setting a daily schedule
 - · Setting a custom schedule
 - * Network interface
 - * Mailer settings
 - * Proxy settings
 - * Zabbix monitoring
 - * SSL Settings
 - · Use a self-signed certificate
 - · Submitting a CSR
 - · Upload own certificate and keyfiles
- Security
 - * Enabling Active Directory integration
 - * Enabling Single Sign-on
- Software & Support
 - * Activation Key
 - * Software version
 - * Updates
 - * Remote Connection
- General Settings
- Backup Settings
- Look and Feel

5.1 Users

Overview of the User administration page. Here it's possible to create, edit, and delete users. You can also reset their password from this page.

Note: When Active Directory integration is enabled, the users and managers are administrated through the Active Directory.



5.1.1 Users List

The listview provides administrators with some useful information and features. In the table the following columns are present:

• Username

Username of the user.

• User E-mail

E-mail address of the user.

• Cases

List of cases that the user has access to, separated by the pipe ("|") symbol.

Created At

Creation timestamp of the user.

• Actions

- Yellow key button: Reset a user's password.

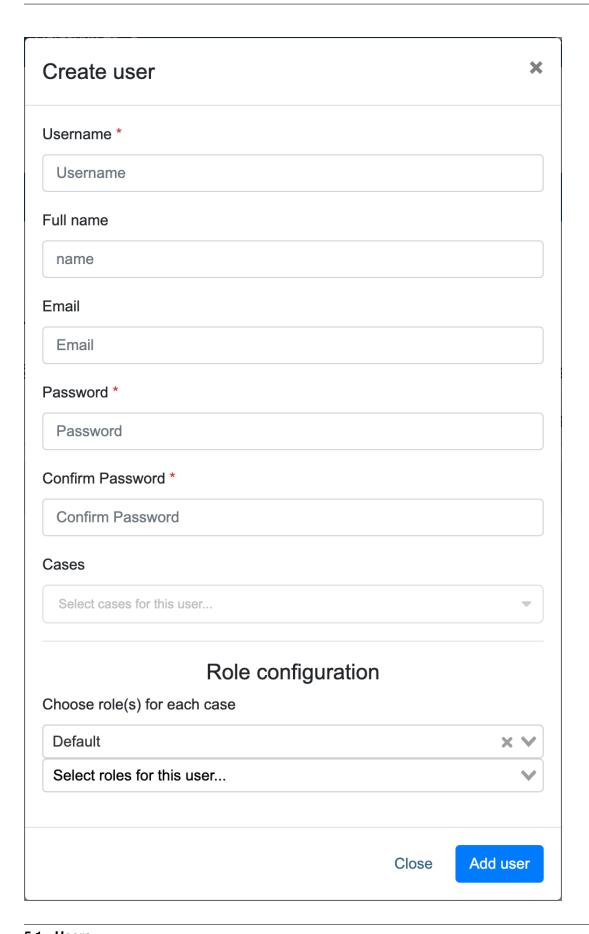
- Blue paper button: Edit a user.

- Red trashbin button: Delete a user.

5.1. Users 23

5.1.2 Creating a user

Creating a user is done by clicking the green "Add New" button. A popup will open:



5.1. Users 25

Simply fill in the following details, and click "Add User" when done.

• Username

Username for the new user. The username must be unique.

This username is used to sign in into INDICA.

· Full Name

Full name of the user. If given, this name will be displayed instead of the username.

• E-mail

E-mail address of the user.

• Password (2x)

Choose a password for the user.

Use a strong password to prevent unauthorised access.

• Case(s)

Choose the case(s) that the user should have access to.

• Role configuration (only available when AD integration is not activated)

Choose role(s) for the new user.

Available roles are dependant on the setup of Roles and Permissions.

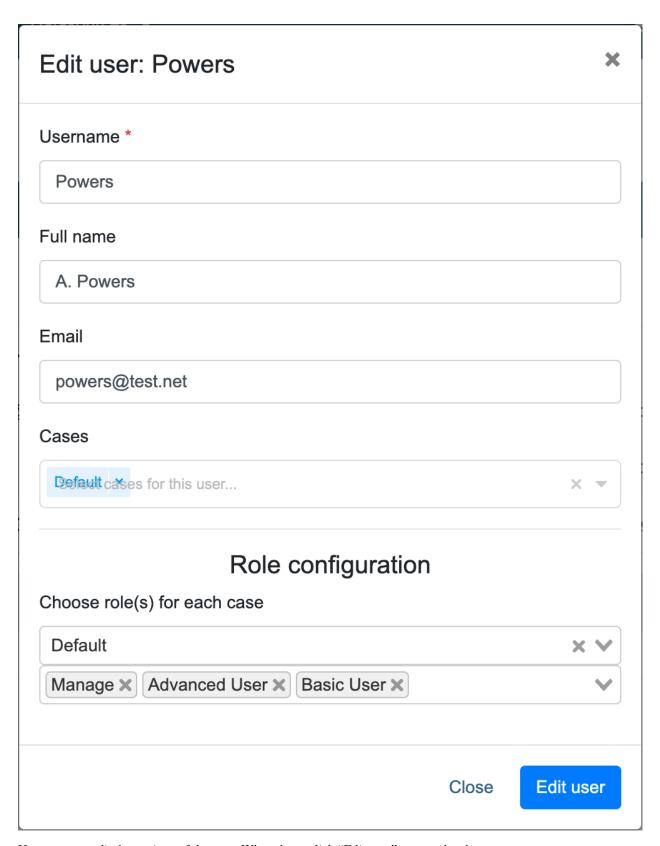
In the top drop-down, cases can be selected. Once a case is selected, roles can be selected in the bottom dropdown for each case.

Note: Creating users is not needed when AD integration is enabled and configured. INDICA will import the user's information from the AD upon signing in.

5.1.3 Editing a user

Editing a user is done by clicking the blue paper button in the "Actions" column of the "Users List". A popup will open:

5.1. Users 27



Here you can edit the settings of the user. When done, click "Edit user" to save the changes.

5.1.4 Deleting a user

Deleting a user is done by clicking the red trashbin button in the "Actions" column of the "Users List".

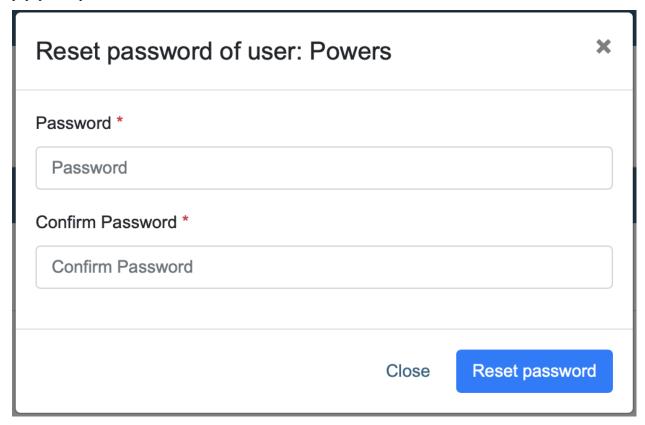
A confirmation popup will open. Click "Delete" to permanently delete the user. This action cannot be undone.

Note: Deleting a user that signed in using AD integration does not prohibit that user from signing in again. The user needs to be removed from the AD groups on the AD side.

5.1.5 Resetting a user's password

Resetting a user's password only works when there is no AD integration active.

Resetting a user's password is done by clicking the yellow key button in the "Actions" column of the "Users List". A popup will open:



Simply pick a new password, confirm it, and click "Reset Password". The user can now authenticate using the new password.

Note: The user will not be notified by INDICA that their password has changed.

5.1. Users 29

5.1.6 Resetting the admin password

When the password of the only Admin account has been lost, there is a way to reset the password.

To do this, SSH access and root-level permissions on the appliance are needed. When logged in into the appliance, navigate to the following directory:

cd /net/www

Then, run the following command:

php artisan user:resetpw

The command will ask for the username and then for a new password.

Note: When typing the new password, nothing will be displayed.

You should now be able to authenticate in the front-end with the new password.

5.2 Roles and Permissions

When working with sensitive data, protecting that data and making sure users will only see that they need to see is very important. To accommodate this, INDICA features a Roles and Permissions system. With this system, it is possible to define custom roles and assign permissions to those roles. This gives complete control over what a user can and cannot do, while still keeping it maintainable and scalable.

5.2.1 Introduction to Roles and Permissions

General information

Roles and Permissions are a part of the Admin portal. This means that *only* administrators (or anyone with the corresponding role, if assigned by an administrator) can change the setup of roles and permissions. Users with the Admin role are unlimited in their actions. However, every action an administrator takes is logged for audit purposes. Logged actions cannot be changed by any administrator.

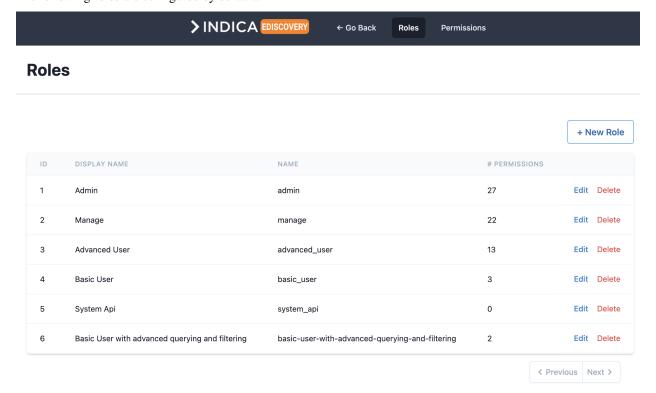
Changing the setup of roles and permissions can (by default) only be done by Administrators. However, changing the roles and permissions is a permission in itself, meaning it can be assigned to other roles if desired.

Roles

A role can be assigned to a user or a group of users. These roles have permissions assigned to them. A user can have multiple roles, and roles can have multiple permissions.

Roles can be mapped to AD groups, more information about mapping can be found in the section *Mapping AD groups to roles*.

The following roles are configured by default:



• Admin

Typically assigned to administrators.

Administrators can see and do anything on the system.

They have unlimited access to all cases and all settings.

Administrators are responsible for setting up and maintaining the INDICA Appliance.

Case Admin

This role is intended for Case Administrators.

They have elevated roles over managers, meaning they can manage users and cases on an appliance, but do not have access to the system settings that administrators do.

• Manage

This role is intended for Case Managers.

Case managers can see and change settings to the cases they are assigned on.

They are responsible for case settings like workflows, tags, data sources, etc.

· Advanced User

The "Advanced User" role is for trained and experienced users.

This role gives more information and features on the Search page.

• Basic User

The "Basic User" role is for new users with limited rights.

This role gives access to a limited Search page with only basic functionality.

• System Api

Internal system user. Is only used for INDICA's inner workings.

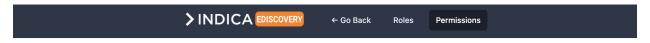
Changing or assigning this role is not needed.

Note: Roles are system-wide. This means that when a role is edited, the permissions of that role will apply to all cases that use this role. If this behavior is not desired, it is possible to create roles for a specific Case and use those roles for that Case. This allows administrators to have Case-specific roles (and permissions).

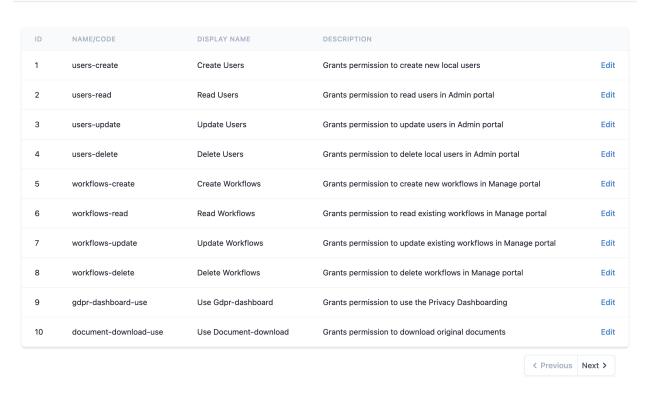
Permissions

A permission is something a user can see or do in the system. This can be assigning a tag, viewing document content, changing settings, etc. These permissions are attached to a role, and roles are attached to users (or AD groups, see *Mapping AD groups to roles*).

New permissions cannot be created by the administrator or any other user. This is because permissions are defined in the sourcecode of the INDICA Appliance. New permissions will be included in future releases of INDICA. If you're an existing customer, they can also be requested. Contact INDICA for more details.



Permissions



For a full list of all permissions, their description and which roles have which permission, please refer to the *Default* permissions matrix.

Note: Permissions cannot be deleted. They can be edited, but only the display name and the description can be changed.

5.2.2 Configuring Roles

Adding a new role

A new role can be created by clicking the "+ New Role" button on the "Roles" setup page. The following screen will open:

Name/Code			
this-will-be-the-code-	name		
Display Name			
Edit user profile			
Description			
Some description for the	ne role		
			li de
Permissions			
advanced-filtering- use	advanced-query-use	all-duplicate-paths- read	blackline-create
blackline-delete	blackline-read	blackline-update	comments-use
document-download- use	gdpr-dashboard-use	mass-tagging-use	modify-permissions- use
query-to-csv-use	tagging-create	tagging-delete	tagging-read
tagging-update	tagging-use	users-create	users-delete
users-read	users-update	view-content-use	workflows-create
workflows-delete	workflows-rea	d wo	rkflows-update
			Cancel

In this form, the following information is required:

• Name/Code

Cannot be filled in by the user, will be generated based on the Display Name.

• Display Name

Name of the role, for example "Basic User with advanced querying and filtering".

• Description

Description of this role, so they can be distinguished.

• Permissions

Check the boxes for the required permissions.

Note: In this example, the new role is an extention of an already existing role. This means that if this new role is assigned to a user alongside the already existing role, the permissions of both roles will be combined. This makes it unnecessary to select all permissions while setting up this new role. The best course of action will be to select the extra permissions and assign both roles to the user(s). However, it is also possible to add the permissions of the "Basic User" role to this role as well, and only assign this role to the user(s).

Once all information is entered, it will look like the following image:

basic-user-with-advan	ced-querying-and-filtering		
Display Name			
Basic User with advance	ced querying and filtering		
Description			
This role allows a basic	user to use Advanced Filt	ering and Query options.	
Permissions			
advanced-filtering- use	advanced-query-use	all-duplicate-paths- read	blackline-create
blackline-delete	blackline-read	blackline-update	comments-use
document-download- use	gdpr-dashboard-use	mass-tagging-use	modify-permissions- use
query-to-csv-use	tagging-create	tagging-delete	tagging-read
tagging-update	tagging-use	users-create	users-delete
users-read	users-update	view-content-use	workflows-create
	workflows-rea		rkflows-update

Once done, click "Save" to save your new role. It should now be displayed in the overview. This role can now be assigned to user(s).

Editing an existing role

To edit an existing role, click the "Edit" option. The following page will be displayed:

Name/Code			
advanced_user			
Display Name			
Advanced User			
Description			
Advanced User			
Permissions			
Create Users	Read Users	Update Users	Delete Users
Create Workflows	Read Workflows	Update Workflows	Delete Workflows
Use Gdpr-dashboard	Use Document- download	Use Mass-tagging	✓ Use Query-to-csv
Use Advanced-query	Use Advanced- filtering	Use View-content	✓ Use Comments
Read All-duplicate- paths	Use Tagging	Create Tagging	Read Tagging
Update Tagging	Delete Tagging	Use Modify- permissions	Create Blackline
Read Blackline	Update Blac	kline De	elete Blackline
			Cancel

Simply make the edits needed, and click "Save" to save the changes.

Note: The system will immediately recognise the changes and assign the changed permissions to the users that have this role assigned. In some situations it may be necessary to sign out and sign back in for the changes to take effect.

Deleting an existing role

To delete an existing role, click the "Delete" option. A confirmation prompt will open, asking you if you're sure you want to delete this record. Click "OK" to delete this role.

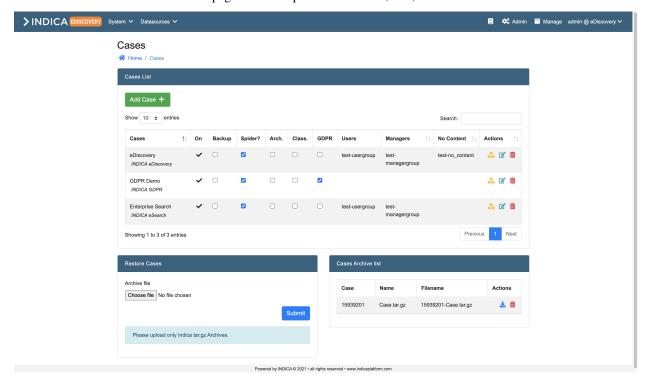
Note: Deleting a role that is assigned to user(s) may have implications on the permissions of the user(s). It is advised to deattach the role before deleting it.

5.2.3 Default permissions matrix

This table shows the Authorisation Matrix of the default roles and permissions.

5.3 Cases

Overview of the Case administration page. Here it's possible to create, edit, archive and restore cases.



5.3.1 Cases List

The listview offers some settings and features. The checkboxes can be used to toggle functionality or settings on a case. The columns in the table are:

• On

Whether the case is enabled or not. This setting can be toggled on the "Edit Case" page.

• Backup

Whether the case will be backed up when backup settings are configured.

5.3. Cases 37

• Spider?

Enable or disable the spider for this case.

Caution: Do not disable the spider during indexing.

· Arch.

Whether the case is archived or not.

· Class.

Enable or disable the Classification Module.

Privacy

Enable or disable the Privacy module.

• Users

Name of the Active Directory group to grant "User"-level access to this case.

Managers

Name of the Active Directory group to grant "Manager"-level access to this case.

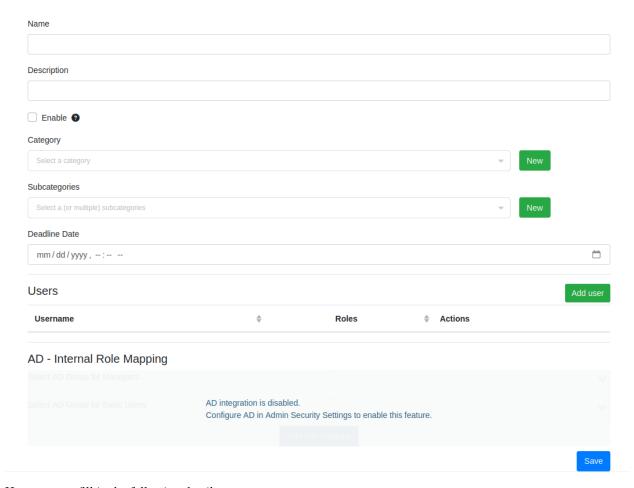
Actions

- Yellow boxes button: Click this button to archive the case.
- Blue paper button: Edit this case.
- Red trashbin button: Delete this case.

Note: All but one case can be deleted. The system needs at least one running case.

5.3.2 Adding a case

From this page, it's possible to create a new case on the appliance. Simply click the "Add Case" button. You can either create a case "manually", meaning filling in the form yourself, or creating a case from a template. When creating a case manually, you will see the following form:



Here you can fill in the following details:

• Name

Name of the case.

• Description

Description of the case.

• Category (optional)

A category for the case. You can only assign one.

• Subcategory (optional)

Subcategories for the case. You can assign multiple.

• Deadline (optional)

A deadline for when the case needs to be completed/closed/etc.

Enabled

Whether the case is enabled or not. If unchecked, the case will not show up for users and managers.

• AD Group for managers (Only available when AD integration is active and configured)

The Active Directory group that is used to grant users access to this case with "Manager"-level.

• AD Group for users (Only available when AD integration is active and configured)

The Active Directory group that is used to grant users access to this case with "User"-level.

• Extra role mappings (Only available when AD integration is active and configured)

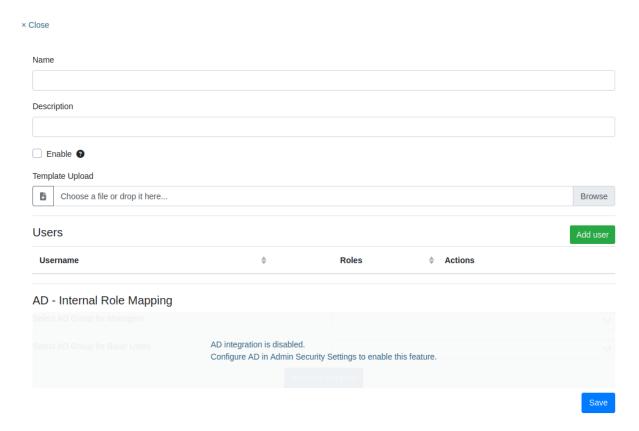
This option allows you to map extra roles to AD groups. See Mapping AD groups to roles.

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Tip: If AD integration is not enabled, it is still possible to set up *Roles and Permissions* for users.

When all details are filled in, click the "Save" button. A new case will be created. This may take several seconds, depending on the size of the system and the amount of indexed data.

When creating a case through a template, the form looks almost the same except most of the fields are replaced with a file upload. You still need to provide a name and a description for the case, as well as any additional AD configuration. The rest can be configured into a template. You can either use a template formerly created with *Import/Export Setup*, or you can download an example from the file upload field and fill it in yourself.



Mapping AD groups to roles

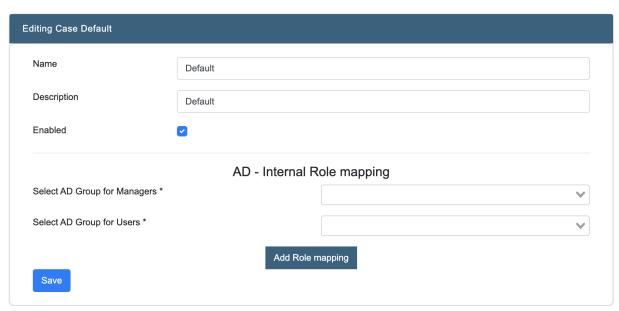
If more roles need to be connected to AD groups, it is possible to map them. To do this, navigate to the Case settings page and edit the case in question.

It can also be setup during the creation of a new case.

You will see the following:

Cases

☆ Home / Cases / Create case



Two possible mappings may be presented already:

• Select AD Group for Managers

Use this option to select an AD group that will give its users the Manager role in INDICA

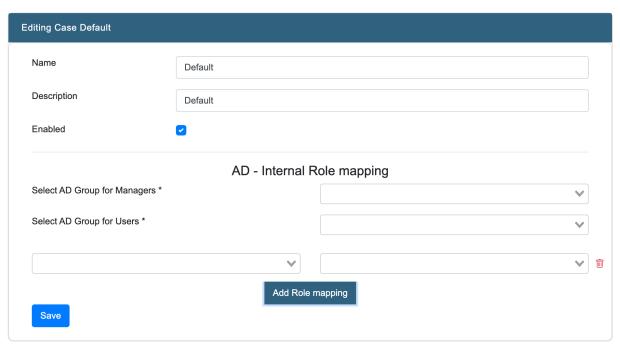
• Select AD Group for Users

Use this option to select an AD group that will give its users the User role in INDICA

In addition, the button "Add Role mapping" may be pressed to present a blank line:

Cases

☆ Home / Cases / Create case



5.3. Cases 41

In this line, select the desired role on the left side and the corresponding AD group on the right side. This step can be repeated for every role that needs an AD mapping.

Mappings can also be removed by clicking the red trashbin icon on the right side of the row.

In some situations, a message stating "Modifying AD mappings will logout all users belonging to the group" may be displayed. This means that users will get a forced logout in order for the new settings to take effect.

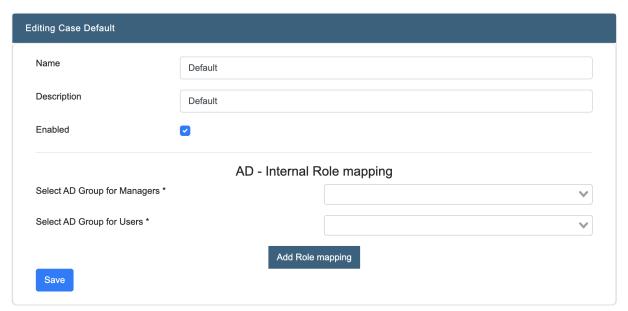
When done, click "Save" to store the settings.

5.3.3 Editing a case

To edit a case, navigate to the "Cases List" and click the blue paper icon in the "Actions" Column. The following page will open:

Cases

A Home / Cases / Create case



From here, it's possible to edit the case. See "Adding a case" for details about the fields. Click "Save Changes" when the desired changes have been made.

This page also shows the users that have access to this case and the created collections in this case.

5.3.4 Archiving a case

To archive a case, navigate to the "Cases List" and click the yellow boxes icon in the "Actions" column. INDICA will now automatically archive this case. The case will be disabled and cannot be accessed anymore.

When the archiving is done, the case will be displayed in the "Cases Archive list".



Note: This list displayes the archived cases by their Case ID as this is unique for every case.

From this list, the archived case can be downloaded in a .tar.gz format. The downloaded file will contain everything that is needed to later restore the case.

If the archived case is no longer needed, it can be deleted by clicking the red trashbin icon.

Caution: This action is irreversible and the data is lost permanently.

5.3.5 Restoring an archived case

INDICA offers the possibility to restore a previously archived case. To do this, navigate to the "Cases List" page. Here a section is shown where you can upload INDICA .tar.gz files.

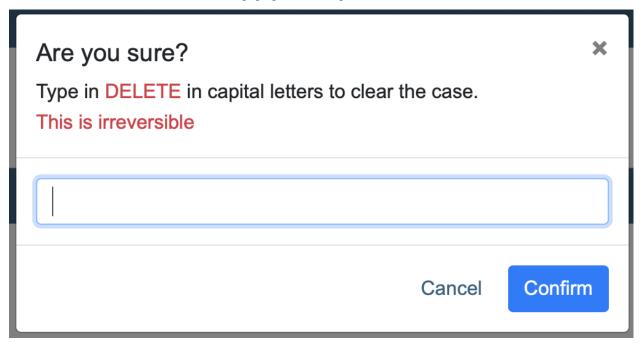


5.3. Cases 43

Click the "Choose File" button to select the .tar.gz archive. After choosing the correct file, the upload will start. When the upload is done, click the "Submit" button to restore the case from the archive. The case will now be restored and displayed in the "Cases List".

5.3.6 Deleting a case

Deleting a case is done from the "Cases List" page. In the "Actions" column, a red trashbin icon is displayed. When that icon is clicked, a confirmation box will pop up. This is to prohibit accidental deletion.

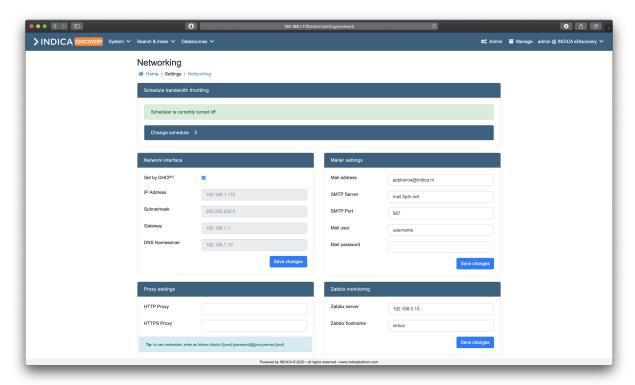


Caution: Deletion of a case is permanent and irreversible. This action cannot be undone.

There must always be one case in the system. The last case cannot be deleted.

5.4 Networking

Overview of the Networking page.



On this page, several settings regarding networking can be configured:

• Schedule bandwith throttling

Schedule how much bandwith the INDICA appliance may use at certain times/days.

• Network interface

Basic settings for configuring the network interface

Mailer settings

Connect INDICA to a mail server so it can send out notifications

· Proxy settings

Configure a proxy server

• Zabbix monitoring

Configure zabbix monitoring

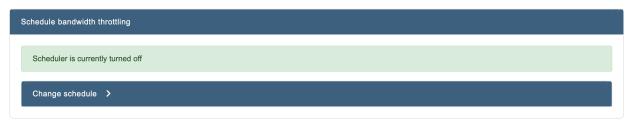
SSL Settings

Configure a Secure Socket Layer certificate for the web front-end.

5.4. Networking 45

5.4.1 Schedule bandwith throttling

While indexing, the INDICA appliance can take up quite a bit of network bandwith. To make sure that the infrastructure will not be overloaded, you can schedule the maximum allowed bandwith to be used by the INDICA appliance.



There are two options for scheduling:

· Daily Schedule

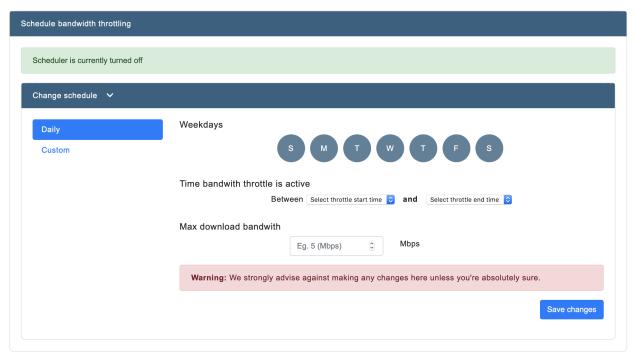
This schedule will apply every day. It allows you to set a throttle start time and stop time, and the maximum Mbps it may use.

• Custom Schedule

This schedule allows you to select the days. It allows you to set a throttle start time and stop time, and the maximum Mbps it may use.

Setting a daily schedule

First, click the "Change schedule" button. You will be presented with the following options:

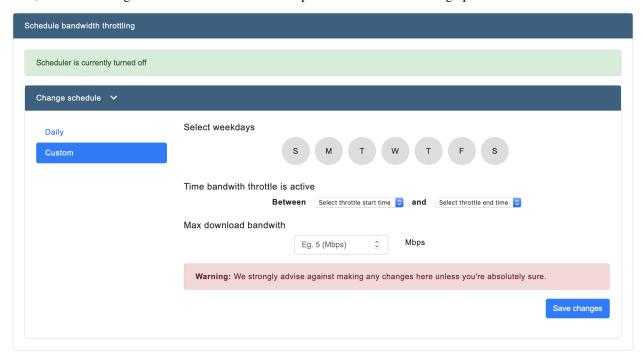


Then, pick a time for the throttle to start and to stop. Lastly, enter a value for the maximum Mbps the appliance may

Click "Save changes" to apply the schedule. The schedule should now be active.

Setting a custom schedule

First, click the "Change schedule" button. You will be presented with the following options:



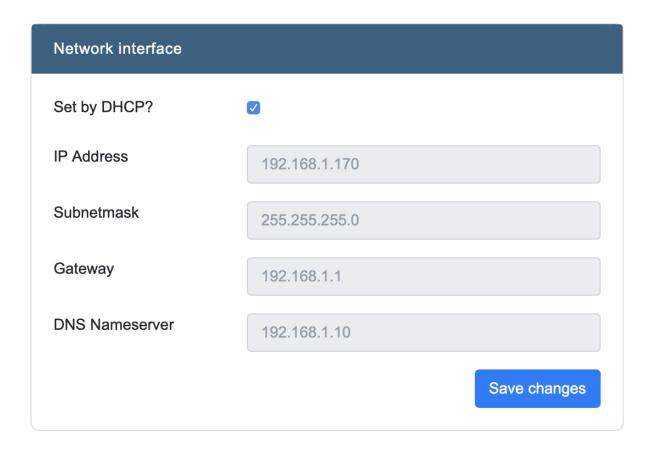
Now click the days you want the schedule to be active. Then, pick a time for the throttle to start and to stop. Lastly, enter a value for the maximum Mbps the appliance may use.

Click "Save changes" to apply the schedule. The schedule should now be active.

5.4.2 Network interface

In most cases, the network will be configured by DHCP. In case that is not true in your setup, this panel allows you to set the correct network settings.

5.4. Networking 47



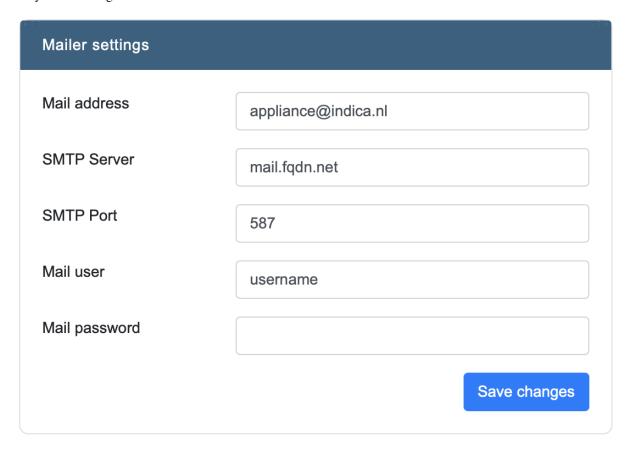
Here you can configure the following settings:

- IP address
- Subnetmask
- Gateway
- DNS Nameserver

Note: When the checkbox "Set by DHCP?" is checked, these settings cannot be changed.

5.4.3 Mailer settings

Here you can configure INDICA to connect to a mail server so it can send out emails.



It needs the following information:

- · Mail address
- SMTP server
- SMTP port
- Mail user
- Mail password

After entering the correct information, click "Save Changes" to apply the changes.

5.4.4 Proxy settings

This panel contains the Proxy settings.

5.4. Networking 49

Proxy settings	
HTTP Proxy	
HTTPS Proxy	
Tip: to use credentials, enter as f	follows http(s)://[user]:[password]@[proxyserver]:[port]
	Save changes

Note: To use credentials, enter the settings in the following format:

http(s)://[user]:[password]@[proxyserver]:[port]

5.4.5 Zabbix monitoring

Here you can enter the settings for Zabbix monitoring.



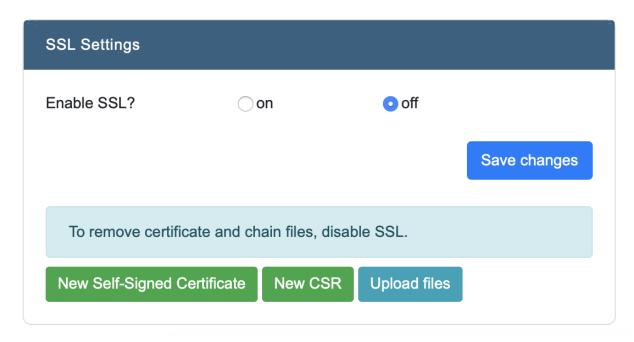
It needs:

• Zabbix Server (IP address)

• Zabbix Hostname (usually 'indica')

5.4.6 SSL Settings

SSL Settings allows you to use SSL to secure the client-server traffic of the web-based frontend.



Note: Make sure all configuration is added correctly before enabling SSL. If SSL is enabled before all information is given, it may make the front-end inaccessable.

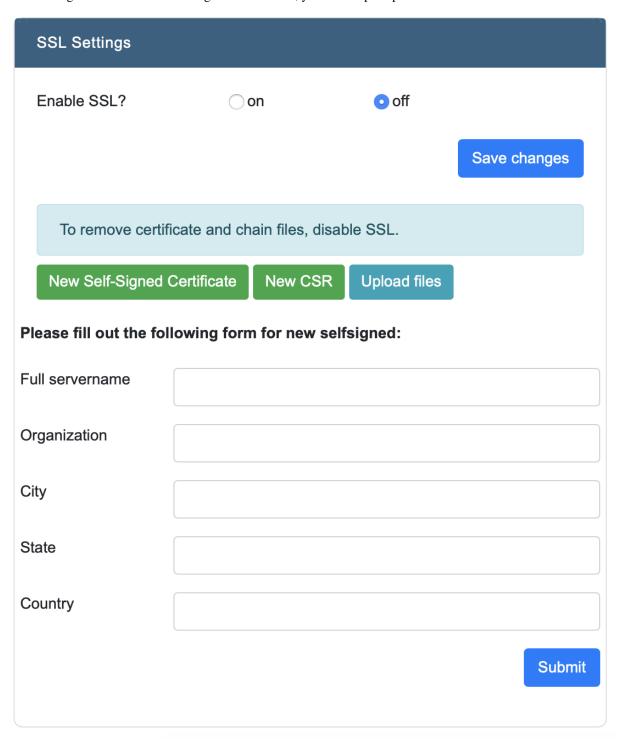
SSL can be set up in three ways:

- Use a self-signed certificate
- Submit a CSR (Certificate Signing Request)
- Upload own certificate and keyfiles

5.4. Networking 51

Use a self-signed certificate

When clicking the button "New Self-Signed Certificate", you will be prompted to fill in some information:



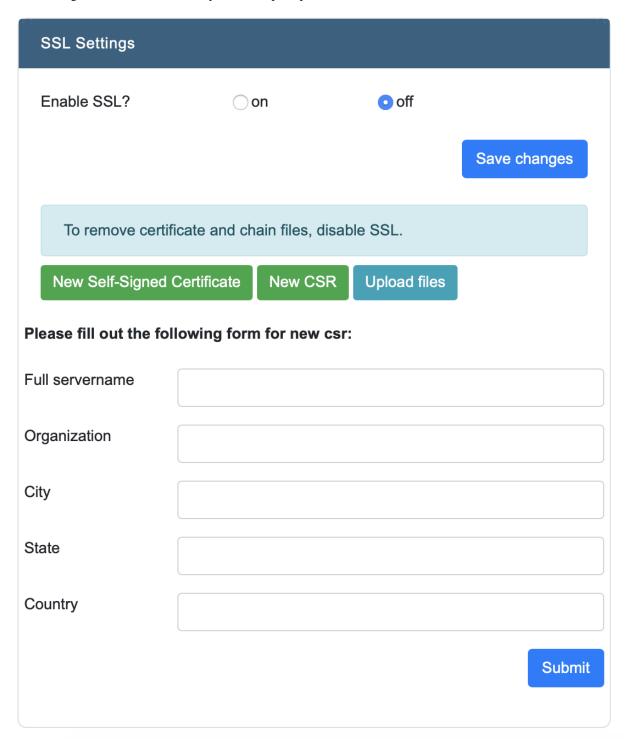
After filling in the fields, click "Submit". The certificate is now active.

Important: Modern browsers may still notify to the user that the connection may not be secure when a self-signed

certificate is used.

Submitting a CSR

When clicking the button "New CSR", you will be prompted to fill in some information:

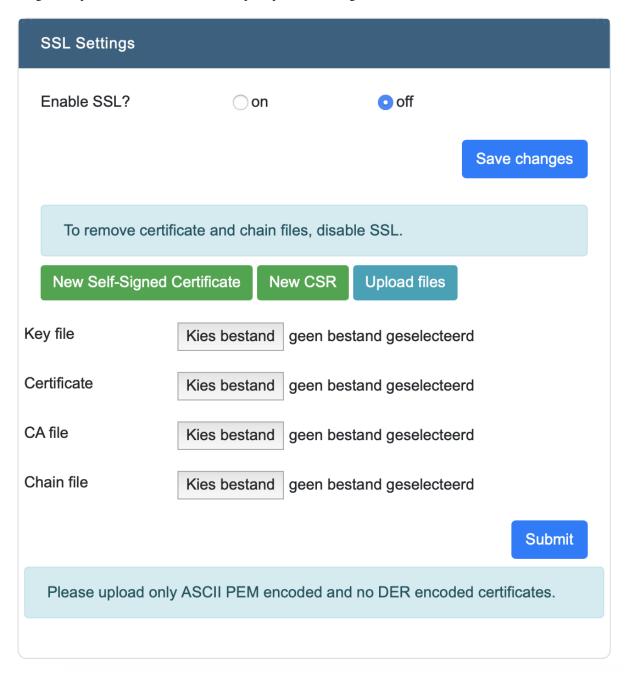


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After filling in the fields, click "Submit".

Upload own certificate and keyfiles

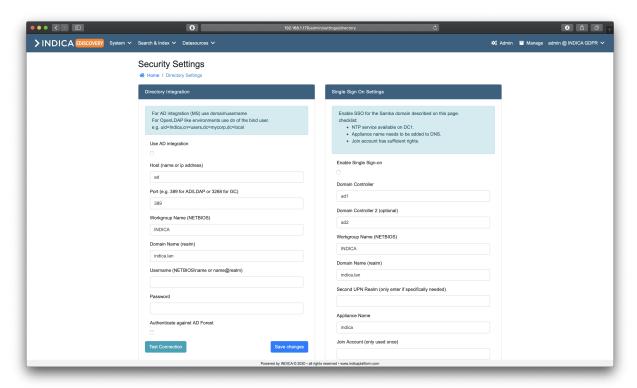
INDICA also provides the option to use your organisation's own certificate and keyfiles. They can be uploaded after clicking the "Upload files" button. It wil then prompt the following files:



Upload the corresponding files, and then click "Submit" to activate.

5.5 Security

Security Settings allows different ways to authenticate users. It is possible to setup an integration with an Active Directory (AD) and OpenLDAP, as well as Single Sign On (SSO). There is also a setting to disable reading the ACL from shares. This means that every user in INDICA can see all documents, regardless of Whether or not they are allowed to see the document on the original data source.



5.5.1 Enabling Active Directory integration

Active Directory integration allows for user and group management in the existing AD/LDAP environment. To make use of it, an account which can be used to 'bind' to the AD/LDAP is needed. Then, fill in the following information:

5.5. Security 55

Directory Integration
For AD integration (MS) use domain\username For OpenLDAP like environments use dn of the bind user. e.g. uid=Indica,cn=users,dc=mycorp,dc=local
Use AD integration
Host (name or ip address)
Port (e.g. 389 for AD/LDAP or 3268 for GC)
Workgroup Name (NETBIOS)
INDICA
Domain Name (realm) indica.lan
Username (NETBIOS\name or name@realm)
Password
Authenticate against AD Forest
Test Connection Save changes

- Check the 'Use AD integration' box
- Enter the hostname or IP. Usually, IP works better due to resolving the name.
- Enter the correct port
- Enter the Workgroup Name (NETBIOS)
- Enter the Domain Name (realm)
- Enter the Bind Username (with NETBIOS/realm notation)
- Enter the password of the Bind User
- (optional; if needed) Check the box 'Authenticate against AD Forest'

Then, click on 'Test Connection'. If everything is setup and entered correctly, INDICA should report back the first 10 AD groups it can find. If this is the case, click 'Save Changes' to store and apply the settings.

Now, the existing AD structure can be used to map existing AD groups to INDICA cases and roles.

This is done by setting up two (or more, depending on the Roles and Permissions setup) groups per INDICA case:

- A User-level access group.
- A Manager-level access group.

These two groups can then be linked to the corresponding INDICA case in the Case Settings. When all groups are set up, users can be added to or removed from the group at will. Edits to the groups in the AD/LDAP environment will be reflected in INDICA immediately.

Tip: More groups can be created and mapped to specific roles. See *Mapping AD groups to roles* for more information.

5.5.2 Enabling Single Sign-on

Single Sign-on(SSO) allows users to access the INDICA interface without having to bother with a username and password. INDICA will automatically sign in users if they are already authenticated.

5.5. Security 57

Single Sign On Settings Enable SSO for the Samba domain described on this page. checklist: • NTP service available on DC1. • Appliance name needs to be added to DNS. • Join account has sufficient rights. **Enable Single Sign-on Domain Controller** ad1 Domain Controller 2 (optional) ad2 Workgroup Name (NETBIOS) **INDICA** Domain Name (realm) indica.lan Second UPN Realm (only enter if specifically needed) Appliance Name indica Join Account (only used once) Join Password (only used once) Rejoin domain Save changes * Please enter join user/pass

SSO needs the following information:

- Domain Controller
- Domain Controller 2 (optional)
- Workgroup Name (NETBIOS)
- Domain Name (realm)
- Second UPN Realm (only enter if specifically needed)
- Appliance Name
- Join Account (only used once)
- Join Password (only used once)

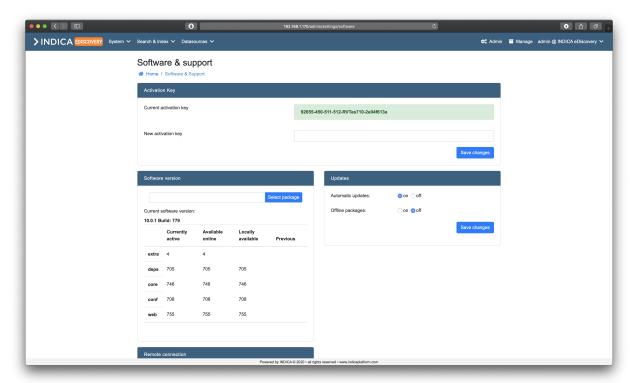
When using SSO, some actions may be required on different parts of the infrastructure (outside the INDICA appliance). Use the following list to make sure everything is set-up properly:

- NTP service available on DC1.
- Appliance name needs to be added to DNS.
- · Join account has sufficient rights.

When everything is set-up properly, users should be able to access the INDICA interface without having to authenticate themselves.

5.6 Software & Support

The Software & Support section helps managing the current license, software versions, and support connection.



5.6.1 Activation Key

Here you can view and edit the software key that is used to activate your INDICA appliance.

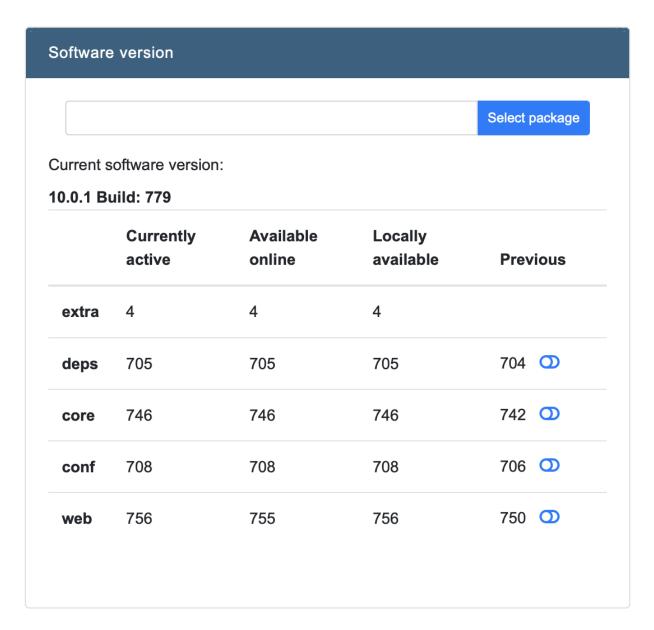


Note: Please keep in mind that the keys are not interchangable between appliances, as they are tied to the hardware as well. In case a new appliance needs to be activated, contact INDICA support to assist you.

5.6.2 Software version

This panel allows you to check the current software version.

It shows you the current version number, as well as the version numbers of all the packages as well. It is possible to update packages by hand, and if needed, roll back to previous versions. This can only be done if there was a previous version installed on the appliance.



With the 'Select package' option, a package can be uploaded to the appliance. INDICA will automatically recognise the type of package uploaded, and it's version and add the package to the overview if it has a newer version than currently active.

Clicking the switch in the 'Previous' column rolls back the version of active package.

5.6.3 Updates

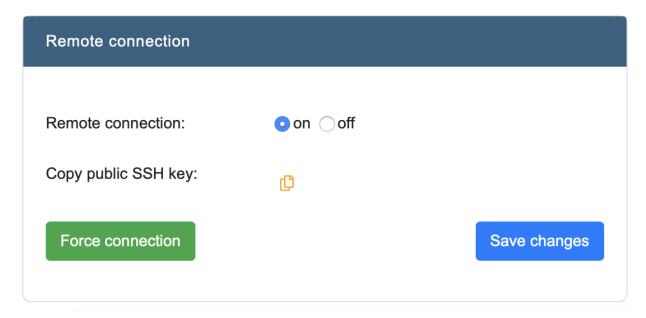
This panel allows you to toggle automatic updates on or off. You can also specify Whether offline packages should be used or not.



5.6.4 Remote Connection

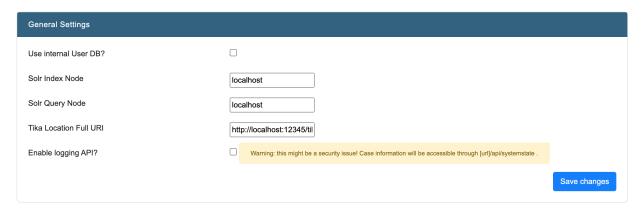
This option allows appliance administrators to toggle remote connections. The remote connections are used by INDICA engineers to remotely troubleshoot and support your appliance. It is advised to leave this setting turned on.

Here you can also copy the public SSH key of the appliance, and force a remote connection to the INDICA server.



5.7 General Settings

This section of the settings allow you to configure a few things:



• Use internal user DB

When not connected to an external authentication service, it is possible to use the internal authentication database.

Solr Index Node

Location of the Solr index node. Only to be edited when running in a cluster Be careful, as changing this setting may lead to an unstable/broken cluster

· Solr Query Node

Location of the Solr query node. Only to be edited when running in a cluster Be careful, as changing this setting may lead to an unstable/broken cluster

• Tika Location Full URI

If Apache Tika is hosted externally, then edit this value to point the indexer to the correct location

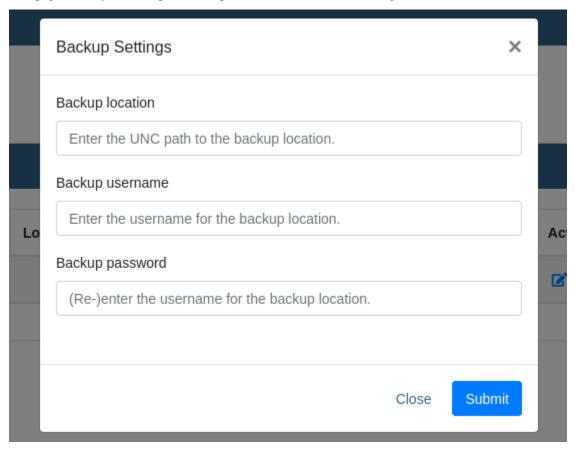
· Enable logging API

Enable logging API so logging can be used with external programs/services

Warning: This might be a security issue! Case information will be accessible externally

5.8 Backup Settings

This page allows you to setup the backup location. It needs the following information:



• UNC path of the backup location

Location where INDICA can read and write it's backups to

· Backup username

Username for INDICA to authenticate on the backup location

Backup password

Password of the corresponding user that INDICA can use to authenticate on the backup location

5.9 Look and Feel

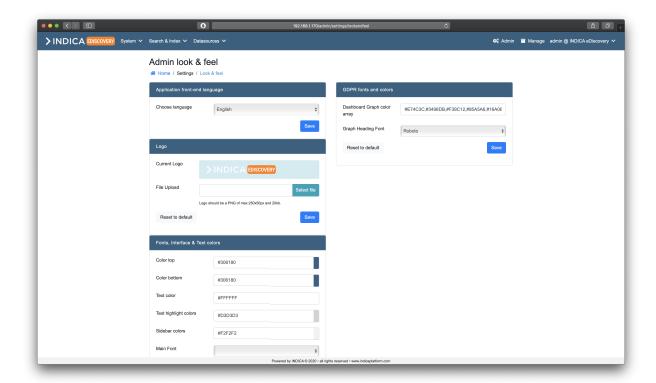
INDICA allows you to apply your custom Look and Feel to the appliance. This can be done on two levels:

· Appliance level

This is configured in the admin interface and applies to the admin section

• Case level

This is configured in the case management interface and applies to that case only This allowes for customised look and feel in different cases



The settings allow you to change the following:

• Application front-end language

Supported languages: Dutch, English, French, German

• Logo

PNG format, 250x50 pixels, max 20kb

• Fonts, interface and text colors

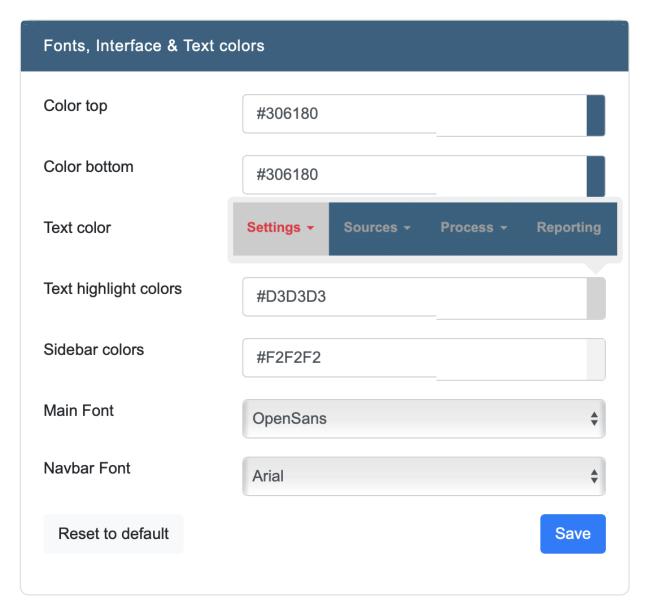
Allows changing the colors and fonts of the main interface

· Privacy fonts and colors

Allows changing the colors and fonts of the Privacy interface

When hovering the mouse over the color pickers, a preview is shown:

5.9. Look and Feel 65

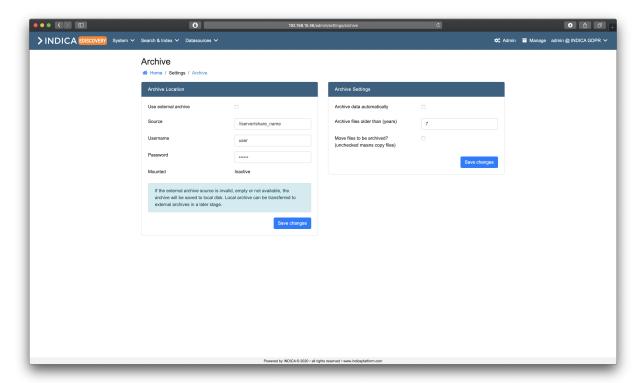


All values can be changed individually, and reset to default if needed.

DATASOURCES SETTINGS

6.1 Archive Settings

In the Datasources page you can enable/disable the archiving function and choose where to locate your archived files. Email archiving is automatically set up when configuring email connectivity. The default archiving location is on the internal storage, this can be changed to an external CIFS or SMB source. Automatic archiving can also be enabled in this page. All archived cases will be list down on Cases page.



6.1.1 Archive Location

To archive to an external location, please enter the location in UNC format with forward slashes: //server/share_name and its corresponding username and password. Please make sure the archiving credentials contain a user that has "write and create" rights on the share. If you want to archive to other shared storage than CIFS or SMB, please contact your reseller. When setting up an external source with incorrect credentials, the appliance will default the archiving to local storage.

Archive Location		
Use external archive		
Source	//server/share_name	
Username	user	
Password	•••••	
Mounted	Inactive	
If the external archive source is invalid, empty or not available, the archive will be saved to local disk. Local archive can be transferred to external archives in a later stage.		
	Save changes	

6.1.2 Archive Settings

Choose whether to automatically archive the files by selecting 'yes' or 'no'. INDICA will archive files older than the chosen years (default: 7). If you allow INDICA to move the files, they will be removed from the original location and moved to the archive location.

Archive Settings	: :	-
Archive data automatically		
Archive files older than (years)	7	
Move files to be archived? (unchecked means copy files)		
	Save changes	

CHAPTER

SEVEN

CASE ADMINISTRATION

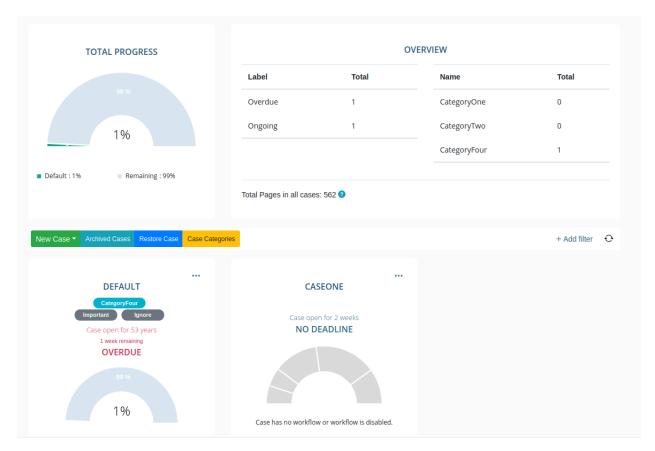
Table of Contents

- Case Administration
 - Dashboard Overview
 - Using the dashboard
 - * Toolbar
 - * Case-by-case management

The case administrator role in INDICA is a special role where users can be assigned to be the administrators of all the cases and users on the appliance. They do not have system setting permissions like the appliance administrators do, but are able to create and edit cases, as well as restoring and archiving them. Case Admins are also allowed to create new users, assign roles to them and assign them to cases as needed.

7.1 Dashboard Overview

On this page you can see the case admin dashboard.



Some details about the numbered sections below:

1. Progress Chart

This chart shows the total progress of documents moving through workflows in each of the cases. If you do not have any workflows in any of the cases, then this will result as it being evaluated as 0%.

2. Overview

This is a general overview of all the cases. There are two tables here: on the left, shows the number of cases that are overdue, ongoing, closed, etc. The right table shows categories and how many cases have those categories assigned. On the bottom of this section there is also a number of the total amount of pages. This is the total number of processed pages, i.e. pages that have been converted to PDF.

3. Toolbar

This toolbar has three actions for the user - creating cases, seeing a list of archived cases, and restoring cases from an archive file. You can also create case categories through the toolbar. On the right, you can also select a filter to filter through cases by categories and deadlines. You can also refresh the page to see updates to cases.

4. Cases

The bottom half of the case admin page shows information about each of the cases open on the appliance. There is some information given here:

- the name of the case,
- the categories associated with the case,
- how long the case has been open and whether it is closed, ongoing or overdue,
- the workflow progress graph.

7.2 Using the dashboard

There are a few things that can be done from the case admin dashboard, either through the toolbar in the middle of the dashboard or through the case tiles below the toolbar.

7.2.1 Toolbar



On the left side of the toolbar, you have multiple options.

- 1. New Case create a new case for the appliance. You can select to create a case from a pre-configured template or manually with a form.
- 2. Archived Cases see a list of archived cases.
- 3. Restore Case restore a case from a previously archived case.
- 4. Case Categories manage available categories and create new ones.
- 5. Create Users create new users.
- 6. Redact Settings option to change the Redact Settings.
- 7. General Settings option to change the general settings.

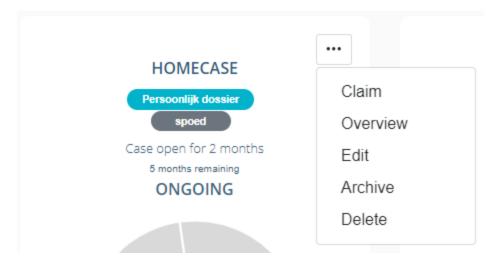
On the right side of the toolbar, you will find a filter and a refresh button. The refresh button will refresh the case information, and the filter allows you to filter through the open cases by the date of the deadline (if set) and (sub)categories.

Additionally, a search box is provided to search for cases by name. To search, enter one or more characters to filter the cases by name. This search box is not case-sensitive.

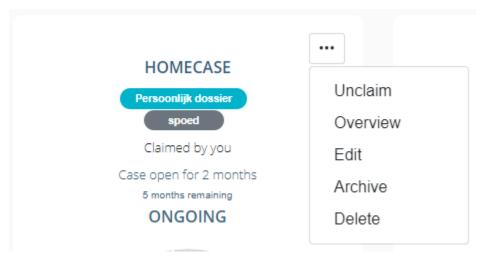
7.2.2 Case-by-case management

When clicking on the dotted menu on each case "tile" from the dashboard, the user has multiple options:

- 1. Claim/Unclaim allows the user to claim or unclaim the case.
- 2. Overview allows the user to see extra information about the case.
- 3. Edit allows the user to edit the case.
- 4. Archive allows the user to archive the case.
- 5. Delete allows the user to delete the case.



When a case is claimed it is displayed on the tile. The user also has the option to unclaim the case.



If a user clicks the tile itself, they will be redirected to the search page for that specific case.

You can read more about the functionality available here under Case Management

CASE CATEGORIES

Case administrators can assign categories and sub-categories to a case. Each case can have one category and multiple sub-categories. Examples of case categories are things such as "Investigation" or "WOO", and sub-categories can further label cases such as "Important".

This page will show you how to assign categories to cases, as well as how to create new ones.

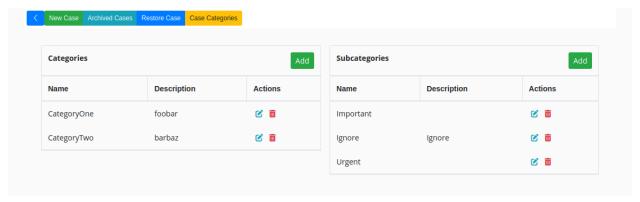
8.1 Category Creation

There are two ways of creating categories in the case admin panel: either through creating and editing a case, or through the case categories overview.

When editing a case, you will notice a button through which you can quickly create a category or a subcategory. This does not allow to set a description, however, you can set a description in the category overview.



In the case overview, you can edit and delete categories by clicking the "Case Categories" button in the toolbar. Please be aware that if you delete a category from the overview, it will also delete the category from the cases it is attached to.



8.2 Assiging Categories

In order to assign a category or change existing ones, you can click the dotted menu on a case tile, select "edit", and then you can use the dropdowns to select categories or sub-categories for a case.

media/img/caseAdmin/caseAdminDropdownEdit.png

Name
Case 1

Description

this is an investigation case

✓ Enable ◆
Category
Investigation
Subcategories
Important × × New

Deadline Date

mm/dd/yyyy, -:-- --

CHAPTER

NINE

CASE MANAGEMENT

9.1 Creating and Editing Cases

You can read about creating cases here: Adding a case.

9.2 Archiving Cases

You can archive cases by clicking the "archive" button in the dropdown for each case.

media/img/caseAdmin/caseAdminDropdownEdit.png

To see a list of archived cases, you can click the "archived cases" button in the toolbar above the case. From there, you can delete the archive or download the archive.

To restore a case from an archive, you can click the "restore cases" button in the toolbar. You must use a valid archive to restore a case, i.e. an archive that was created by archiving a case from your INDICA appliance.



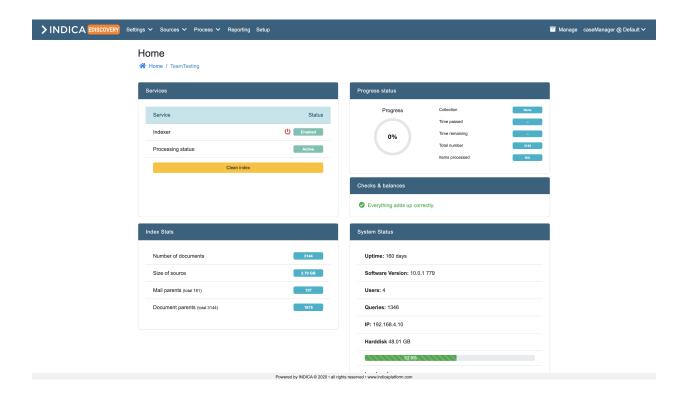
MANAGER PAGE OVERVIEW

Table of Contents

- Manager Page Overview
 - Services
 - Progress Status
 - Checks & Balances
 - Index Stats
 - System Status
 - Workflow
 - Tag Info
 - Shares
 - File Distribution Info
 - File Processing Info

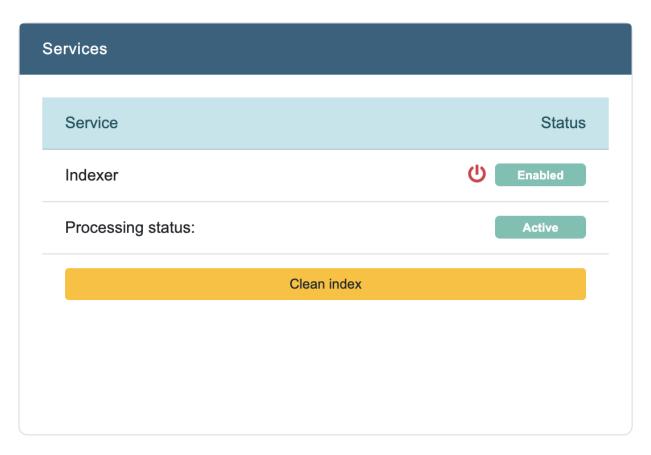
This panel shows the status of the system services, the indexer and spider status, system information and the enabled modules.

The manager page is unique for each case. The results, counts, balances, and content of the page can be different depending on the currently active case.



10.1 Services

This panel shows the services viewable for case managers.



• Indexer

This displays whether the indexer is enabled or not. Here it's also possible to stop or restart the indexer.

• Processing status

This displays whether the indexer is busy (active) processing or not.

Clean index

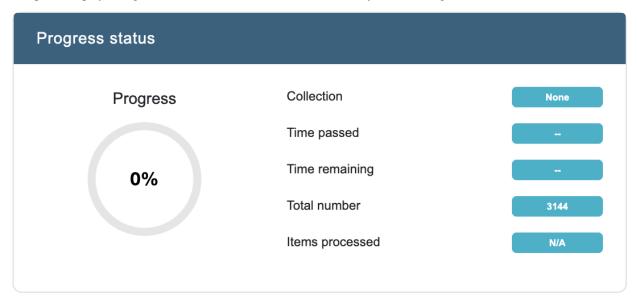
It's possible to clean the index within a case.

Caution: If you decide to clean the index please keep in mind that the whole case will need to be reindexed and that all progress you've done so far will be lost. This action is irreversible, so be cautious when using this feature.

10.1. Services 81

10.2 Progress Status

This panel displays the general status of the indexer within the case you're viewing.



It displays the following statistics:

Progress

Percentage of collection index progress.

• Collection

Name of the collection that is currently being indexed.

• Time passed

Time passed since starting indexation on this collection.

· Time remaining

Estimate on the time needed to fully index the current collection.

· Total number

Number of items in this collection that need to be indexed.

· Items processed

Number of items in this collection that have been indexed.

For more information about collections, visit the section *Collections*.

10.3 Checks & Balances

Shows whether the indexed documents adds up correctly. There are three different statuses that can be shown:

Checks & balances Solution Description of the Checks & balances Everything adds up correctly.

· Everything adds up correctly

This means that the sum of documents in the case match with what the indexer found.

• There are missing documents

This means that the sum of documents in the case do not match with what the indexer found. In this case there are missing documents and you can investigate these by clicking the link provided.

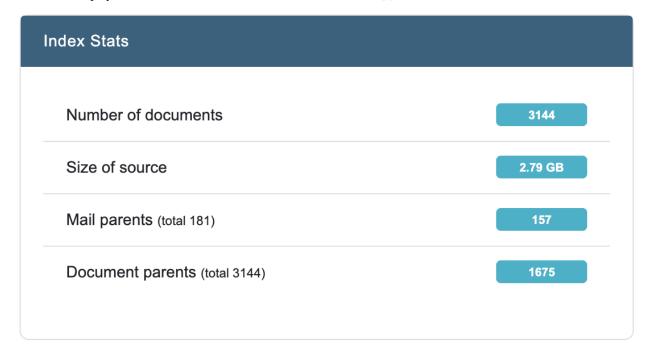
· Sum of docs in workflow is different from total in index

This means that the sum of documents in the case do not match with what the indexer found.

Important: Please keep in mind that while the case is still indexing the checks & balances status will vary. After the indexation process of your case is completely done, everything will usually add up correctly.

10.4 Index Stats

Index stats displays some basic information about the indexed source(s).



• Number of documents

Shows the number of indexed documents.

• Counted number of documents

This only shows up when there are missing documents and displays the total count of documents.

10.4. Index Stats 83

• Missing documents

This only shows up when there are missing documents and provides a link to see the missing documents.

• Not indexed documents

This only shows up when there are documents that aren't indexed. Shows the number of not indexed documents.

Size of source

Shows the size of the source(s) connected in MB.

• Mail parents

Shows the total number of indexed mail parents.

• Document parents

Shows the total number of indexed documents.

10.5 System Status

System status displays some basic system statistics and the appliances current workload.

System Status
Uptime: 160 days
Software Version: 10.0.1 779
Users: 4
Queries: 1303
IP: 192.168.4.10
Harddisk 48.01 GB
53.9%
Load on 4 cores
0.47

It displays the following statistics:

• Uptime Current

Uptime of the appliance.

• Software Version

Current software version.

• Users

Number of users in the system.

• Queries

Total number of queries ran on the appliance. This includes system queries as well.

• IP Current

IP address of the appliance.

· Harddisk Current

Disk usage of the appliance.

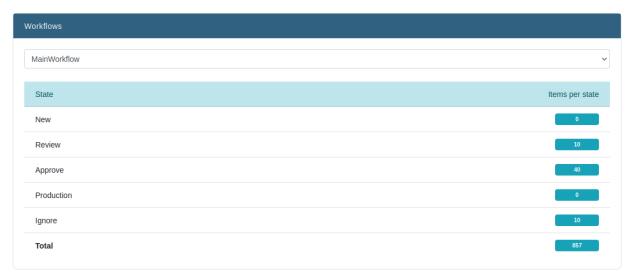
Note: External mounts are not taken into account.

Load

Current workload on the appliance.

10.6 Workflow

If workflow is enabled, this panel shows the workflow states and how many documents are in the different available states. The image below is an example of our standard workflow, but this might look different depending on how the workflow within your case is set up.



10.6. Workflow

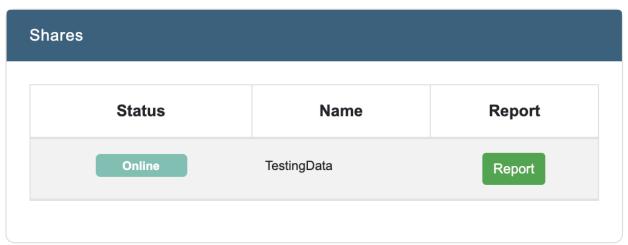
10.7 Tag Info

Within this panel an overview is given of the available tags and how many documents are tagged with the specified tag. If there are tagged documents you can also download a CSV list (up until max 50K documents within that tag).

Name		Documents
000000_Unresolved	=	445
1000001_Resolved		0
1000002_Individual Consented		0
1000003_Individual Contract		0
1000004_Legal obligation		0
1000005_Necessary for justice or public functions		0
1000006_Necessary to protect individuals vital interests		0
1000007_In accordance with legitimate interests		0
1000008_Todo: Remove		0
1000009_Todo: Ask consent		0

10.8 Shares

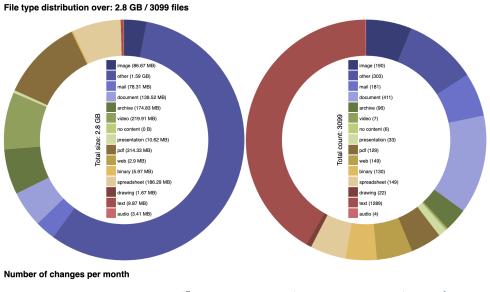
This panel shows an overview of the connected shares.



It's also possible to view a report of a share by clicking the button report. This will bring you to a new page with a report about that source. (See part of an example in the image below)

> INDICA







10.8. Shares 87

10.9 File Distribution Info

Within the table in this panel an overview is given over the different types of documents. This also shows the count of documents found within that type and how big the size is of all those documents from that type.

File Distribution info

type	count	size	
image	190	86.67 MB	
other	303	1.58 GB	
mail	181	78.30 MB	
document	411	139.52 MB	
archive	96	174.82 MB	
video	7	219.90 MB	
ziesodatatab	45	45 B	
no content	6	0 B	
presentation	33	10.61 MB	
pdf	129	314.32 MB	
web	149	2.89 MB	
binary	130	5.97 MB	
spreadsheet	149	186.29 MB	
drawing	22	1.66 MB	
text	1289	9.87 MB	
audio	4	3.41 MB	
totals	3144	2.79 GB	

10.10 File Processing Info

Within the table in this panel an overview is given over the different types of processed documents. This also shows the total count and you're able to download a CSV file with a list of the processed documents (up until max 500K).

File Processing Info

desc		count
Processed items	≡	3099
Source: shares	=	1534
Compressed	≡	1373
RAW text extracted	=	334
Source: PST/OST	≡	141
No data extracted	=	137
Attachment	≡	51
Image PDF	≡	50
OCR PDF	≡	50
GDPR generated	≡	45
Structured content	≡	45
OCR	≡	23
Possibly Encrypted	≡	22
Oversized container	≡	3
Unsupported archive	≡	3
PST Warning	=	1

Note: downloading lists over 500,000 docs is not possible. Long lists are impossible to import in Excel. List download will take a while.

CHAPTER

ELEVEN

CASE MANAGER AUTOMATIONS

Table of Contents

- Case Manager Automations
 - Understanding Automations
 - Creating Automations
 - * Set Triggers, Conditions and Actions

11.1 Understanding Automations

All automations are made up of a trigger and one or more actions. Optionally combined with a condition.

Example

- (trigger) After indexation
- (condition) Custom query (type:("mail"))
- (action) Create concept redactions: Regexes to run during redacting = Email before @

The first part is the trigger of the automation rule. Triggers describe events that should trigger the automation rule. In this case after indexation is finished the automation is being triggered.

The second part is the condition. Conditions can limit an automation rule to only work in your specific use cases. In the example, the custom query (type:("mail")) is executed. The actions of this automation only apply to this set of mails.

Conditions are not mandatory. If no condition is added, the actions are performed on the entire dataset.

The third part is the action, which will be performed when a rule is triggered and the condition is met. In this case, the regex with name "Email before @ "is executed on the relevant mails after which the draft redactions are created.

11.2 Creating Automations

You can find the Automation settings page here: Manage > Process > Automations

This page contains an overview of the existing automations. You can create, modify and delete automations here.

Automations

Home / Manage / Automations



After clicking on Create automation, a page appears where you can set the automation. This page consist of a section for general settings, a section for the triggers, conditions and actions and a section for summary.

General

Enter a descriptive name for the automation. Select enabled or disabled. When disabled, the automation will not run automatically.

Triggers, Conditions, Actions

The following triggers, conditions and actions are available:

- 1. Triggers: After index, Workflow state change
- 2. Conditions: Saved queries, Custom queries
- 3. Actions: Redact (create concepts or apply redactions)

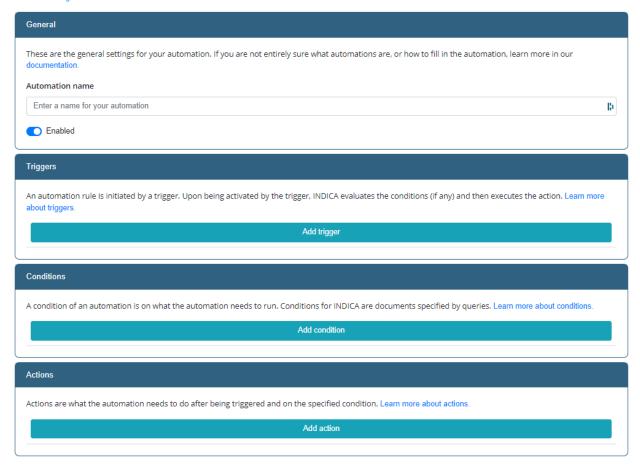
For a detailed explanation for triggers, conditions and actions, see the chapter Triggers, Conditions and Actions .

Summary

A summary of the automation will be shown here.

Automations

Home / Manage / Automations / Create



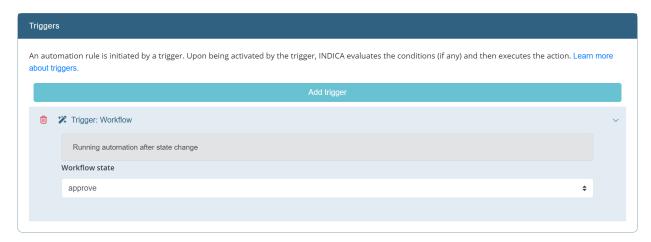
11.2.1 Set Triggers, Conditions and Actions

Triggers

Click on the "Add trigger" button and select an option:

- 1. After Index: Triggers actions automatically after indexation
- 2. Workflow: Triggers actions automatically after a state change in a workflow.

When you choose workflow, click on the arrow and choose a Workflow state.



There is only one trigger per automation allowed.

Conditions

Click on the "Add condition" button and select an option:

1. Saved queries

After selecting saved queries, click on the arrow > behind condition: saved queries.

A list of saved queries appears for you to choose from.

If you want to add a query, go to the homepage to create a saved query. Or use the custom query option below.

2. Custom query

After selecting custom query, click on the arrow > behind condition: custom query

An input field for a query and a filter list appear.

Only one condition per automation allowed.

Actions

Redact is the only option available. More actions will be available in the future. The redact option consists of two sub actions, namely:

- 1. Create concept redactions: Regexes to run during redacting or List to run during redacting.
- 2. Apply redactions: This action finalizes concept versions and applies the redactions.

There are multiple actions per automation allowed.

To add an action you can do the following:

- Click on the "Add actions" button and select Redact.
- After selecting redact, click on the arrow > behind Action: Redact
- Click Add redact action(s)

Choose between sub actions:

1. Create concept redactions

There are a few options you get when selecting the Create concept redaction sub-option.

- Regexes to run (optional): These are the regexes that can be chosen to run for automated redacting. The options that are shown is a list of regexes as defined in Manage > Settings > Redact Settings within the card "Redact Patterns".

If regexes are selected another option will appear. Here it's possible to add exclude lists per regex (optional).

These exclude lists can be added in Manage > Settings > Redact Settings within item "Redact Exclusions".

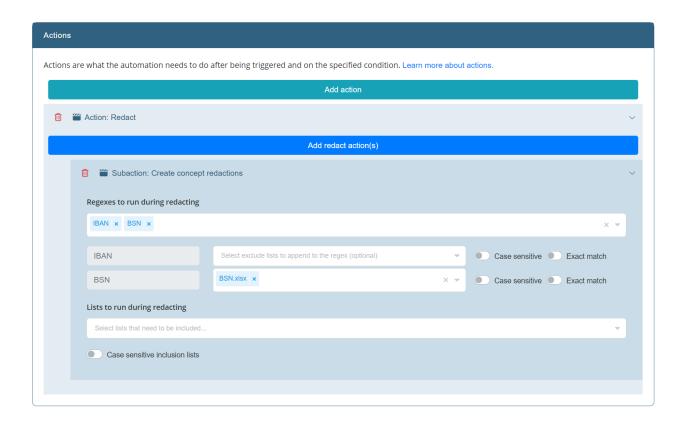
 For example: You have chosen the pattern Telephone number. But there are phone numbers you don't want redacted. Then add an exclusion list containing these telephone numbers.

There are two other options per regex:

- Case sensitive
 - If the exclusion list should be handled case sensitive or not. For example: Your list has a name "John Johnson", if case sensitive is enabled it will only hit "John Johnson", if it is disabled (default) it will hit both "John Johnson" and "john johnson".
- Exact match
 - If the words in the exclude lists need to be an exact match or not.
 - For example: You have a regex for emails that you want to run. You have the word "Johnson" in your exclude list.
 - * If exact match is disabled (default) it will search in a broader sense. Therefore it will also hit (and thus exclude) johnjohnson@example.com.
 - * If exact match is enabled, it will not hit on johnjohnson@example.com and therefore this email will not be excluded.
- Lists to run during redacting (optional): These are list(s) that need to be included during the run of the automation. These lists can be added in Manage > Settings > Redact Settings within the card "Redact Inclusions".
 - Case sensitive inclusion lists: Whether the items in the include lists need to be handled as case sensitive or not.
 - For example: Your list has a name "John Johnson", if case sensitive is enabled it will only hit "John Johnson", if it is disabled (default) it will hit both "John Johnson" and "john johnson".

2. Apply redactions

Choose this option if you would like to finalize concept versions and apply redactions automatically.

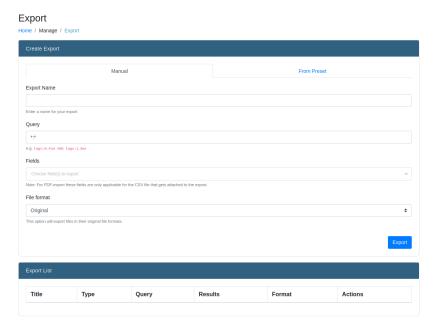


CASE MANAGER EXPORTING

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- Case Manager Exporting
 - Creating an Export
 - * Export Presets
 - Downloading an export

Exporting query results to CSV or XLS(X) makes it possible to use INDICA to create lists that can be used for several actions. It allows case managers to export counts, tags, tokens, etc. These can be used to create statistics and dashboarding. This also opens up the possibility to export file lists and to take (automated) actions based on the export.



There are two ways of creating an export: either manually by entering all of the export parameters, or by creating and using an export preset.

12.1 Creating an Export

Creating an export is done by filling in the following fields:



• Title

Title of the export. This will be used as the filename.

Query

Query that will be used to create the export.

Any query that works on the Search page will work here as well.

It is advised to create the query on the Search page and copy-paste it here.

Fields

List of all fields that need to be exported.

The order of the filled in fields will be reflected in the export.

File format

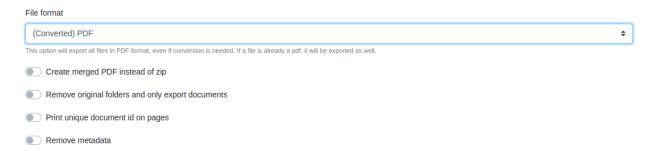
Choose in what format the export will be made.

A choice can be made between Original, (Converted) PDF, Redacted and Drafts. With original exports, files will be exported in their original file format.

With PDF exports, a conversion of the file to PDF will be made if possible.

When the file format is selected, more options may appear. These options will only appear if the selected format is anything but "Original". The options are as such:

- · Create merged PDF instead of ZIP
- Print unique document ID on pages
- Remove metadata removes PDF metadata



One of these options is the choice between a merged PDF and a ZIP. A merged PDF means all the documents that are exported will be merged together into one single PDF. **This will result in a single PDF file, and not a Portfolio PDF**. This PDF needs extra information, and the following fields will show:

Subtitle

A subtitle to accompany the export name on the title page of the merged PDF export.

• Template

An image to use for the title page of the export.

When all fields have been filled in, simply click the "Export" button to start the export. A notification will be displayed that the export is running.

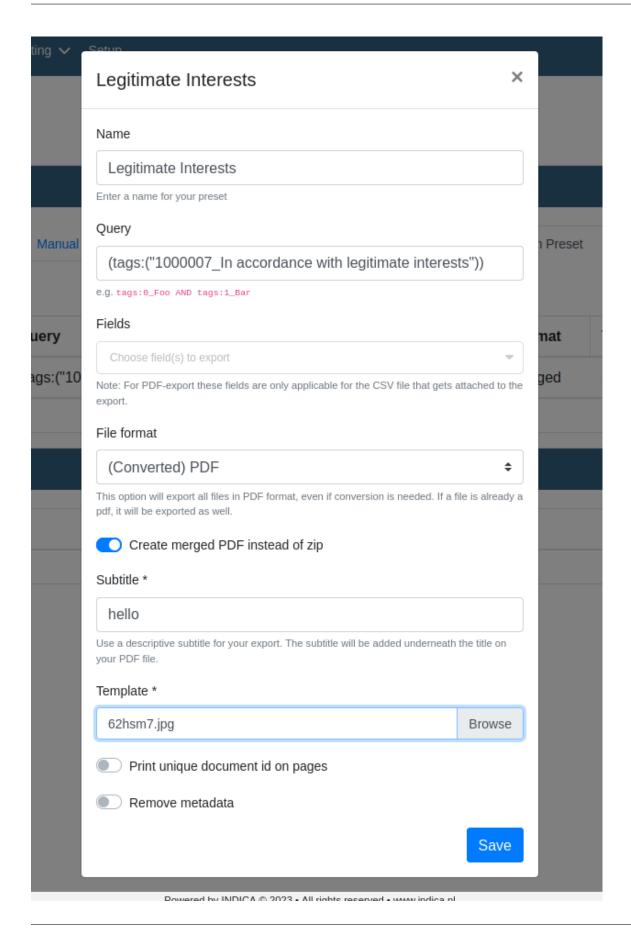
When the export is done, another notification will be displayed. Upon refreshing the page, the export will be shown in "Download Exports"

12.1.1 Export Presets



Users can create export presets to use for multiple future exports. For example, instead of spending time filling out all the export parameters manually every single time, a user can create a preset to reuse over and over again for future exports.

To create a preset, navigate to the "From Preset". Here you can see an overview of presets that have already been created. To create a new preset, press the "Create Preset" button.



The preset form is the same as if the export was created by hand, but all the data input is saved. When creating an export preset, the field "name" is used for the name of the preset itself, and not for the name of the export. To use the preset for the export, press the checkbox button in the "Actions" column of the preset you want to use. Enter a name for the export you want to create and press "Export". The finished export will then be shown in the export list.



Through the preset list, the user can also remove the preset with the trashcan button, edit with the pencil button and just view the preset with the info button.

12.2 Downloading an export

When an export is made and finished, it will be displayed under "Export List" on the same page. All previous exports will be kept here, available for download.



To download the export, press the blue download button under "Actions". When an export is no longer needed, click the red trashcan icon to remove it.

This panel also shows you the name of the export, the query that was used to create the export, the number of records that are exported, and the format and file type in which it was exported.

CASE MANAGER INVENTORY EXPORTS



Here the user can create inventory listing exports for WOO-cases, using the exclusions and judgements tags that are configured in the Display settings of the case. This page has a couple of inputs:

Query

This is the query by which documents will be fetched. If left blank, then all documents of the case will be fetched.

Exclusions

Here the user can pick which tags from a pre-configured list will be used as exclusions.

Judgements

Here the user can pick which tags from a pre-configured list will be used as judgements.

· Use metadata dat

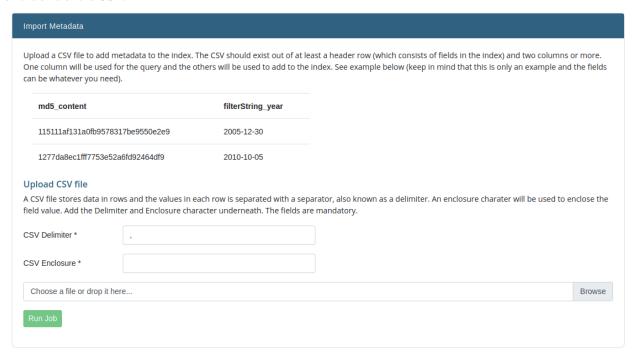
If selected, the date in the document metadata will be used to date the document. Otherwise, the date from the index will be used.

Once the inventory listing is created, it will take some time for it to show up on the page. Once the exporting of the inventory listing is done, the user can downloading the listing from the list of completed listings.

CASE MANAGER METADATA UPLOAD

There may be a situation where the metadata of documents needs to be changed en-masse. This can be done with the help of this feature. The user can upload a CSV file with the md5_content of the files that need to be changed and columns with the metadata to change. The CSV must have a header. The user also has to include the delimiter and the enclosure of the CSV files.

Once the files are uploaded and the delimiter and enclosure are given, the job may run. It may take a while depending on the size of the CSV.



CHAPTER

FIFTEEN

CASE MANAGER PATH REINDEX

The case manager can choose to re-index certain documents in the case if necessary. This can be done by selecting the share to re-index, as well as the path to reindex.



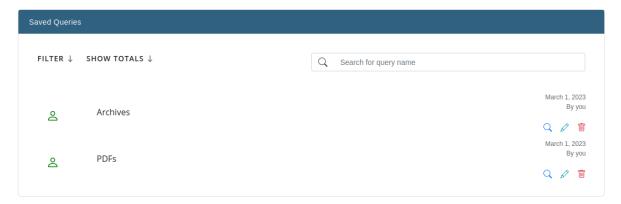
SIXTEEN

CASE MANAGER SAVED QUERIES

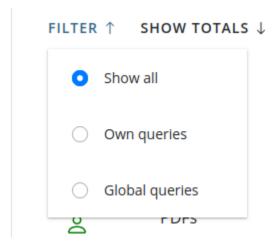
Table of Contents

• Case Manager Saved Queries

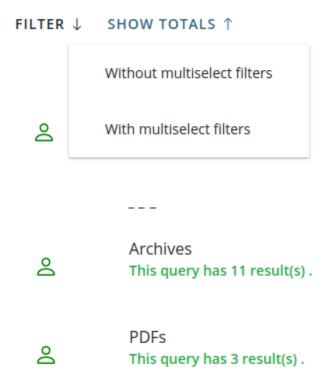
Saved Queries can be found underneath the *Process* menu item within the manage interface. Within this page an overview will be shown of the current saved queries within the case. These are the queries added by hand and the queries added by users. Queries added by users are green colored by default and have a user icon in front of the query name. Queries added here by hand are the color black by default and have a database icon in front of the query name.



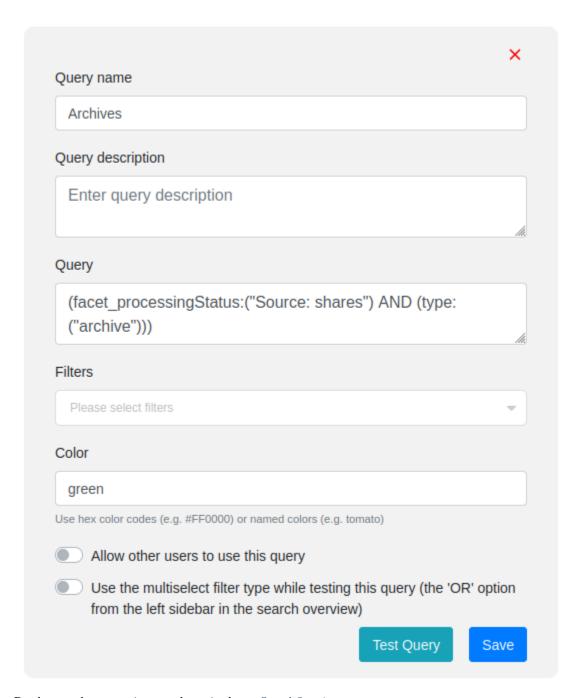
There are a few possible actions within this page. If you have a lot of saved queries, you can search through them. You can also filter through global queries or only the ones that are made by you.



Additionally, you can show the totals of the queries, with the multiselect filters on or off. The result is showing the amount of search results the queries listed give.



Each saved query has three actions associated with it: you can search on the query, edit it or delete it. When editing the saved query, you may test the edited query to check if it is still valid. You may also select if the query is allowed to be used by other users, meaning it will be available to be used by other users on the case.



Read more about creating saved queries here: Saved Queries

CHAPTER

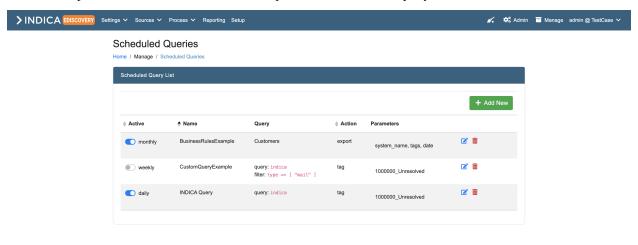
SEVENTEEN

CASE MANAGER SCHEDULED QUERIES

Table of Contents

- Case Manager Scheduled Queries
 - Scheduled Query Table
 - Adding Scheduled Query

Scheduled Queries is a **new feature** since INDICA 11.0.0 and can be found underneath the *Process* menu item within the manage interface. Within this page an overview will be shown of the current (in)active scheduled queries within the case. It's possible to have a custom scheduled queries or a scheduled "query" on a business rule.



17.1 Scheduled Query Table

Within the table it's possible to do a few things:

Activate / Deactivate queries

By clicking the switch at the "Active" column, it's possible to activate or deactivate the scheduled query. How often the scheduled query runs is shown next to switch.

Actions

Within the table it's possible to edit or delete an existing query by clicking the corresponding icons.

17.2 Adding Scheduled Query

A scheduled query can be added by clicking on the green *Add New* button. This will open up a modal with a form to fill in.

Active

Whether you want the scheduled query to be active or not.

• Type

There are two possibilities here. You can either choose a business rule or go for a custom query.

• Name

Pick a name for your scheduled query so you can identify it.

• Query / Business Rule

This option depends on what you picked by Type. Type in your custom query or choose a business rule out of the list.

Action

Pick which action you want the scheduled query to perform. You can choose tag or export.

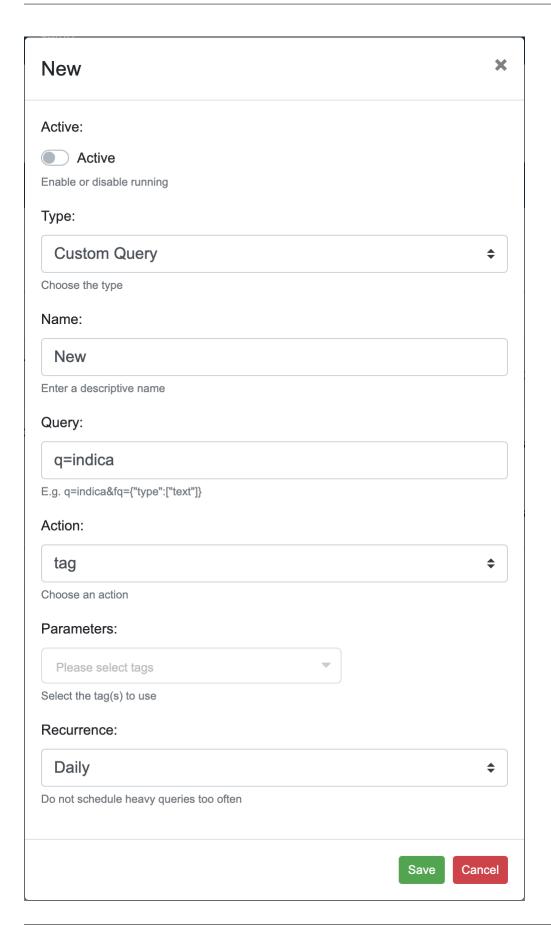
Parameters

This option depends on what you picked by Action. You can either select the tag(s) you wish the scheduled query to tag, or type in the fields you wish to export.

Recurrence

How often you want the scheduled query to tag documents or export your fields.

Caution: Please keep in mind that it's highly advised not to schedule heavy queries too often.



EIGHTEEN

CASE MANAGER TAGS

Table of Contents

- Case Manager Tags
 - Introduction
 - Tags
 - * General Information
 - * Adding Tags
 - * Re-ordering and Nesting Tags
 - * Removing Tags
 - * Locking the Tags
 - * Untagging a Tag
 - * View Tag Audit Log
 - Export
 - Tag by CSV

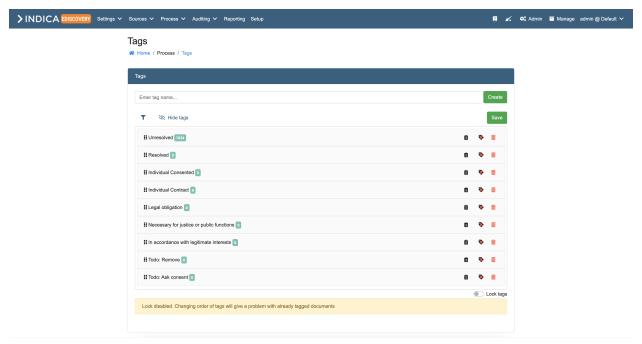
18.1 Introduction

Tags are labels that can be assigned to documents. They contain a small bit of extra information, like (for example) if a document is "Relevant" or "Can be deleted" or "Migrated". Tags are incredibly versatile and can be used for many situations. Users can assign tags to documents once the tag has been created. This can be done for a single document, for a page of documents, or for all query results. It is also possible to add tags automatically, or with help of CSV files.

Case managers have different actions they can do with tags in the manage interface. Tags can be found underneath the Process menu item within the manage interface. In this page you can do the following things:

- Add new tags;
- Re-order or nest tags;
- Delete old or unwanted tags;
- Lock and unlock tags;
- Untag the tag from documents;

- Audit usage of the tag;
- Export (selected) tags;
- Upload a CSV file to tag documents by CSV.

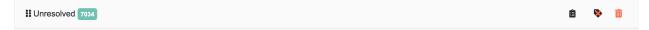


18.2 Tags

18.2.1 General Information

In this overview, every tag is displayed in their own row. This row contains (from left to right):

- Anchor to drag the tag around;
- Name of the tag;
- Number of documents that have this tag assigned to them;
- Button to open the tag's audit log;
- Button to untag this tag from the documents;
- Button to delete this tag.



18.2.2 Adding Tags

Adding tags is easy. Just enter a tag name in the input field and click on create. The tag will show up in the list underneath (see image below for an example).

18.2.3 Re-ordering and Nesting Tags

You can also move tags around by clicking on the tag and dragging it to a different place. This will change the order of tags. It's also possible to have nested tags. To do this, click a tag, drag it on top and a bit to the right of another tag. You will see a preview of the tags placement whenever moving tags around.

Caution: Keep in mind that changing the order of tags when you already have tagged documents in your case, will give some problems with the already tagged documents.

18.2.4 Removing Tags

To delete a tag, click on the red trashbin icon to the right of the tag. A confirmation will open. This confirmation will ask you if you are sure you want to delete this tag. It gives the following options:

Cancel

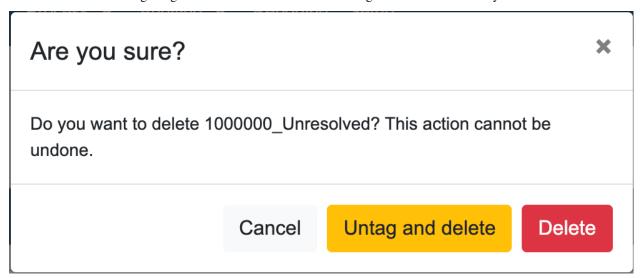
Closes the confirmation and does not delete the tag.

· Untag and delete

Sends a command to the index to remove this tag from all documents and then deletes the tag.

• Delete

Leaves the tag assigned to documents and deletes the tag from the overview only.

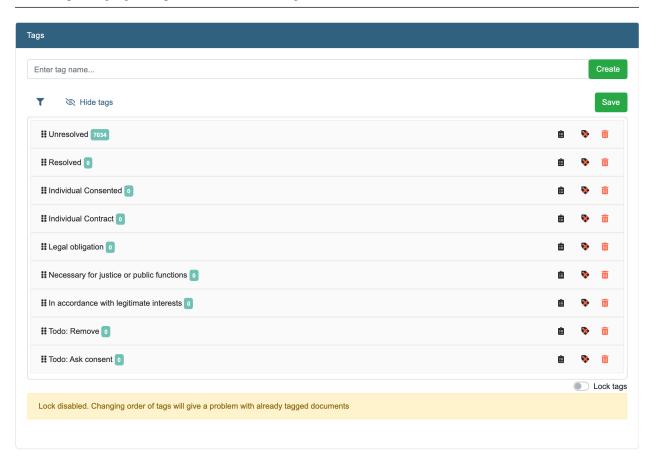


18.2. Tags 121

18.2.5 Locking the Tags

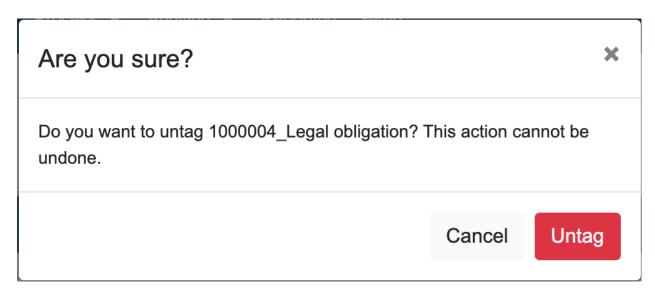
There's also a possibility to lock the tags. When you're done creating tags and moving them around, it's recommended to lock the tags, as this will ensure their placement. This way, when you (or another case manager) comes to the overview, you don't drag any tags by accident.

Important: If Privacy is enabled on your case, some standard tags will show up for you to use. You can delete these if you wish to do so. However, when the indexer encounters a document with privacy-sensitive data, it will still assign the corresponding tags. Keep in mind that deleted tags cannot be re-added as their internal ID will be different.



18.2.6 Untagging a Tag

In some situations it may be needed to remove a tag from all documents. It is possible to do this manually from the Search page, but that is inconvenient. Every tag in the overview as a button (label icon with a red 'x') to remove that tag from all documents. When clicked, a confirmation opens:



When clicking "Untag", a job will be started to remove this tag from all documents.

18.2.7 View Tag Audit Log

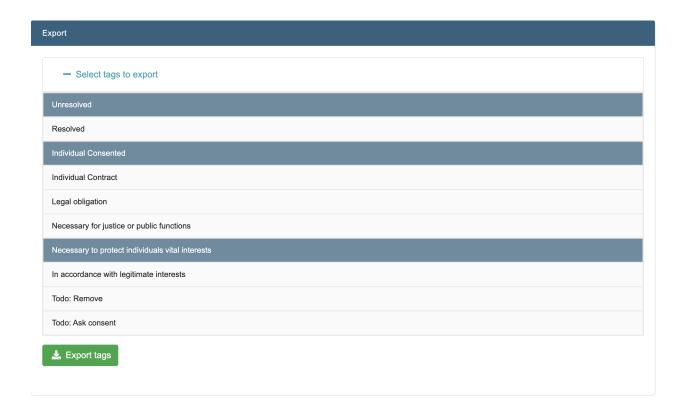
It is also possible to view the tag audit log. This can be done by clicking the clipboad item in the overview. More information on this functionality is available here: ref-view-tag-audit

18.3 Export

It's also possible to export documents with specific tags. Just click on the tags you wish to export, this will highlight the items in the list. After you've selected your items, you can click on the 'Export tags' button to start the export.

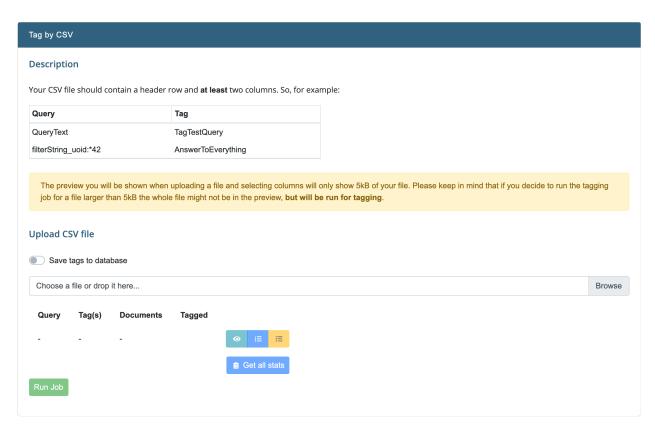
Exporting might take a while, especially when you have a lot of tagged documents. After exporting is done you can click on the download icons to download the file(s).

18.3. Export 123



18.4 Tag by CSV

With INDICA it's also possible to tag documents by CSV. The CSV file should contain a header row and at least two columns. An example has been given in the table.



To use this functionality, follow the following steps:

Prepare a CSV file that conforms to the given example.
 It should (at least) contain a header row, and two columns.
 The fist column is for the query that will be used, and the second column is for the tag that will be assigned.
 See the example below for the raw contents of the CSV file.

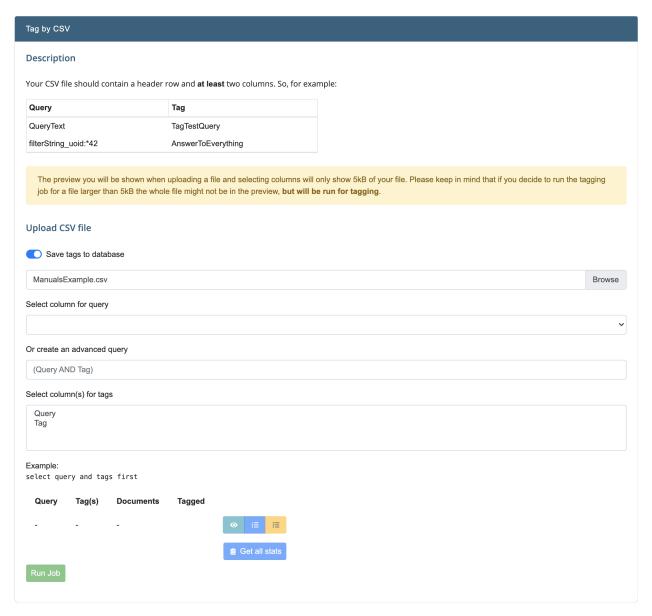
```
Query, Tag
file_name_sort:*invoice*, Possible_Invoice
file_name_sort:*indica*, Docs_About_INDICA
full_name_text:*contacts*, Contact_Files
```

2. Upload the CSV.

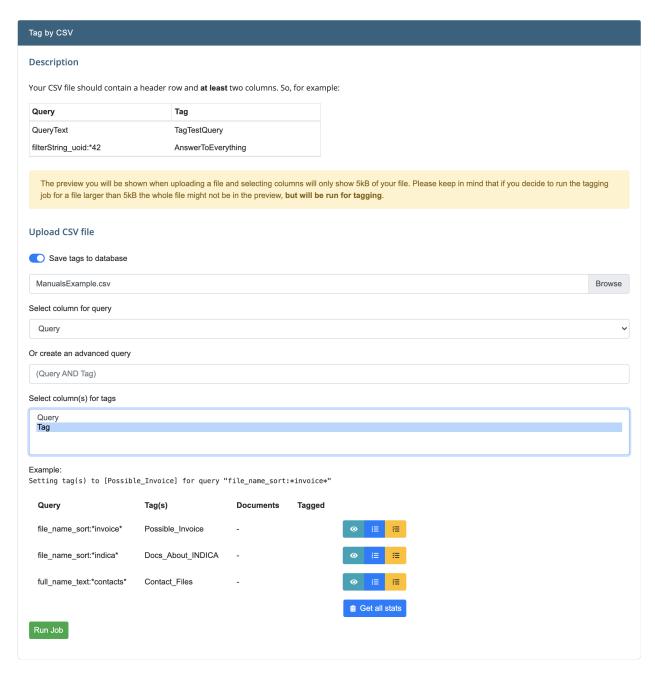
Once uploaded, the overview will change and some questions about the file that was uploaded will be asked:

- 1. **Save tags to database** If enabled, the tags will also be saved to the database. This will make them available in all places that work with normal tags and thus makes them dynamic and changeable. Alternatively, you may choose to leave this switch disabled to write static tags to the index that cannot be changed.
- 2. **Select column for query** Select the column that contains the query here. In the example, the column is called *Query*.
- 3. **Or create an advanced query** This option gives the possibility to use multiple columns as part of the query. The search terms that come from the CSV can be referred to by the column name.
- 4. **Select column(s) for tags** Select which column(s) will be used for the tag(s). Do note that selecting multiple options will assign multiple tags to the documents.

18.4. Tag by CSV 125



When all required information is filled in, the overview will show you the queries and tags that it will assign once the jobs are run:



3. Choose an action to perform.

The bottom section now contains an example of the job it will run, and a list of all queries and tags that it wil run.

Each row shows some information and some actions that can be performed. From left to right these are:

- The query as read from the uploaded CSV file;
- The tag(s) as read from the uploaded CSV file;
- The number of documents that are returned for this query (Only visible after getting the stats);
- The number of documents that already have this tag assigned to them (Only visible after getting the stats);
- And three buttons to perform the following actions:
 - Eye icon (teal): See results of this query. A new tab will open with the query applied, showing

18.4. Tag by CSV 127

you the documents;

- Numbered list icon (blue): get statistics of this row;
- Checked list icon (yellow): assign the tag to the documents for this row only.

Example:

Setting tag(s) to [Possible_Invoice] for query "file_name_sort:*invoice*"

Query	Tag(s)	Documents	Tagged				
file_name_sort:*invoice*	Possible_Invoice	-		•	l≡	縉	

After getting the statistics, the row contains some more information:

Query	Tag(s)	Documents	Tagged			
file_name_sort:*invoice*	Possible_Invoice	20	Possible_Invoice 0	o	ΙΞ	繮

1. Run actions in large batches.

At the bottom of the functionality two additional buttons can be found:

- Get all stats: gets all the statistics for all rows.
- Run Job: performs the queries and assigns the tags for all rows. A confirmation will be displayed before running the jobs:



Important: The preview you will be shown when uploading a file and selecting columns will only show 5kB of your file. Please keep in mind that if you decide to run the tagging job for a file larger than 5kB the whole file might not be in the preview, but will be run for tagging. If you wish to preview all the results, it is advised to split up the CSV file into two or multiple batches.

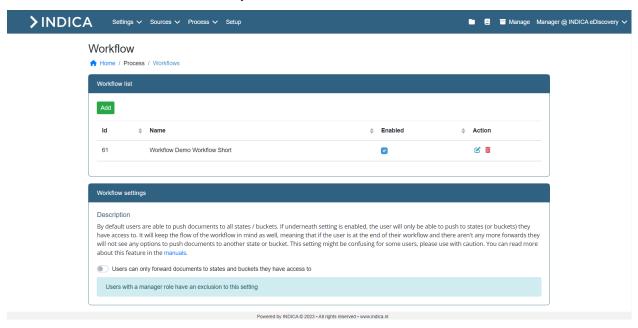
NINETEEN

CASE MANAGER WORKFLOW

Table of Contents

- Case Manager Workflow
 - Create workflow
 - State options
 - Visual representation workflow

The workflow can be found within the manage interface underneath the *Process* menu item. Here you can see an overview of existing workflows and create, edit or delete workflows. There is also the option to only allow users to forward documents to states and buckets they have access to.



19.1 Create workflow

To create a workflow click the green *Add* button. This will bring you to a new page where you can do the following actions:

· Workflow name

Give the workflow a descriptive name. Please do not forget to click the Save button.

· Enable Workflow

To enable the workflow, use the switch 'Enable workflow'. If this setting is disabled, the workflow will not show up to users. Please do not forget to click the *Save* button to save your changes.

Enable workflow redact styling

When 'Enable workflow redact styling' is switched on, the styling per state for redacting is enabled. This means that the documents that are moved to a state, will automatically get the redaction style as set in these settings. Important: If the redaction styles are set in the workflow settings, the redaction style settings in Manage > Settings > Redact Settings will be disabled.

· Save Workflow

Make sure you save your changes by clicking the Save button, otherwise your changes will not be saved.

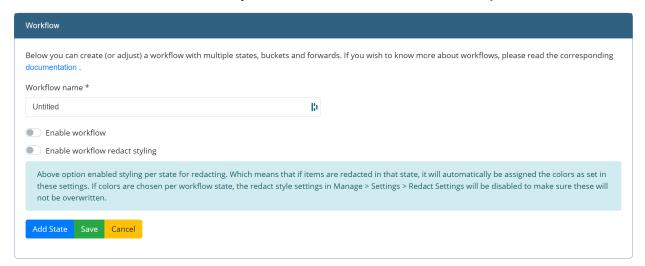
Cancel

Cancel all changes you made.

Add State

To add a workflow state, click the *Add State* button. Enter a descriptive name for the state and click *Save*. This will add a new state to your workflow. See all options within the chapter 'State options' below.

The first state in a workflow will always be the state where all documents without a defined state will be included.



19.2 State options

After a new state is added there are a few possibilities you can do with the new state. Important: click on *Save* after you've added or changed states.

· Assign colors

Assigning colors to your states will make the workflow overview a little easier to read. These colors are also used in the icons next to the state within the front-end.

Access

Select a group that has access to the state. Without a group selected the state will not be accessible to users.

Add bucket

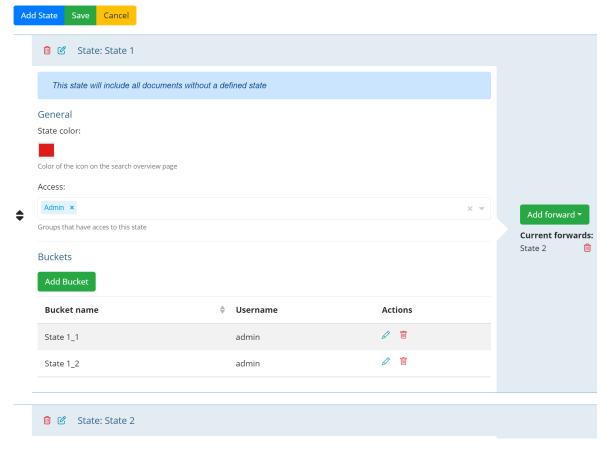
Add bucket(s) to your state. Buckets are assignable to a specific user.

· Add forward

Add a forward from one state to another. It's possible to add it to the next workflow state in the 'list', or add a forward to a state further down.

• Move state

It's possible to move state in the 'list' of states. Just click the icon with the arrows pointing up and down to drag the state above or below another state.



· Redact styling

19.2. State options 131

If workflow redact styling is enabled, this means that all states are "redact" states. When documents with concepts are moved to a redact state, the redactions are automatically applied. If this setting is enabled, you can add colors for redactions, like the outline for a text that need to be redacted, the background color of a redaction and the color of the text.

Note: Redaction states are only available with the advanced PDF viewer. The advanced PDF Viewer is not available on all INDICA appliances.



19.3 Visual representation workflow

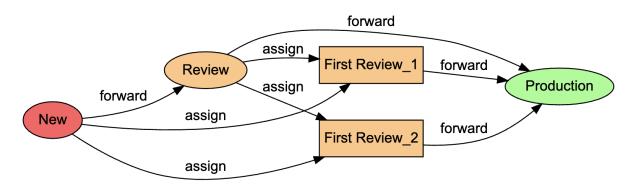
While adding states and buckets, assigning colors and forwards an overview will pop up at the bottom of the page. This is a visual representation of your current workflow.

· Round shape

A round shape is a visual representation of a state. A state can have an arrow from either another state or another bucket. Both of them will have the text 'forward' next to the line of the forward arrow. If the state has a background color, a color has been assigned to that state.

Square shape

A square shape is a visual representation of a bucket. An arrow will point from a state to a bucket with the text *assign* next to line of the assign arrow. A bucket can also have a background color, but they inherit the color of the state they're placed in.



CHAPTER

TWENTY

REPORTING

Reporting tool allows you to keep up to date with your data landscape without opening the INDICA appliance. You can setup and receive automated emails from your appliance.

Note: Keep in mind, every user receives reports which are generated based on their rights.

20.1 Report rules

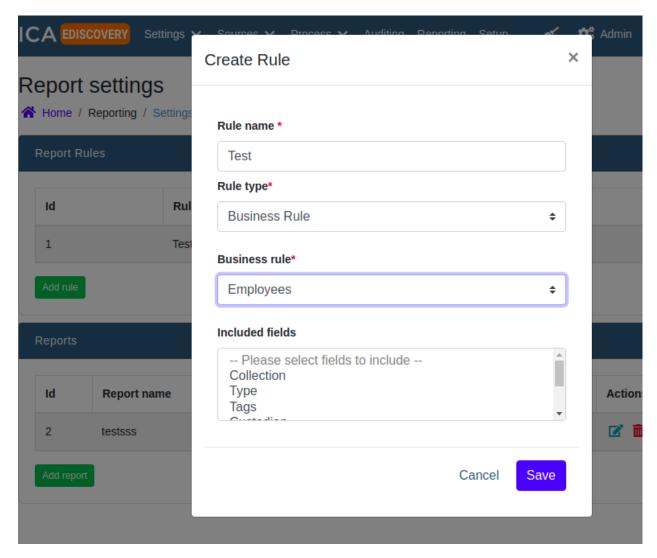
To create an automated report you first have to setup query rules which the report will consist of.

Report settings

☆ Home / Reporting / Settings



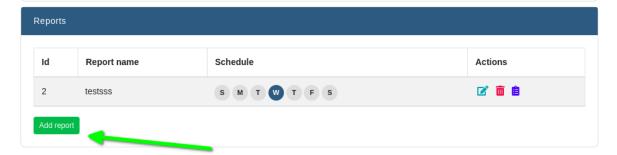
You have an option to create few types of rules based on **Business Rules**, and **Custom Queries**. You also have to choose which fields to include in the report.



Custom Queries follow the same rules as the main search engine of INDICA. You can find what is available in *Querying*

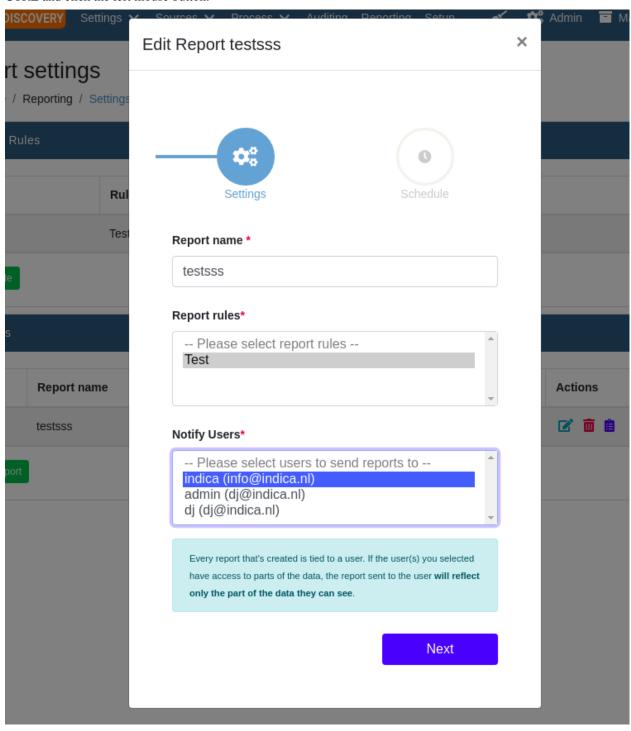
20.2 Reports (Report groups)

Once you are satisfied with the report rules you have set, you can combine different rules to include them in the report email.

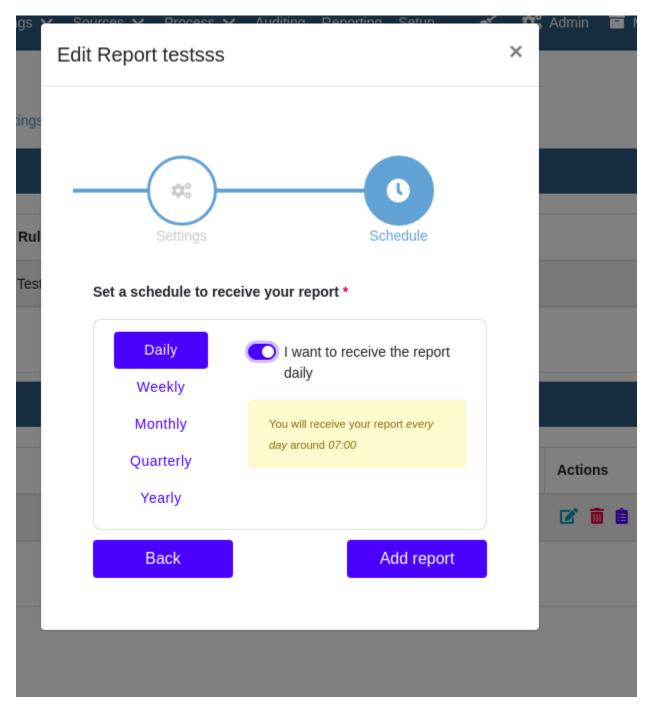


Once you click to add a new report, you have decide what rule to include in the email. To select multiple rules hold

CTRL and click the left mouse button.



By following the reporting wizard you will also get to choose how to schedule the emails.



Once everything is set up, reports will be sent out automatically. It is also possible to see the report instantaniously by clicking the purple clipboard icon in the "Actions" column of the table.

Note: Please keep in mind that delivery times and delays may be influenced by your mail server and hardware

Important: It is also important to know that in case it is not a cloud instance of INDICA, emails will be sent out from your mail server. To see how to configure your mail server go to Networking or ask your administrator

CHAPTER

TWENTYONE

CASE SETTINGS

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 - * General Settings
 - * OCR Settings
 - * Inventory Listings
 - Display Settings
 - * Facet Settings
 - * Path Select Settings
 - * Result list Settings
 - * List Style Settings
 - * Index Progress Notification Settings
 - * Previewer Settings
 - Search Settings
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 - * Boosting
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 - · Export Documents JSON
 - · Document Export Response JSON
 - · Privacy Query JSON
 - · Privacy Query Response JSON
 - · Batch Response JSON

21.1 General Settings

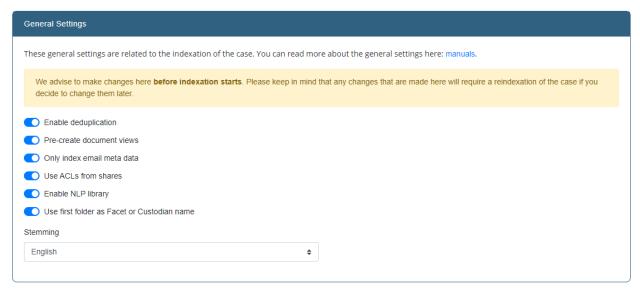
The "General Settings" page allows you to tune some settings like enable deduplication, enable NLP library, OCR, etc. It has four sections, General Settings, OCR Settings, Inventory Listings and OAuth Settings. The sections and their settings are explained below.

General

↑ Home / Settings / General General Settings These general settings are related to the indexation of the case. You can read more about the general settings here: manuals. We advise to make changes here before indexation starts. Please keep in mind that any changes that are made here will require a reindexation of the case if you decide to change them later. Enable deduplication Pre-create document views Only index email meta data Use ACLs from shares Enable NLP library Use first folder as Facet or Custodian name Stemmina English **‡** OCR Settings These settings correlate to the OCR processing of documents. You can read more about the OCR settings here: manuals. We advise to make changes here before indexation starts. Please keep in mind that any changes that are made here will require a reindexation of the case if you

21.1.1 General Settings

General settings allow you to switch some features on or off. It also allows you to set some parameters that will influence indexer behaviour in order to get the best possible results. It is advised to make sure these settings are configured correctly before starting the indexation of data.



· Enable deduplication

Enables de-duplication of documents based on their content.

The case needs to be re-indexed when this setting is changed.

Pre-create document views

This option allows you to pre-create document views. This will result in nicer document previews and faster loading times. More disk space will be used.

· Only index email meta data

When this option is enabled, only the metadata of emails is processed. The email content will not be included in the index.

· Use ACLs from shares

When this option is disabled, the Access Control Lists of shares will not be taken into account when indexing. This means that all INDICA users can see all indexed documents, regardless of whether or not they can see the documents on the source.

· Enable NLP library

When this option is enabled, INDICA will use it's NLP algorithm to extract NLP keywords from documents.

• Use first folder as Facet or Custodian name

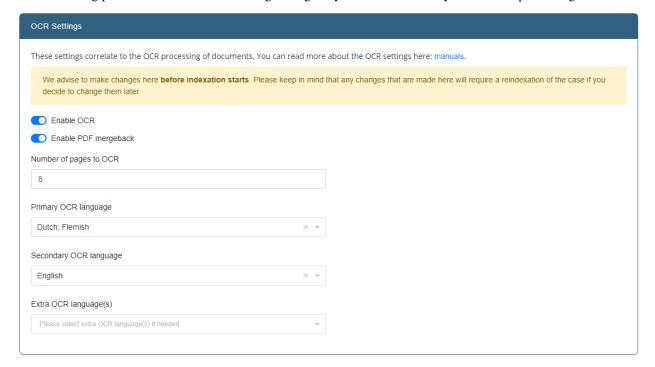
This feature is especially useful for eDiscovery investigations. Enabling this option allows you to place data items that belong to a custodian in a separate folder. INDICA will recognise this folder as a custodian and adds filtering capabilities on custodian in the facet bar. The filter options will be displayed in the categry "Custodian". Please do make sure that the category Custodian is visible in the Facet Settings.

Stemming

When Stemming is enabled, the indexer will trim down verbs to their stem for indexing.

21.1.2 OCR Settings

These settings allows you to tweak the OCR processing of the indexer. If needed, OCR can be completely disabled as well. Tweaking parameters like the OCR settings will greatly benefit the accuracy of the OCR processing.



The following settings can be changed:

• Enable OCR

This option specifies whether OCR should be enabled for this case or not.

If disabled, the indexer will keep track of files that need OCR processing in case OCR will be done at a later stage.

· Enable PDF mergeback

Not all PDF's contain a text layer. INDICA is able to OCR these documents and save the OCR'ed text in the index so the user can search for this.

PDF mergeback offers the option to generate the PDF files in the INDICA archive.

The original document will be untouched, but the new document will have an OCR'ed text layer merged back into the document.

After this merge back, the user is able to search within the document and find the content within the document much faster.

Number of pages to OCR

This setting changes the number of pages that will be processed by the OCR engine.

Lowering this number makes indexing faster, but may decrease indexing accuracy for OCR documents.

This has nothing to do with the OCR quality, but rather the amount of data that is processed.

• Primary OCR language

This should be the language that occurs the most times in the data set.

• Secondary OCR language

This should be the language that occurs the most times after the primary language in the data set.

• Extra OCR language(s) (Only visible when Primary and Secondary languages are set)

Extra OCR languages can be entered here.

OCR depends on language packages for it's OCR engine. INDICA comes with a few languages pre-installed. If you select a language that is not installed, a message will be displayed:

It seems you've selected a language that isn't available on the appliance yet. We're able to download it for you if the appliance has an internet connection.

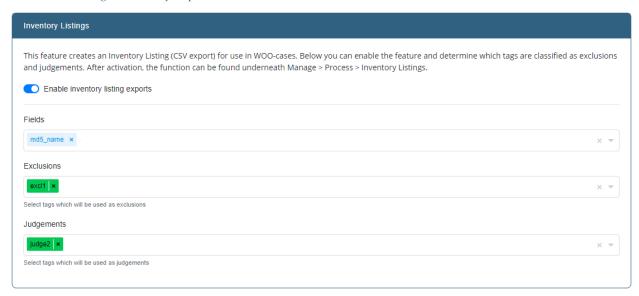
If the machine has an internet connection, the language package will be downloaded automatically.

Tip: It is advised to select (at least) the primary language. The secondary and extra languages are optional. If no languages are selected, the OCR engine will fall back to the default language; English.

Warning: The more languages are enabled, the slower OCR will become because it will try all selected languages on the encountered document. This can drastically slow down the OCR performance.

21.1.3 Inventory Listings

These settings allow to configure settings for creating inventory exports. You can read more about inventory exports here: Case Manager Inventory Exports.

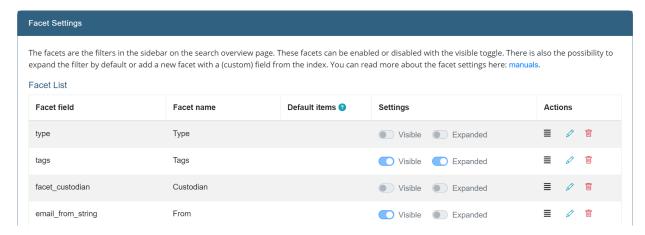


Here you can choose which tags are used as exclusions and which as judgements. These tags will be the ones that are available to choose from when creating inventory exports.

21.2 Display Settings

21.2.1 Facet Settings

Facet Settings allows you to manage and create filtering capabilities in the INDICA front-end.



The setting shows the list of currently active filters (facets) in the front-end. Don't see the facet list in your front-end? Click on the "Reset to default" button to seed the current facets. From the overview, it's possible to:

· Re-order facets

Rearranging facets is possible by dragging the icon with the four horizontal lines in the action column. Changes are saved automatically. Changing the order of the facets will be reflected on the front-end.

• Delete facets

Click on the trash icon in the action column to remove a facet. It can always be re-added if needed.

Edit facets

It is possible to change some characteristics of a facet by clicking on the pen icon in the action column. You can change the following properties:

- Facet name

The name of the facet - what it will be called in the facets list on the Search page.

- Default items

These filter options will always be displayed, even when there are no documents associated with them.

- Settings

"Visible" either hides or displays this facet. Useful when the facet should be hidden.

"Expanded" defines whether the facet category should be collapsed or expanded on the Search page.

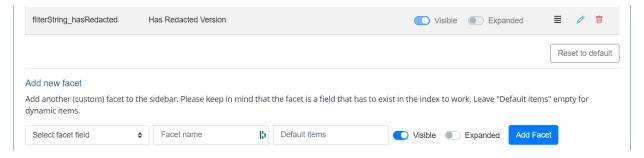
Save changes by clicking the green check mark.

· Reset facets to default

When needed, the facets can be reset to the default setup by clicking the "Reset to default" button. This will discard all changes made to the facets and restores the default set of facets. Use only when you want to go back to the default facets.

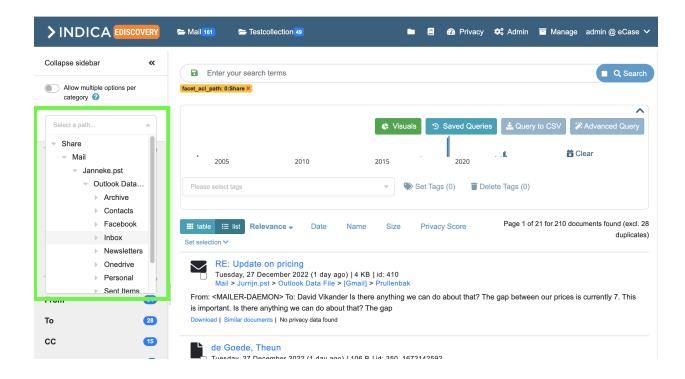
· Add new facet

Select a new facet to add apart from the default ones from the dropdown, fill in the appropriate fields and click "Add Facet". Please keep in mind that the facet is a field that has to exist in the index to work.



21.2.2 Path Select Settings

Path selection is the top facet on the search page. The path select is available to the user in two ways: as a dropdown or as a modal. If the modal is selected, the facet is called "Folders". Otherwise a dropdown will be shown.



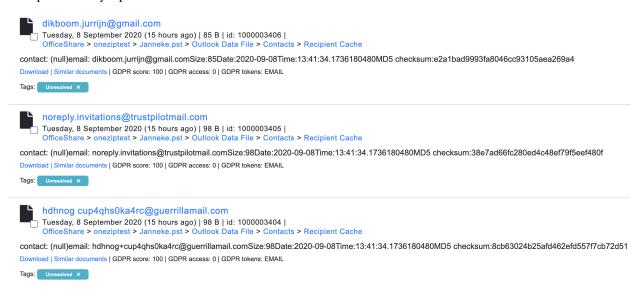
21.2.3 Result list Settings

The following option can be changed on this page:

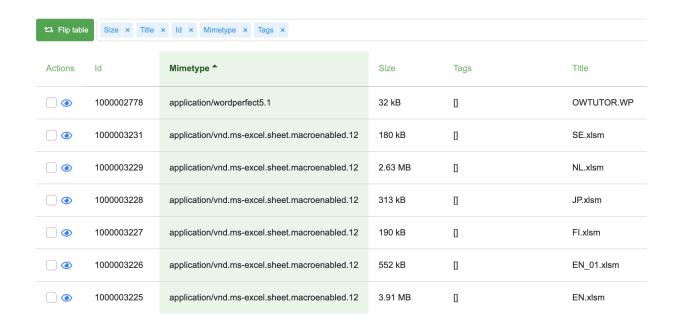
· Allow user to toggle between list and table style.

When enabled, a button will appear on the search page that allows the user to switch between list-style results and table-style results. The table-style results can be used for a custom overview of query results, as the displayed information can be chosen by the user. This feature is very powerful, but less easy to use.

Example of list-style preview:



Example of table-style preview:



21.2.4 List Style Settings

These options allow for customizing the information in the list-style results.



The following options can be changed:

· Show date

Enable or disable the displaying of the date from result item.

Show file size

Enable or disable the displaying of the file size from result item.

· Show ID

Enable or disable the displaying of the document ID from result item.

· Show path

Enable or disable the displaying of the file path from result item.

Show summary

Enable or disable the displaying of the document summary from result item.

· Show similar

Enable or disable the displaying of the "Similar Documents" button from result item.

· Show duplicates

Enable or disable the displaying of the "Duplicates" button from result item.

· show Privacy

Enable or disable the displaying of Privacy tokens from result item.

21.2.5 Index Progress Notification Settings

When the indexer is active, a message will be displayed stating the progress and a warning to the users. This setting allows to change the type of indexer progress notification. The user can choose to not display the message, have it be smaller or keep it in its normal format.

21.2.6 Previewer Settings

The previewer settings are correlated to the previewing of documents. Changing these settings will change the viewable functions on the previewer for this case and all the users in it. This panel allows you to change the following options:

· Show data lineage

This option enables and disables the options to show data lineage button in the front-end. The data lineage feature gives the user the possibility to select text and click on the lineage button. This will fire off a query with the selected text and the results will open automatically in the new "Data Lineage" tab. This feature makes it easier to find the 'single source of truth' when dealing with duplicate inform

Use instant tagging

When this option is enabled, when selecting a tag in the previewer it is immediately applied to the document, without having to take the extra step to "save" the applied tags.

Show tagging

This option enables and disables the options to tag documents in the front-end. It is not possible to alter tags when this option is disabled.

· Show analyze

This option enables and disabled the option to analyze a document in the front-end. It is not possible to alter tags when this option is disabled.

• Use advanced PDF viewer (enabled redacting and annotation features)

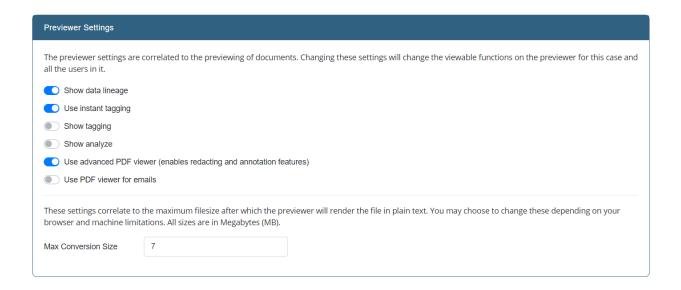
This setting requires PSPDFKit to be configured on your INDICA system. This setting enables the advanced PDF viewer for documents.

• Use PDF viewer for emails

This setting enabls the advanced PDF viewer for viewing e-ma

• Maximum Conversion Size configuration

This setting sets the maximum spreadsheet size (in MB) that will be rendered in the front-end. Anything above this number will be rendered as plain text.



21.3 Search Settings

The search settings allow you to manipulate the search results. This can be done by defining synonyms, stopwords, and editing the boosting settings.

21.3.1 Stopword List

During indexing, it is possible to exclude a list of stopwords from the index. Those words are generally words without informational value, like "a", "and", "this", "the", etc.

Words can be added by typing them in the text field and then pressing the "Add" button.

INDICA comes with a default lists of stopwords, which can be changed here as well.

21.3.2 Synonym List

It is also possible to define synonyms. This allows you to automatically broaden search results that contain words. Synonyms can be added in the text field and then clicking the "Add" button.

Synonyms need to be added as a comma-separated list, for example: "hello,hi,hey".

21.3.3 Boosting

Boosting can be done by adding a boost query, or by adding a boost function.

Boost Query

The Boost Query specifies an additional query clause that will be added to the user's main query to influence the score.

INDICA provides the relevance level of matching documents based on the results found. To boost a query, use the caret, "A", symbol with a boost factor (a number) at the end of the query you are searching. The higher the boost factor, the more relevant the query will be. Boosting allows you to control the relevance of a document by boosting its query. For example, if you are searching for

jakarta apache

And you want the term "jakarta" to be more relevant, boost it using the ^ symbol along with the boost factor next to the query. You would type:

jakarta^4 apache

This will make documents with the term jakarta appear more relevant. You can also boost Phrase Terms as in the example:

"jakarta apache"^4 "Indica search"

By default, the boost factor for each term or phrase is 1. Although the boost factor must be positive, it can be less than 1 (e.g. 0.2).

Boost Function

A Boost Function can also be added here. This feature is for advanced users. Please refer to the official documentation for help.

21.4 API Settings

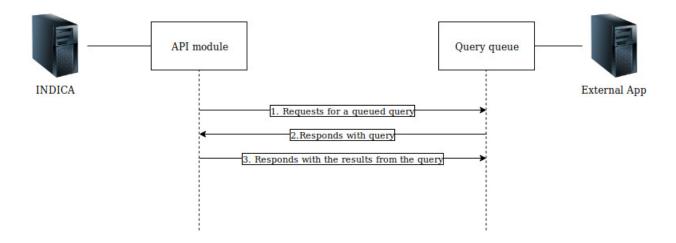
INDICA supports two types of API's. The polling API and the high level API.

21.4.1 Polling API

The INDICA Polling API service for external systems is a secure API that enables external systems to query the INDICA index in a limited way. It is designed for asynchronous communication initiated by the INDICA appliance (polling for instructions). The API is only able to transfer meta information, no actual content of document object can ever be transmitted to the external system asking for information.

The external system creates a queue of queries according to its needs in its own external API end point (the command set) to be run against the INDICA index. The INDICA pull API then returns the results back to the external systems designated API endpoint. Query results can return metadata from the index with addition to Privacy issues and for authorized users links to preview in the INDICA system itself.

This API is designed for on-premise INDICA systems and Internet-facing applications.



Setting up your Application

For the API to work, your application requires a very basic job system. A single Basic Auth or preferably OAuth protected endpoint(GET) that returns a query of commands/queries for INDICA to process. And a single protected endpoint(POST) which receives the results from INDICA.

Endpoint paths are configurable and you can create it according to your system limits/needs, but it should reside on two of the endpoints (not more) and explicitly POST endpoint has to match the specified pattern.

Type Path Ext. App. JSON structure Description **GET** /api/indica/jobs Job GET Endpoint JSON Response body has to match one of the job type structures **POST** /api/indica/jobs/{job_id} Job Result **JSON** These will be result that you will receive from INDICA once specific job type is done.

Table 1: Required Endpoints

INDICA also accepts more job types than the ones shown in the examples above. API endpoints stay the same on your system, but required request end response JSON structures change based on every type.

Table 2: Job Types

Туре	Job Queue JSON	Response JSON	Description
document_query	Document Query JSON	Document Query Response JSON	Document query returns hit counts and meta fields you requested
subject_details	Subject Details Request JSON	Document Query Response JSON	Returns the same values as Document Query. The only difference is that the query is generated by INDICA
document_export	Export Docu- ments JSON	Document Export Response JSON	Tag export prepares a package on specified tags and uploads it to a specified vendor with specified secu- rity measures
privacy_query	Privacy Query JSON	Privacy Query Response JSON	Returns Privacy issues on all or specific assets.

Batched result responses

All responses can be batched if the job request includes "batch": 1 and batch_size fields in the JSON. batch_size has to be an integer of what is the maximum character count in the resulting JSON will be. Batched results have one extra JSON key ("batch_id") and an extra status - "inprogress". In which "batch_id" represents the order in a batch and status tells if the batch is still "inprogress" or is "processed".

Batch Response JSON

Setting up a polling job on the INDICA appliance

For job polling system to work correctly it is required to follow strict guidelines.

Settings configuration currently resides in Settings > API Settings inside the case management.

To create a new polling job, press the "Add new API polling job" button.

Polling jobs will run according to your settings:

Result data type

Can be changed based on what data you want to be returned to the external source. Currently, there is "Document query" - which returns document fields that you select further down in "Return fields", and there is also a choice to return "Privacy issues". Structure of returned data is described below;

Run query in user scope

Option specifies if the query should include only the data which adheres to a specific user's rights (could be API user with your setup in your AD);

• User

Setting of a user who's scope will be used;

• Time between polling

Is used to specify how often the system will check if there are new jobs in the GET endpoint, and run them. Running jobs too often might degrade the performance of your system;

• Endpoint Authentication type

Specifies what type of authentication external endpoints use;

• Job Queue GET endpoint

Specifies endpoint from which jobs list in a JSON format will be retrieved;

Result POST endpoint

Specifies endpoint to which the queried Document field(s) or Privacy issues will be sent;

· Require acknowledge

Specifies if acknowledgment of received jobs should be given. It is strongly recommended to use acknowledgment since it negates duplicate jobs when polling time is shorter, or queries are more difficult. It guarantees that the same job doesn't get picked up twice or more;

· Job acknowledgment endpoint

Specifies an endpoint to which acknowledgment will be done.

21.4.2 PowerBI Connection

With INDICA, it is possible to connect PowerBI and use the modeling capabilities of PowerBI to create your own dashboarding.

Setting up an API connection between INDICA and PowerBI requires some setup. The steps needed to take are:

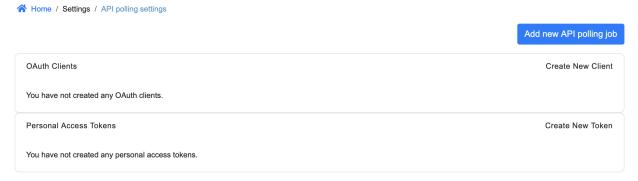
- 1. Creating an OAuth client
- 2. Creating a personal access token
- 3. Connecting PowerBI to INDICA
- 4. Creating request URLs

In the following sections, the above steps will be described in detail.

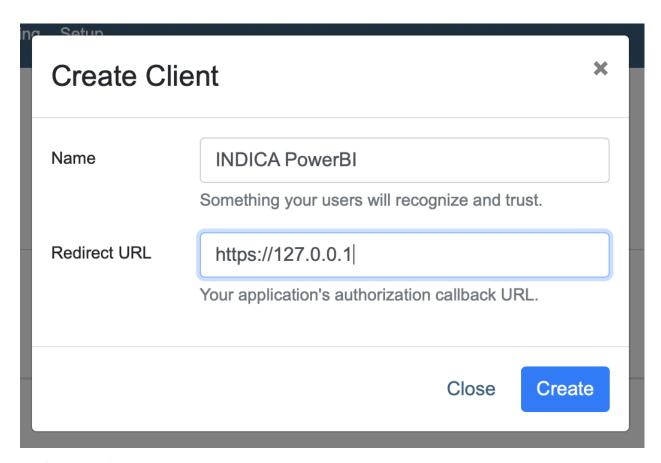
Creating an OAuth client

First, navigate to the API Settings page under 'Manage' > 'Settings' > 'API Settings'. You will be presented with the following page:

API polling settings



Here, we can create a new OAuth client by clicking the "Create New Client" button. A popup will open:



The following information is required:

• Name

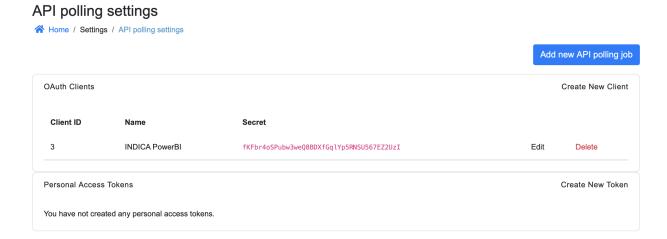
Choose a descriptive name so you will recognise it later on.

• Redirect URL

If you don't know what to fill in as redirect URL, you can use https://127.0.0.1, this will be a placeholder.

After filling in all fields, click "Create" to create the OAuth client.

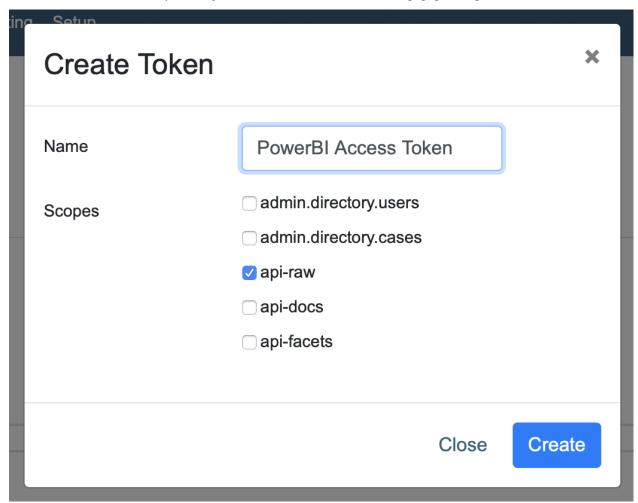
The settings page should look like this:



Creating a Personal Access Token

The next step is creating a Personal Access Token. This token will be used by PowerBI to let INDICA know that it has access to the data. The access token will give unlimited access to the data within INDICA; be careful with it. Do not share it with untrusted parties.

A new token can be created by clicking the "Create New Token" button. A popup will open:



The following information is required:

• Name

Choose a descriptive name so you will recognise it later on.

Scopes

Scopes define the kind of information is retrievable by the API connection.

The following 5 scopes are available to the user:

· admin.directory.users

This scope gives the user the ability to: Read and modify users.

• admin.directory.cases

This scope gives the user the ability to: Read and modify cases.

api-raw

This is the most powerful scope, this scope allows the user to send an receive raw SOLR data.

· api-docs

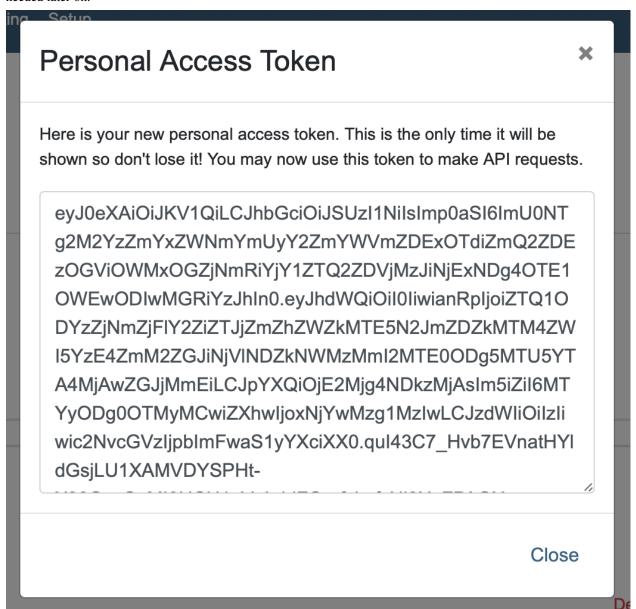
This scope gives the user access to the documents in the index.

· api-facets

This scope gives the user access to the facets.

For the PowerBI connection, we will be using the scope "api-raw". After checking the box for api-raw click "Create" to generate your Personal Access Token.

You will now be presented with your personal access token. Make sure to save this token somewhere safe. It will be needed later on.

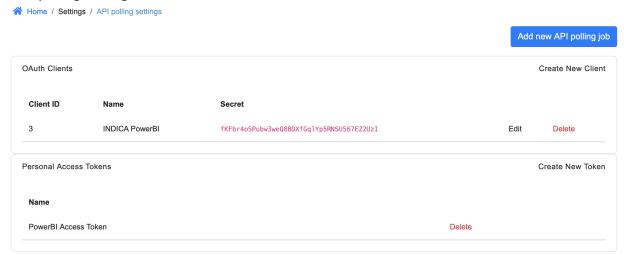


Warning: This is the only time you will be presented with this token. When the popup is closed, there is no way to retrieve it. Make sure to store this somewhere safe.

When done, click the "Close" button to close the popup.

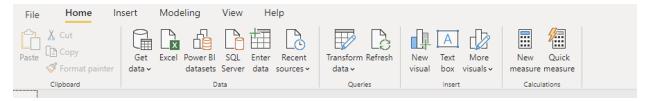
The settings page should look like this:

API polling settings

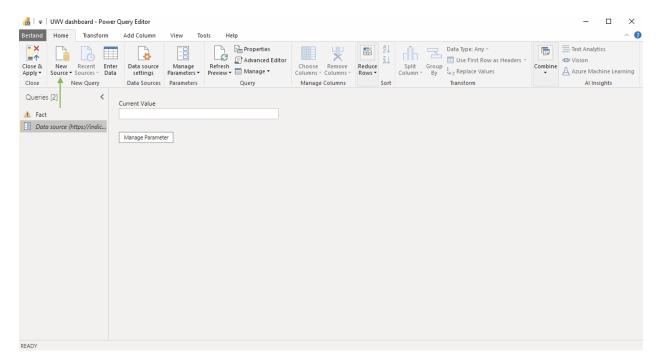


Connecting PowerBI to INDICA

When above steps are completed, the connection between INDICA and PowerBI can be made. Open PowerBI and click the button "Transform data".



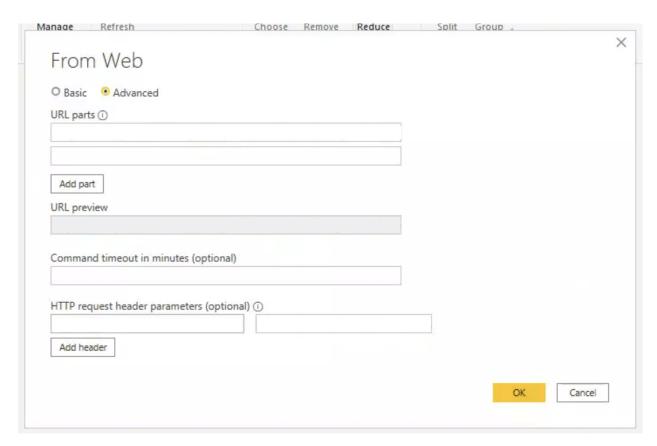
When clicked, the Power Query Editor will open.



Click "New Source" in the menubar on the top (marked by the green arrow). Choose "Web" from the list of available options. A popup will open:



In this popup, choose the "Advanced" option. The popup will now look like this:



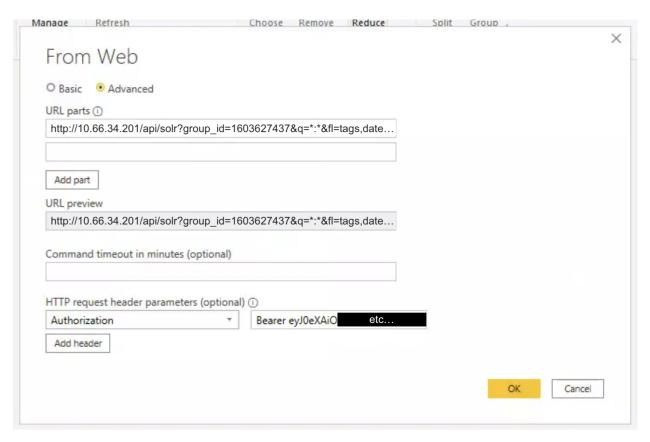
The following fields are required:

- URL parts
- HTTP request header parameter

Adding the access token to the request

INDICA will not return any data when the access token is not set correctly. To configure PowerBI to include the access token, type the word Authorization in the field on the left under "HTTP request header parameters". Then, in the field on the right, type in the word Bearer followed by a space, and then the complete Personal Access Token.

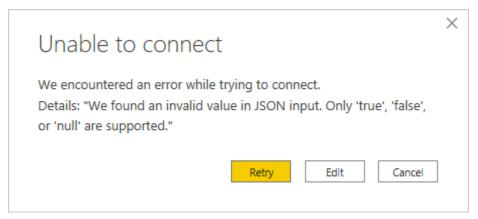
The popup should now look like this:



When everything is filled in, click "OK".

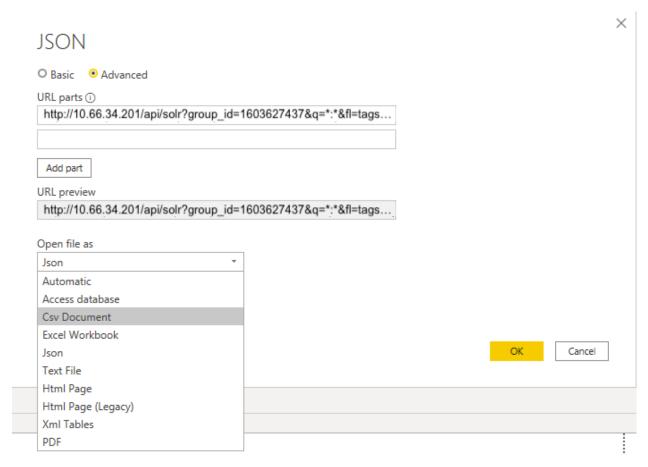
If a question pops up asking "Select which level to apply these settings to", pick the option that ends with /api/solr. Then, click "Connect". Your connection with PowerBI should now be made.

In some occasions, PowerBI will return an error stating that it is unable to connect:



This happens because INDICA will return data in CSV format, while PowerBI expects JSON. Click "Edit" when the above error is displayed.

Then the following popup will open:



Under "Open file as", select the option for "Csv Document". PowerBI will now recognise the output that INDICA generates. Finally, click "OK" to confirm. You should now be presented with a preview of the selected data.

The INDICA and PowerBI connection is now ready for use.

Creating request URLs

The URL can be created by combining serveral parameters:

- The URL or IP of the INDICA appliance (called URL in the example);
- The ID of the case on the INDICA appliance (called GROUP_ID in the example);
- The query you want to use (called QUERY in the example);
- A list of the fields to retrieve (called FIELD_LIST in the example);
- The number of rows that will be retrieved (called NUM_ROWS in the example).

Above parameters may be placed in the following format:

http(s)://URL/api/solr?group_id=GROUP_ID&q=QUERY&fl=FIELD_LIST&wt=csv&rows=NUM_ROWS

Note that depending on the appliance, either http or https needs to be used. A working example of this would be:

 $\label{lem:http://10.66.34.201/api/solr?group_id=1603627437&q=*:*&fl=tags,date,type&wt=csv&rows=100000$

```
Note: For no query, use *:* as query
```

When the URL has been prepared, you can copy and paste it in the "URL parts" field in PowerBI.

21.4.3 Polling API Examples

Job GET Endpoint JSON

```
Г
       {
2
          "job_id": "47ec1fe7db822300e5c4e1bb4b961972",
3
          "job_type": "document_query",
          "q": "\"David Vikander \"~0",
         "fq" ""
          "return_fields": [
            "file_name",
           "mime_type",
           "size"
10
11
          "status": "processed"
12
       },
13
          "job_id": "47ec1fe7db822300e5c4e1bb4b961972",
15
         "job_type": "document_query",
         "q": "\"Dead Kennedys\"~0 OR \"test\"~0",
17
         "fq": "",
          "return_fields": [
19
           "file_name",
            "mime_type"
21
          "status": "processed"
23
       }
   ]
```

Job Result JSON

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Document Query JSON

```
Е
2
          "job_id": "47ec1fe7db822300e5c4e1bb4b961972",
          "job_type": "document_query",
          "q": "\"David Vikander \"~0",
          "fq": [
            {
              "tags": [
                "2_todelete"
              ]
            }
11
          ],
12
          "return_fields": [
13
            "file_name",
            "mime_type",
15
            "size"
17
          "exporting": true,
18
          "status": "processed"
19
       },
20
21
          "job_id": "47ec1fe7db822300e5c4e1bb4b961972",
22
          "job_type": "document_query",
23
          "q": "\"Dead Kennedys\"~0 OR \"test\"~0",
24
          "fq": "",
          "return_fields": [
26
            "file_name",
            "mime_type"
28
          ],
          "exporting": true,
30
          "status": "pending"
       }
32
   ]
```

Document Query Response JSON

```
{
       "job_id": "47ec1fe7db822300e5c4e1bb4b961972",
2
       "job_type": "document_query",
       "result_url": "http://192.168.2.128/search/SCA0001052?q=a",
       "result_collection_urls": [
6
            "name": "TestCollections",
            "url": "http://192.168.2.128/search/SCA0001052?module=TestCollections&q=a"
         },
10
            "name": "Sites",
            "url": "http://192.168.2.128/search/SCA0001052?module=Sites&q=a"
12
         }
       ],
14
       "result_collection": {
          "count": 2,
16
          "entries": [
18
              "file_name": "John_Doe.doc",
19
              "mime_type": "doc"
20
            },
21
22
              "file_name": "John Doe.pst",
23
              "mime_type": "pst"
24
           }
25
         ]
26
       },
27
       "tags": [
          {
29
            "title": "To Delete",
            "value": "2_todelete"
31
         },
33
            "title": "Unresolved",
34
            "value": "1_unresolved"
35
          }
36
       ],
       "status": "processed",
38
       "error_message": "error"
39
   }
```

Subject Details Request JSON

```
"job_id": "SCA0001017",
"job_type": "subject_details",
"subject_details": {
    "name": "John Doe",
    "tel": "88123456789",
    "email": "jonh@example.com",
    "address": "Elm Street 13"
},
"status": "pending"
}
```

Export Documents JSON

```
Г
       {
2
         "job_id": "47ec1fe7db822300e5c4e1bb4b961972",
         "job_type": "document_export",
         "packaging": 1,
         "export_vendor": "box",
          "query_job_id": "56rsbs0e5css51972",
         "protection": "pass",
         "subject_email": "test@example.com",
         "status": "processed"
10
       },
11
12
         "job_id": "8e6d5fe7db822300e5c4e1bb4b961947",
13
         "job_type": "document_export",
         "packaging": 1,
15
          "export_vendor": "box",
         "query_job_id": "56rsbs0e5css51972",
17
          "protection": "pass",
         "subject_email": "test@example.com",
19
         "status": "processed"
       }
21
```

Document Export Response JSON

```
"job_id": "47ec1fe7db822300e5c4e1bb4b961972",
"job_type": "document_export",
"package_url": "https://example.com",
"status": "processed",
"error_message": "error"
}
```

Privacy Query JSON

Privacy Query Response JSON

```
"job_id": 64,
2
        "job_type": "privacy_query",
        "result_collection": {
          "count": 1,
          "entries": [
               "asset": {
                 "type": "collection",
                 "identifiers": {
10
                   "name": "Unstructured Data",
11
                   "ip": "198.168.1.0",
12
                   "path": "/dropbox/JohnDoe/things"
13
                }
               },
15
               "issues": [
                 {
17
                   "type": "NAME",
                   "count": 227
19
                 },
21
                   "type": "EMAIL",
                   "count": 53
23
                 },
                 {
25
                   "type": "TEL",
                   "count": 11
27
                 },
28
                   "type": "CC",
30
                   "count": 4
31
32
              ]
33
            }
34
          ]
36
        "status": "processed",
```

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Batch Response JSON

Response 1

```
Г
        {
2
          "job_id": "47ec1fe7db822300e5c4e1bb4b961972",
          "job_type": "document_query",
          "batch_id": 0,
          "result_url": "indica.lan/query=JonhDoe",
          "result_collection": {
            "count": 2,
            "entries": [
              {
10
                "file_name": "John_Doe.doc",
                "mime_type": "doc"
12
              },
13
14
                "file_name": "John Doe.pst",
15
                "mime_type": "pst"
16
17
            ]
19
          "status": "inprogress"
20
21
   ]
```

Response 2

```
2
         "job_id": "47ec1fe7db822300e5c4e1bb4b961972",
         "job_type": "document_query",
         "batch_id": 1,
         "result_url": "indica.lan/query=JonhDoe",
         "result_collection": {
           "count": 2,
           "entries": [
                "file_name": "test.pst",
11
                "mime_type": "email"
             },
13
                "file_name": "test.txt",
15
                "mime_type": "text"
              }
           ]
18
         },
```

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CHAPTER

TWENTYTWO

REDACT SETTINGS

These settings allow you to customise all things redaction in the advanced PDF viewer, as well as some settings with redaction with regards to automations in INDICA.

Note: The Advanced PDF Viewer is not available on all INDICA appliances.

22.1 Auto-save

The first option is to auto-save redaction drafts. After drawing redactions, the draft needs to be saved manually. When this setting is enabled, this is not necessary anymore. The auto-save feature will only save the drafts of the redactions, applying them permanently to the document still needs to be done manually.

Redact Settings

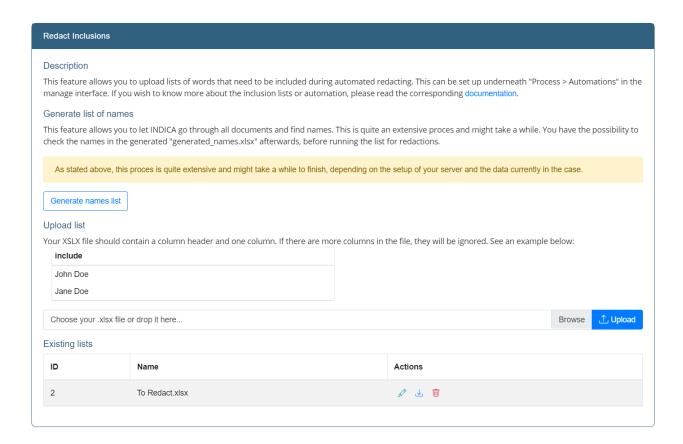
Redact Settings

This setting will enable the auto-save feature for draft redactions in the advanced PDF viewer.

Enable Auto-save

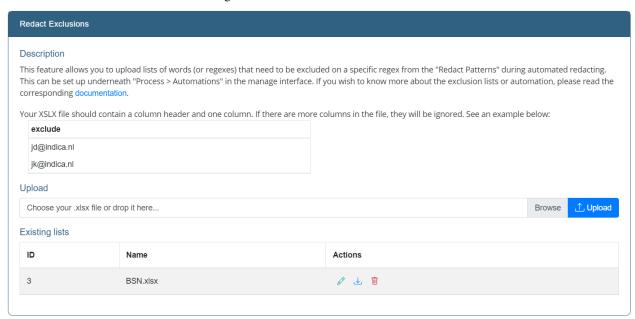
22.2 Redaction Inclusions

These settings correspond to automated redactions in INDICA. Here you can upload an XLSX file of words to include when performing automated redactions. In-line editing of the XLSX files is possible. This allows for adding, changing and deleting words without having to download and upload the XLSX file when changes are wanted.



22.3 Redaction Exclusions

These settings correspond to automated redactions in INDICA. Here you can upload an XLSX file of words to specifically exclude from the list of already exisiting redaction patterns. In-line editing is possible. You can read more about how to use the exclusion lists here: manager-automations



22.4 Redact Styles

By default, the style of a redaction is a black box with no overlay text. There may be a situation where you want to, for example, redact all phone numbers in a document with a red box with white overlay text saying "PHONE". This is possible with this setting. Here you can set the name of the style, the color of the box and the overlay text. These styles will then be available in the Search & Redact option in the previewer's document actions.

22.5 Redact Patterns

These settings set the regex patterns that you can search by in the previewer. You can create new patterns, delete pre-existing ones, and temporarily disable the patterns making them not available to search by.

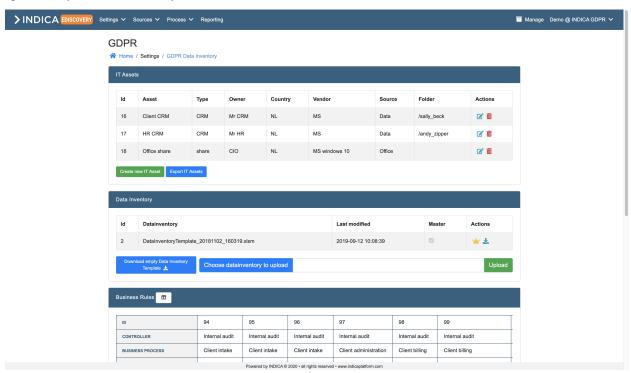
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PRIVACY DATA INVENTORY MANAGE

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- Privacy Data Inventory Manage
 - IT Assets
 - Data Inventory
 - Business Rules

Privacy Data Inventory can be found in the manage interface, underneath the *Settings* menu item. This item only shows up if Privacy is enabled within your case.



23.1 IT Assets

Within this panel it's possible to add and export IT Assets. To add an asset, click the 'Create new IT Asset' button. An overlay will open in which you can fill in the following fields:

• Asset

Name of your asset. This field is required.

Type

The type of asset your new asset will be. This field is required.

• Owner

Who the owner(s) are of the asset. This field is required.

Country

Which country the asset applies to.

• Vendor

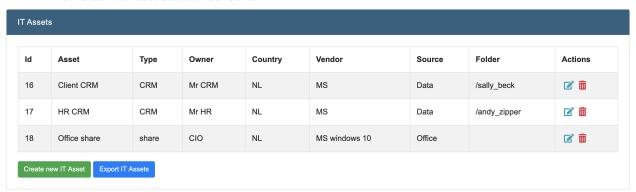
From which vendor the IT asset is. This field is required.

• Collection

Which collection the asset applies to. This field is required.

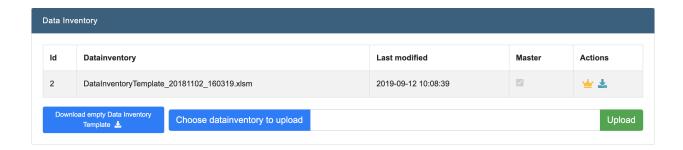
• Folder

Which folder the asset data can be found.



23.2 Data Inventory

Within this panel it's possible to add data inventory items. You can either download an empty template for you to fill in, or upload a file you have ready. To upload your data inventory file, click on the 'Choose data inventory to upload' button and click on your file to add. Then click the upload button and the file will upload. Afterwards, you should see your data inventory item(s) in the table.



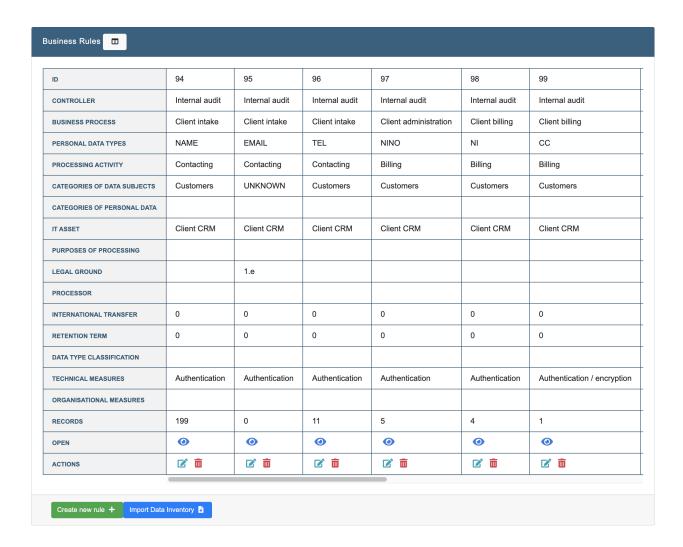
23.3 Business Rules

A business rule can be added in two different ways. You can import a file with business rules if you have one, or add them manually. To add them manually, click the 'Create new rule' button. An overlay with a form will open, which you can fill in. Fill in the fields and click on the 'Save' button to add the business rule to your set.

The existing business rules will show the fields you filled in. If you're missing fields, or want some fields 'out of view', you can click the button next to the 'Business Rules' title in the header. Here, you can (un)check boxes whether you want to see them or not. With the six-dotted icons most left to the items you can drag them around to sort them in the way you want to view them.

The business rules will also show how many records are within that rule. You can view them by clicking on the eye-icon. This will open a new tab in your browser with the filters active on the search page.

23.3. Business Rules 173



CHAPTER

TWENTYFOUR

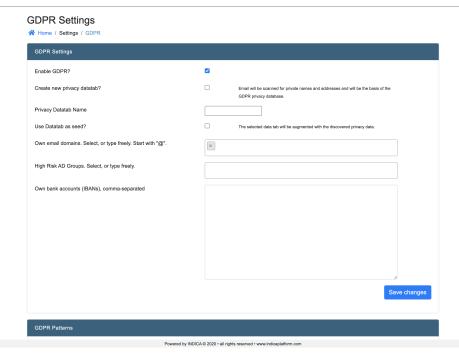
PRIVACY SETTINGS MANAGE

Table of Contents

- Privacy Settings Manage
 - Privacy Settings
 - Privacy Patterns
 - Privacy Threat Matrix
 - Privacy regular vs. sensitive personal information
 - Bag of Words

Privacy Settings can be found in the manage interface, underneath the *Settings* menu item. This item only shows up if Privacy is enabled within your case.

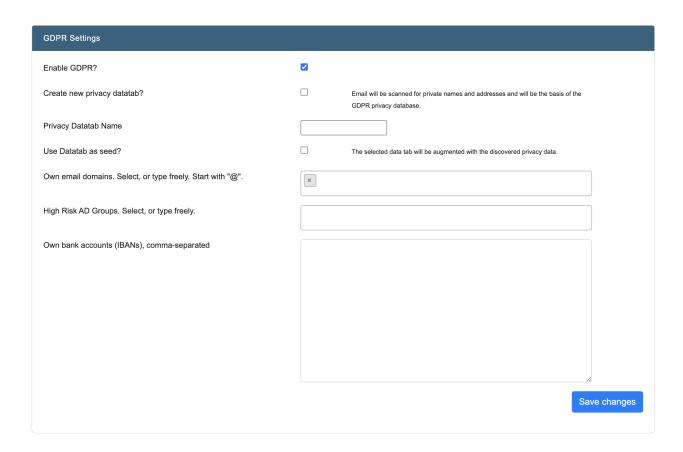
Note: To fully enable Privacy within your case please make sure you enable Privacy within the Privacy settings page *before indexing*! Privacy can also be enabled afterwards, but your case will need to be fully reindexed, so it's better to enable it beforehand.



24.1 Privacy Settings

Within this panel you can do the following:

- Enable / Disable Privacy
 - Enabling Privacy is needed if you want to fully enable Privacy within your case.
- Create new privacy datatab
 - This will create a seperate datatab that can function as a filter.
- Privacy datatab name
 - The name for your privacy datatab so you can find it easily in the menu.
- Enable / Disable use datatab as seed
 - With this option you're able to enable the datatab as a seed.
- Own email domains
 - Adding your own email domains will make sure they are not added as a privacy record.
- High Risk AD Groups (if AD is connected)
 - If you have an AD connected, add AD groups here that are possible high risks for your case.
- Own bank accounts (IBANs)
 - Add own bank accounts (IBANs) so these are filtered out of the sensitive data.



24.2 Privacy Patterns

Within this panel it's possible to add Privacy patterns. These 'patterns' are regular expressions which will capture the specified values in your data. INDICA comes with a few standard Privacy patterns already in there, but it's also possible to add your own.

To add your own Privacy pattern click the 'Add pattern' button at the bottom of the panel. This will add a new, empty row with the following fields to fill in:

• Name

The name you want to give your pattern. If documents fall into the pattern, this name will show up under the Privacy filter in the sidebar.

• Pattern

The pattern you want to add. This is a standard regular expression. The actual value that is captured must be placed within parentheses. e.g.: selector(theValueToCapture)

• Confidence

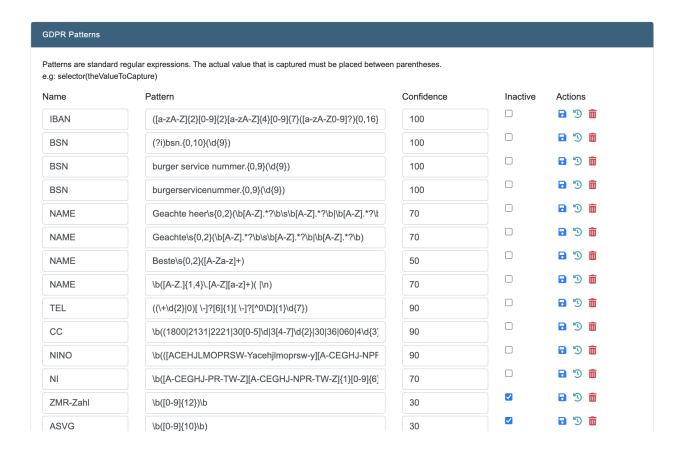
The confidence score you wish to add to pattern. This is a score between 0 (low) and 100 (high).

Inactive

Select this if you wish to have the Privacy pattern **not active** within your case.

Actions

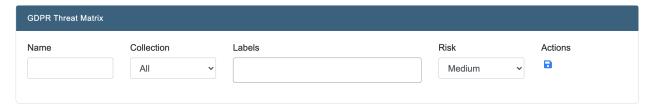
Here you can save, restore and delete your Privacy patterns. Please **do not forget** to save your new pattern(s)



24.3 Privacy Threat Matrix

Within this panel it's possible to add a Privacy threat matrix.

- Name
 - Add a name for your threat matrix
- Collection
 - Select which collection you wish to apply the threat matrix to, or if you want to apply it to all of your collections.
- · Labels
 - Select which labels (Privacy patterns) you wish to add to this matrix.
- Risk
 - Select which risk level applies to your threat matrix: low, medium or high.



24.4 Privacy regular vs. sensitive personal information

Here you can select which types are either regular or sensitive personal information.



24.5 Bag of Words

Within this panel it's possible to add a "Bag of Words" as we call it.

Add new

Add a name to identify your bag of words. Every word within the bag of words should be surrounded by quotes. eg. "Word1" "Word2" "Word3"

• Import List

The name for the bag of words and actual bag of words should be separated by a comma. eg. Name, "Word1" "Word2" "Word3"

• Export List

It's also possible to export your bag of words list. When you decide to export your bag of words, a .csv file will be downloaded.



CHAPTER

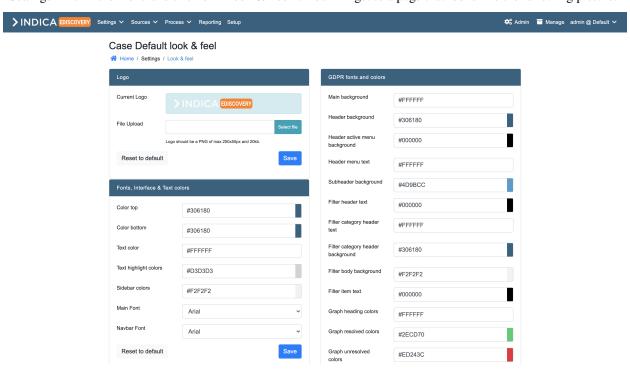
TWENTYFIVE

LOOK & FEEL

Table of Contents

- Look & Feel
 - Logo
 - Fonts, Interface & Text colors
 - Privacy fonts and colors

Within INDICA it's possible to change the interface to the needs of your company. Within the manage interface, go to "Settings" within the menu and click on "Look & Feel". You will get to a page that looks like the following picture:



25.1 Logo

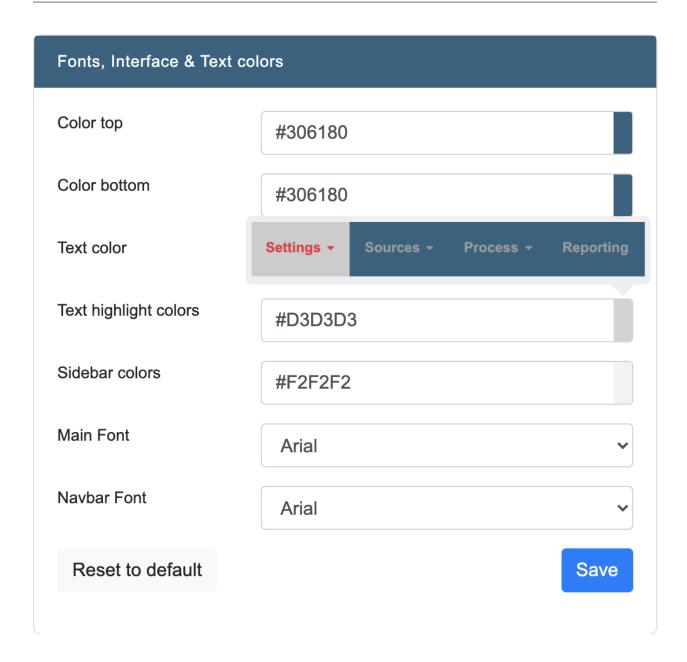
It is possible to change the default INDICA logo to the logo of your company. This will change the logo in the menu at the top left. Just upload an image which meets te following requirements:

- Image should be a PNG
- Dimensions of max 250px x 50px
- Max 20kb

25.2 Fonts, Interface & Text colors

Within this panel it's possible to change different colors and fonts within the interface. Just hover over one of the colors to see which part of the interface it will change. The red color within the screenshot indicates the part that will change.

See image below for an example:



25.3 Privacy fonts and colors

If Privacy is enabled within your case, you can also change the look and feel of the Privacy interface. Just like the panel "Fonts, Interface * Text colors", hover over one of the colors to see which part of the interface it will change. The red color within the screenshot indicates the part that will change.

See image below for an example:

media/img/manage/caseSettings/lookAndFeel/manageLookAndFeelPrivacyHover.png

CHAPTER

TWENTYSIX

DATA SOURCES

Table of Contents

- Data Sources
 - Collections
 - * Adding a collection
 - * Editing a collection
 - * Deleting a collection
 - Datatabs
 - * DataTabs List
 - · CSV File
 - · Database Connection
 - · Unit4 Financial Data Suite
 - · Alure (Innolan)
 - * DataTabs Order & Security
 - E-mail
 - * E-mail integration
 - * Map email to user
 - * EWS Accounts
 - * POP3 Settings
 - Fileshares
 - * Adding a fileshare
 - * Editing a fileshare
 - * Deleting a fileshare
 - Local
 - * Adding a local source
 - * Editing a local source
 - * Deleting a local source

- Queries
 - * Adding Queries
 - * Editing Queries
 - * Deleting Queries
- S3 Buckets
 - * Adding S3 Buckets
 - * Editing S3 Buckets
 - * Deleting S3 Buckets
- SharePoint
 - * General Settings
 - * Adding a sharepoint source
 - · Preparation
 - · Adding a source
 - · Online sites
 - · On-premise sites
 - · Online personal drives
 - * Editing a sharepoint source
 - * Deleting a sharepoint source
- **−** *Box*
 - * Adding a box source
 - · Box Preparation
 - · Connecting Box to INDICA
 - * Editing a box source
 - * Deleting a box source

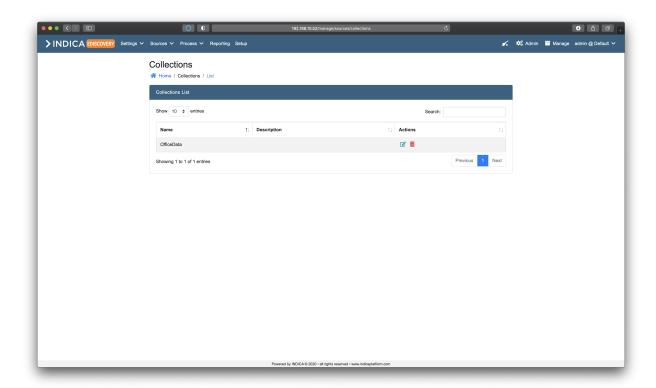
INDICA supports several data sources out of the box. These sources are:

- Collections
- Datatabs
- E-mail
- Fileshares
- Local
- Queries
- S3 Buckets
- SharePoint
- Box

Connecting a source is easy; for some sources no additional rights are required. In some cases it is needed to assign additional rights to a special 'System user' that INDICA uses to read the data. Typically, the needed rights are limited

to read-only rights. By design, INDICA does not alter, move, or delete the source data.

26.1 Collections



A collection allows you to group multiple sources in one collection. This makes it possible to have a collection that contains multiple data sources belonging to a department or person, or a type of data source. It allows you to group the data sources in such a way that it benefits the end user.

There is no limit on the number of collections in a case.

Caution: The name of the collection is stored in the index. Changing the name of a collection or deleting the collection may break your index. Please do not edit or delete collections after data has been indexed.

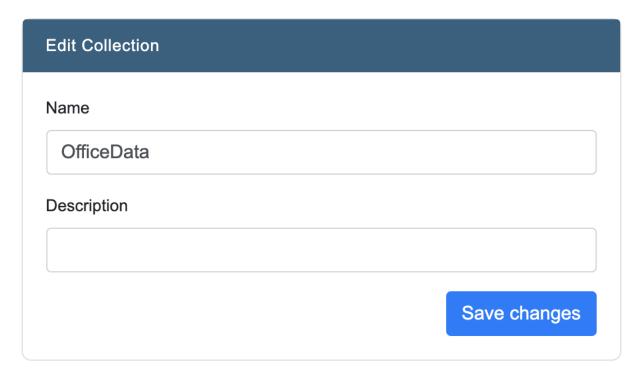
26.1.1 Adding a collection

When adding a data source, INDICA will ask you to enter a collection name. An existing collection name can be entered to add the new source to the existing collection. If needed, a new collection name can also be picked. INDICA will then create a new collection and add the data source to it.

26.1. Collections 187

26.1.2 Editing a collection

After creating a collection, it is possible to edit the collection as well. This can be done by clicking the paper icon (Edit) in the actions column. A new window will open:

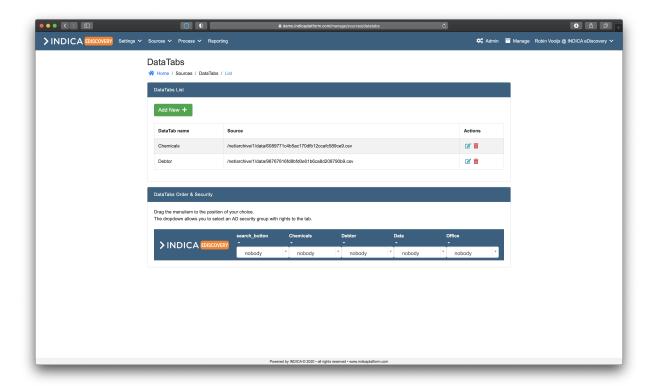


On this page it's possible to edit the name and description of the collection. Click "Save changes" when done.

26.1.3 Deleting a collection

Deleting a collection can be done from the collections overview by clicking the red trash-bin icon (delete). Deleting a collection is irreversible, so use with caution.

26.2 Datatabs



Datatabs are a really powerful tool in INDICA to give insight into the unstructured data. Datatabs make it possible to add a structured source to the index and combine the structured information to the unstructured data. This means that it is possible to load, for example, the database of customers into the index so links can be made from unstructured documents to the corresponding customers. INDICA will create the links between unstructured and structured datasources with the click of a button.

By default, it is possible to add the following sources:

- CSV Files
- Database Connection
- Unit4 Financial Data Suite
- Alure (Innolan)

26.2. Datatabs

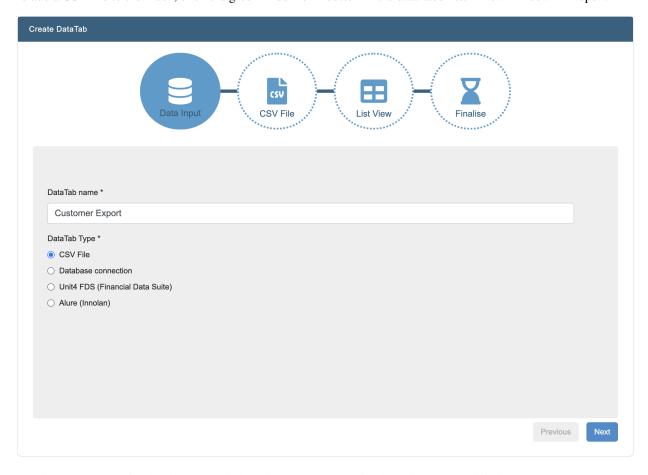
26.2.1 DataTabs List



The datatab list displays the existing datatabs, and allows for creating, updating and deleting datatabs.

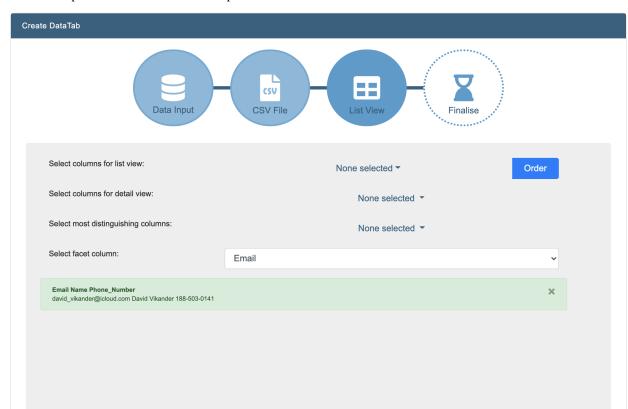
CSV File

To add a CSV file to the index, click the green "Add New" button in the data tabs list. A new window will open:



Simply enter a name for the datatab, and click the correct option for datatab type. By default, "Database Connection" is selected. Click "CSV File", and then click "Next".

The next step is for uploading a CSV file. Click the "Choose File" button and pick the file you want to upload. After that, click "Next".



You will be presented with a number of options:

• Select columns for list view

These columns will be presented in the previewer when a hit is found when clicking the "Analyze" button;

· Select columns for detail view

These columns will be displayed in the search results list;

• Select most distinguishing columns

Select the columns that are the most distinguishing;

• Select facet columns

Select the column that will be used for creating a facet in the index.

Click "Next" when all settings have been filled in.

The last step provides you with the following options:

• Select indexing recurrence

Choose how often this datatab will be indexed. It is possible to repeat the indexing step multiple times when needed. This allows to automatically update the index contents when the uploaded file is changed on disk.

Collection name

Choose an existing name to add this datasource to an existing collection. Choose a new name if a new collection should be created.

Click "Finish" when done. The CSV file will be added to the index if the spider is enabled.

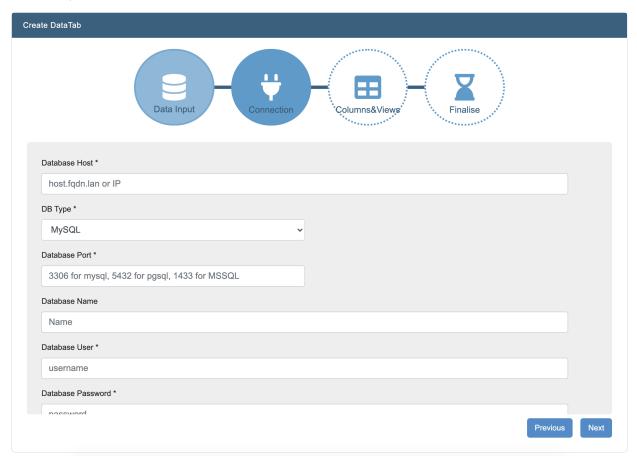
26.2. Datatabs 191

Database Connection

INDICA can connect directly with most common database types. This makes it possible to connect directly to a lot of services and appliances, as most appliances and applications rely on a database in the background.

To connect to a database, click the "Add New" button in the data tabs list.

A new window will open. Choose a name for the datatab, and select "Database Connection" in the list of options. When done, click "Next".



A number of questions will be asked in step 2. These are:

Database Host

Typically the IP address of the database host;

• DB Type

Choose between MySQL, Postgres, or MS SQL;

· Database Port

The port on which the database is hosted. Default ports will be filled in when selecting database type, and can be changed;

• Database Name

Name of the database;

· Database User

User that can be used to authenticate;

· Database Password

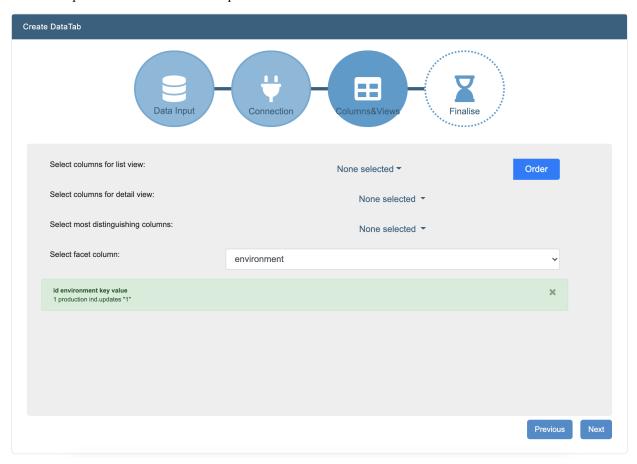
Password of the user in question.

To set up a connection, the user needs to be able to read the database and execute queries on the database.

When everything is filled in, click the "Test Connection" button. If everything is correctly set up and filled in, the test should be successful.

Next, enter the query that will be executed on the database to get the necessary information. When filled in, click the "Save SQL" button. A message will be displayed at the top of the page containing the selected columns and the first row of values. If this is correct, go to the next step with the "Next" button.

You will be presented with a number of options:



• Select columns for list view

These columns will be presented in the previewer when a hit is found when clicking the "Analyze" button;

· Select columns for detail view

These columns will be displayed in the search results list;

• Select most distinguishing columns

Select the columns that are the most distinguishing;

• Select facet columns

Select the column that will be used for creating a facet in the index.

Click "Next" when all settings have been filled in.

The last step provides you with the following options:

Select indexing recurrence

Choose how often this datatab will be indexed. It is possible to repeat the indexing step multiple times when needed. This allows to automatically update the index contents when the database is changed.

26.2. Datatabs 193

Collection name

Choose an existing name to add this datasource to an existing collection. Choose a new name if a new collection should be created.

Click "Finish" when done. The retrieved information will be added to the index if the spider is enabled.

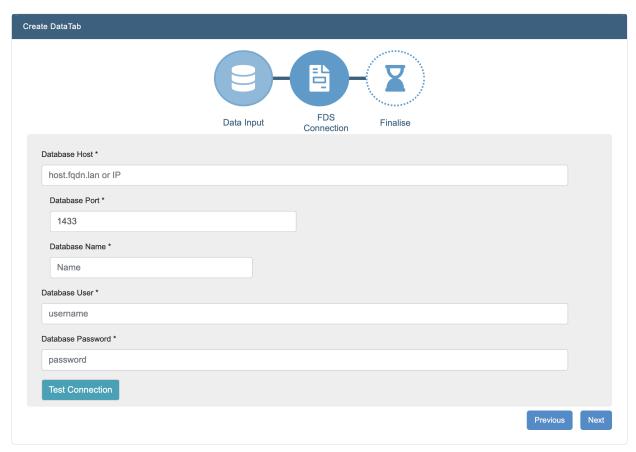
Unit4 Financial Data Suite

It is also possible to connect INDICA directly to Unt4 Financial Data Suite.

To connect to Unit4 FDS, click the "Add New" button in the data tabs list.

A new window will open.

Choose a name for the datatab, and select "Unit4 FDS (Financial Data Suite)" in the list of options. When done, click "Next".



A number of questions will be asked in step 2. These are:

· Database Host

Typically the IP address of the database host;

• Database Port

The port on which the database is hosted. Default port will be filled in, and can be changed;

Database Name

Name of the database;

Database User

User that can be used to authenticate;

· Database Password

Password of the user in question.

When everything is filled in, click the "Test Connection" button. If everything is correctly set up and filled in, the test should be successful.

Click "Next" when all settings have been filled in.

The last step provides you with the following options:

Select indexing recurrence

Choose how often this datatab will be indexed. It is possible to repeat the indexing step multiple times when needed. This allows to automatically update the index contents when the database is changed.

Collection name

Choose an existing name to add this datasource to an existing collection. Choose a new name if a new collection should be created.

Click "Finish" when done. The retrieved information will be added to the index if the spider is enabled.

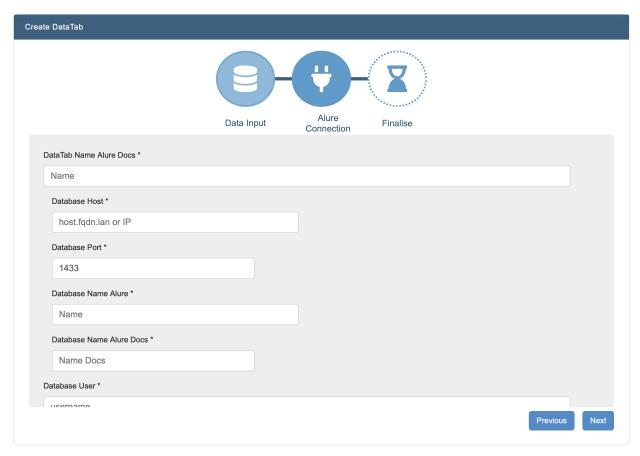
Alure (Innolan)

INDICA can connect with Alure instances as well.

To connect to Alure, click the "Add New" button in the data tabs list.

A new window will open.

Choose a name for the datatab, and select "Alure (Innolan)" in the list of options. When done, click "Next".



26.2. Datatabs 195

A number of questions will be asked in step 2. These are:

- DataTab Name Alure Docs
- · Database Host
- · Database Port
- Database Name Alure
- Database Name Alure Docs
- · Database User
- · Database Password

When everything is filled in, click the "Test Connection" button. If everything is correctly set up and filled in, the test should be successful.

Click "Next" when all settings have been filled in.

The last step provides you with the following options:

Select indexing recurrence

Choose how often this datatab will be indexed. It is possible to repeat the indexing step multiple times when needed. This allows to automatically update the index contents when the database is changed.

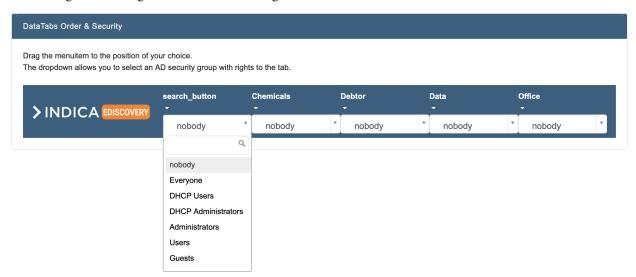
Collection name

Choose an existing name to add this datasource to an existing collection. Choose a new name if a new collection should be created.

Click "Finish" when done. The retrieved information will be added to the index if the spider is enabled.

26.2.2 DataTabs Order & Security

Case managers can change the order and access rights of the datatabs.

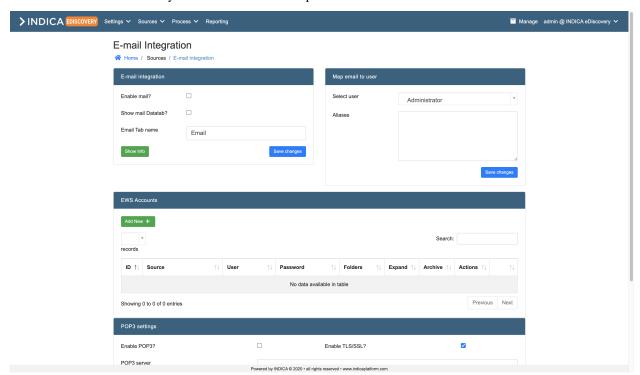


Changing the order of datatabs in the navigation bar is as easy as clicking and dragging a datatab.

To set a security filter on a datatab, open the dropdown menu and select the AD group that should have access to the datatab.

26.3 E-mail

Email can be connected in different ways, of which the most common way is a direct connection to the Webserver through the Exchange Web Services API. Other possibilities are direct reading of PST or OST files, or a connection with POP3 or IMAP boxes. To connect email sources, within the manage interface click on *Sources* and navigate to *E-mail*. Within this overview you'll find a few different panels.



26.3.1 E-mail integration

After enabling the e-mail functionality, the e-mail connectivity can be chosen, either a POP archiving/catch all mailbox or EWS connections (see corresponding chapters). In order to store the email archive on an external share, please set the share information in the Archiving section. Within this panel you have a few options:

· Enable mail?

Whether you want to enable mail or not

Show mail datatab?

Whether you want the mail to show up in a datatab

· Email tab name

The name for your datatab, if you've enabled the datatab option

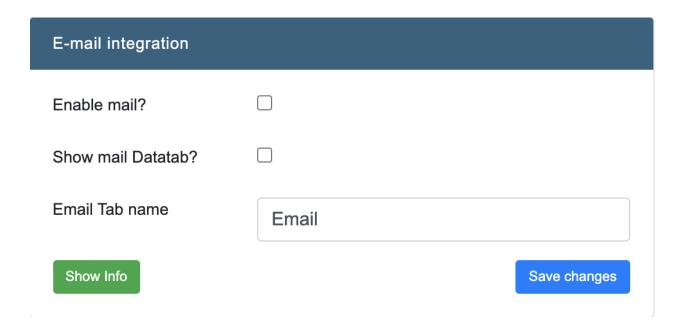
· Mail domain name

If mail is enabled and there is no (Active) Directory integration enabled, a custom email domain can be set here too. Default it's set to indica.lan.

· Show info

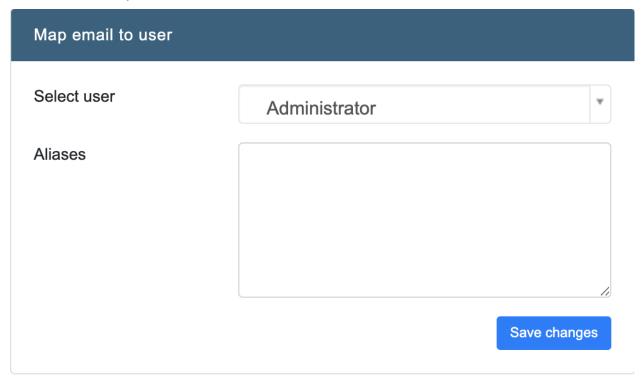
Gives a report overview. This only works when mail is enabled and everything is indexed.

26.3. E-mail 197



26.3.2 Map email to user

This panel gets the users from the connected AD. If you do not have an AD connected, this will not show any users. Select the user which you wish to add email aliases to.



26.3.3 EWS Accounts

Most modern mailservers have EWS API connectivity. Choose expand if you want all shared mailboxes too. A special user can be created to spider all the emails.

Note: Keep in mind that INDICA needs to create an Email archive, so enough storage should be added to the system. To add a new EWS account click on the green *Add new* button within the EWS Accounts panel. A new row within the table will appear, which needs to be filled in:

• Source

The location of the EWS source

User

The user that's able to connect to the EWS source

· Password

The password corresponding with the user

Folders

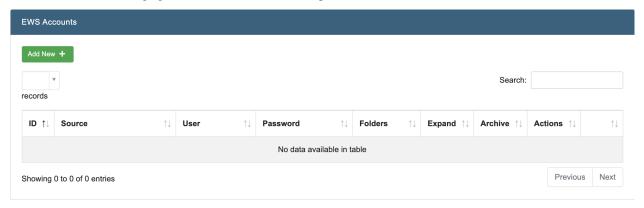
Which folders you wish to index (if unspecified, it will index all folders)

Expand

Whether you wish to expand (or not) upon the mail boxes being read (behind the @) than the one that has been read.

Archive

Whether you wish to enable or disable archiving. Archive is an option for mail servers that work according to the exchange guidelines to read mail on a separate archive server.



26.3.4 POP3 Settings

The system will connect using the Post Office Protocol 3 (POP3), and store the email on the default archive location. You can choose to access it through a separate tab. All emails from the archive POP mailbox will be downloaded and removed from the mailbox (if chosen). If needed, enter extra email aliases to the user in the list. There are a few options you'll have to fill in before you can connect using the POP protocol:

• Enable POP3?

Whether to enable or disable the POP3 settings

• Enable TLS/SSL?

Whether to enable or disable TLS/SSL.

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• POP3 Server

The server name of the POP3.

• POP3 Port

The port of the POP3.

• POP3 User

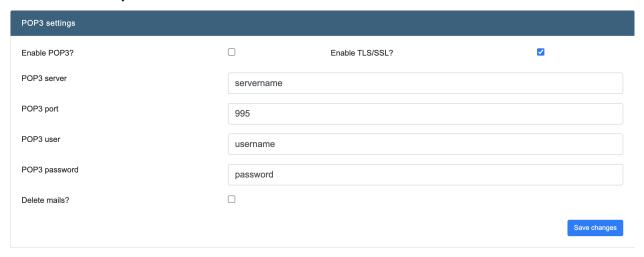
The POP3 username.

· POP3 Password

The POP3 password corresponding with the user in the previous option.

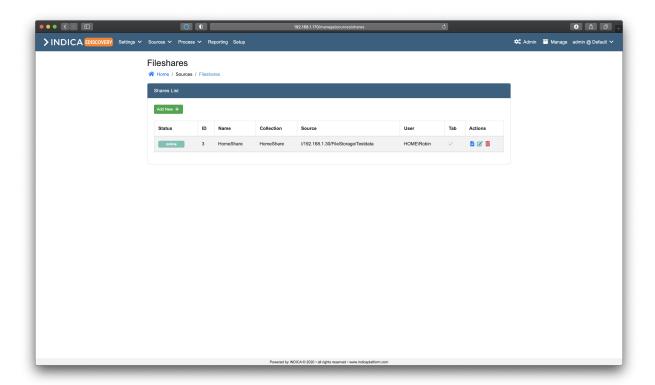
• Delete mails?

Whether you wish to delete the emails or not.



26.4 Fileshares

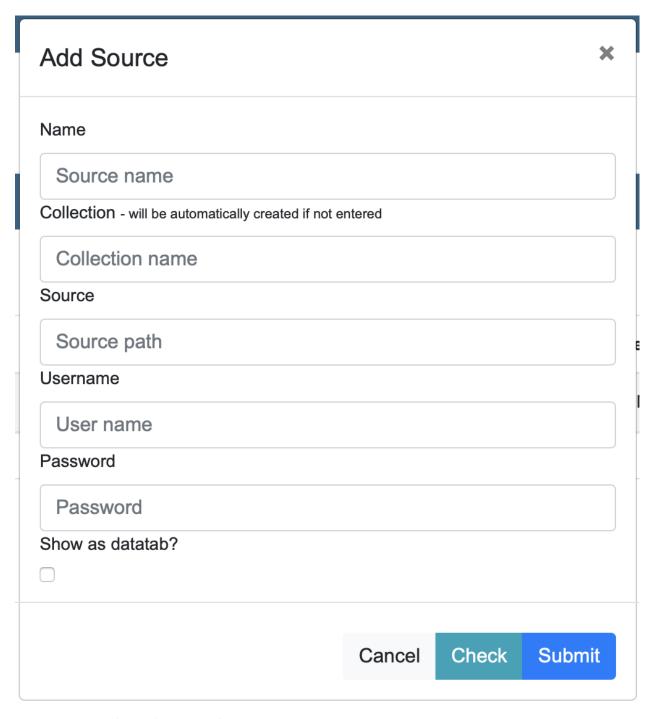
INDICA can connect to several types of fileshares. It can connect to any fileshare that can be mounted using CIFS. INDICA also supports mounting DFS setups, however, in most cases a direct share/server path is required to properly read Access Control Lists.



26.4.1 Adding a fileshare

To add a fileshare to INDICA, click the green "Add New" button in the fileshares list. A new window will open:

26.4. Fileshares



This window asks for the following information:

• Name

Name of the fileshare;

Collection

Name of the collection to add the fileshare to. Pick an existing collection to add this share to it, or enter a new collection to create a new one;

• Source

Full path to the share;

• Username

Username of a user that INDICA can use to connect to the share. This is usually a special service account;

Password

Password of the user;

· Show as datatab?

Whether this share will be displayed as a datatab in the navigation bar.

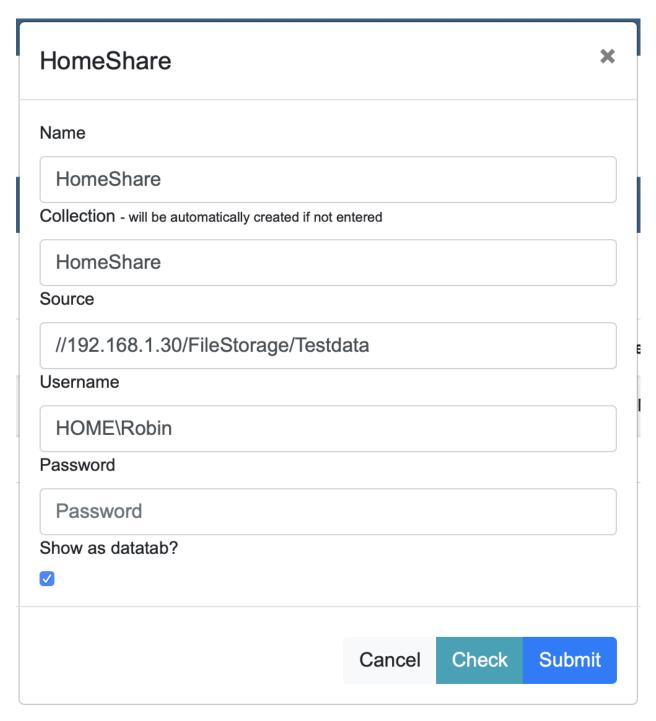
When all information is filled out, click the "Check" button to test if INDICA can find the fileshare and is able to authenticate. If everyhting is working, it returns "Succes". Then click the "Submit" button to add the fileshare and begin the indexing process.

Note: INDICA will, by design, mount the added share read-only. This means that INDICA will not be able to modify the source data in any way.

26.4.2 Editing a fileshare

To edit a fileshare, click the paper icon (Edit) in the actions column. A window will open:

26.4. Fileshares 203



This window is identical to the "Add fileshare" window, with the exception that all information is already filled in. Here you can edit the information needed, fill in the password of the user again, and save the changes by clicking "Submit".

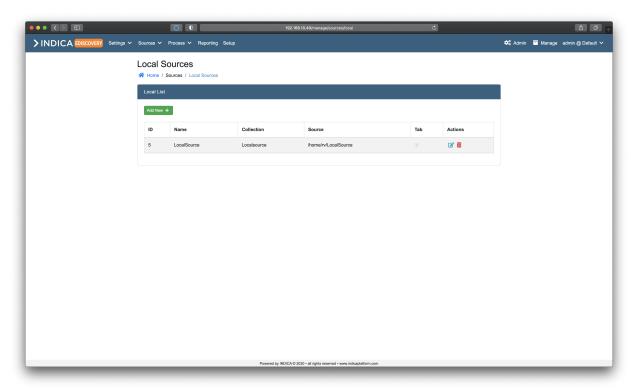
26.4.3 Deleting a fileshare

Removing a fileshare can be done by clicking the red trash-bin icon (delete) in the "Actions" column of the table.

Warning: Removing a fileshare will remove all corresponding documents from the index. This is irreversible, and can only be undone by re-indexing the fileshare.

26.5 Local

It is also possible to index a local source. This means that documents stored on the server can be added to the index as well. This allows for upload of documents to the server, and indexing the folder where they are stored.

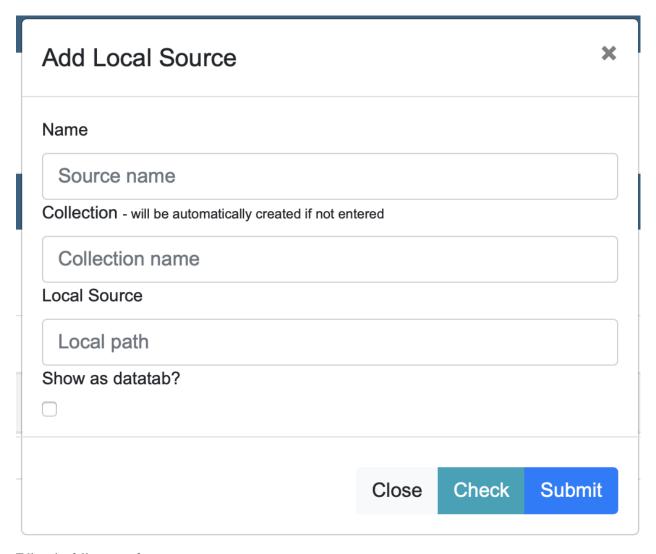


26.5.1 Adding a local source

Adding a local source to INDICA is easy. The only piece of information to be known is the full path of the folder on the appliance.

To add a local source, click the green "Add New" button. A window will open:

26.5. Local 205



Fill in the following information:

Name

Pick a name for the local source;

• Collection

Name of the collection to add the local source to. Pick an existing collection to add this source to it, or enter a new collection to create a new one;

Local Source

Full path of the folder on disk;

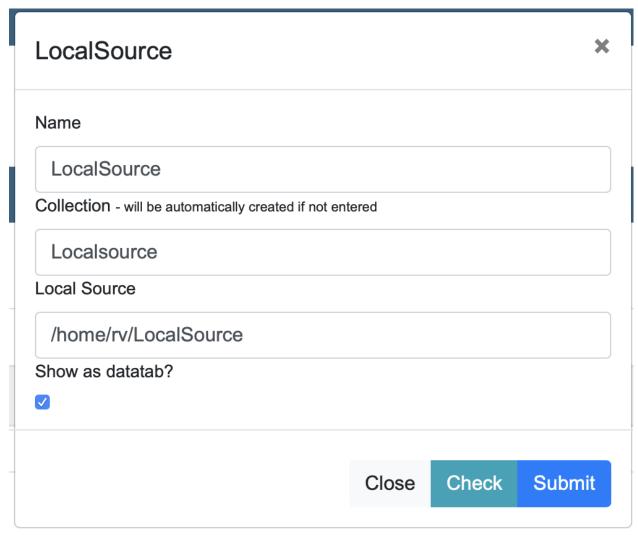
· Show as datatab?

Whether this share will be displayed as a datatab in the navigation bar.

When all information is filled in, click the "Check" button. INDICA will check if the directory exists and if the proper permissions are in place. It should return "Success" if everyting is working. Click the "Submit" button to add the local source to the appliance. The indexing of the source will begin shortly.

26.5.2 Editing a local source

To edit a local source, click the blue paper icon (Edit) in the actions column. A window will open:



This window is identical to the "Add Local Source" window, with the exception that all information is already filled in. Here you can edit the information needed, and save the changes by clicking "Submit".

26.5.3 Deleting a local source

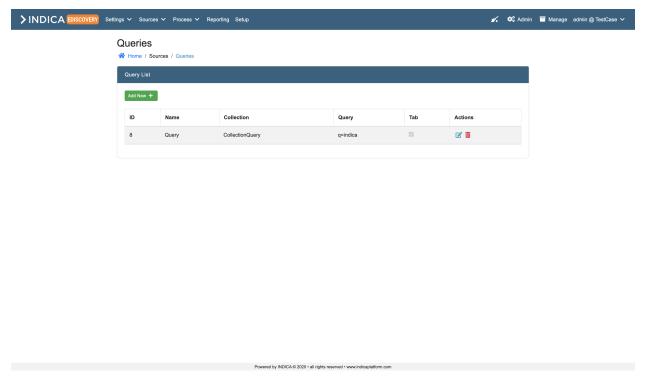
Removing a local source can be done by clicking the red trash-bin icon (delete) in the "Actions" column of the table.

Warning: Removing a local source will remove all corresponding documents from the index. This is irreversible, and can only be undone by re-indexing the local source.

26.5. Local 207

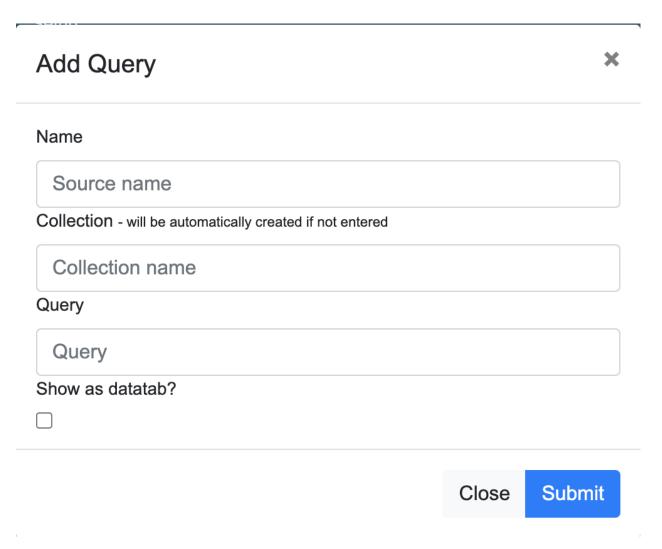
26.6 Queries

Within INDICA it's possible to add queries to your existing collections. This makes it easier to immediately filter on specific data within that collection. To add a query to a collection, within the manage interface, click on *Sources* in the menu and select *Queries*. This brings you to the following page:



26.6.1 Adding Queries

To add a new query, click on the Add new button. This will open a window:



Here you can fill in the following information:

• Name

Pick a name to identify your query with

• Collection

Name of the collection to add the query to. Pick an existing collection to add this source to it, or enter a new collection to create a new one;

• Query

Which query you wish to add

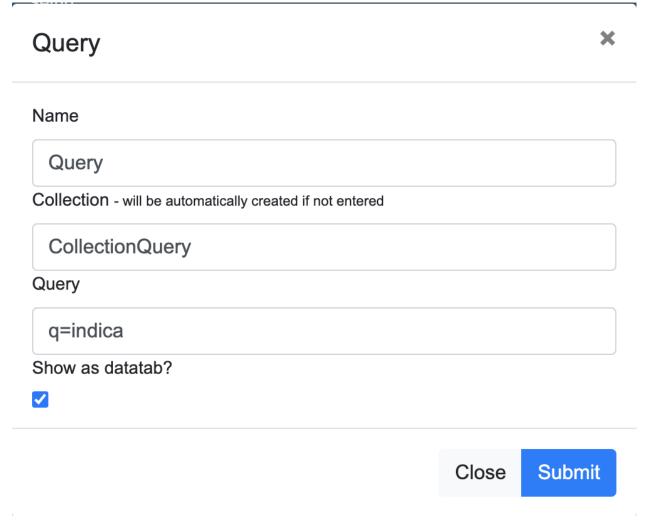
· Show as datatab?

Whether this query will be displayed as a datatab in the navigation bar in the search interface.

26.6. Queries 209

26.6.2 Editing Queries

To edit a query, click the blue pen with paper icon (Edit) in the actions column. This will open a window:



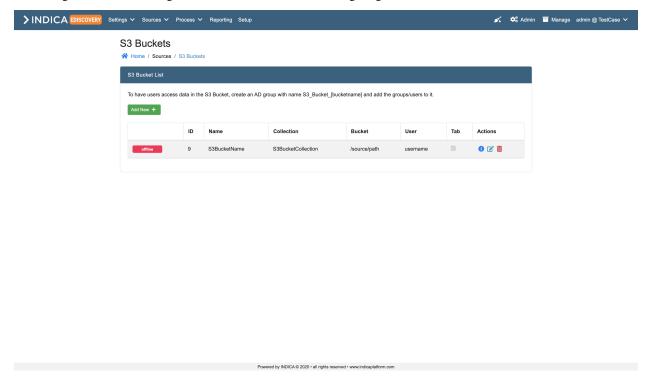
This window is identical to the "Add Queries" window, with the exception that all information is already filled in. Here you can edit the information needed, and save the changes by clicking "Submit".

26.6.3 Deleting Queries

Removing a query can be done by clicking the red trash-bin icon (delete) in the "Actions" column of the table.

26.7 S3 Buckets

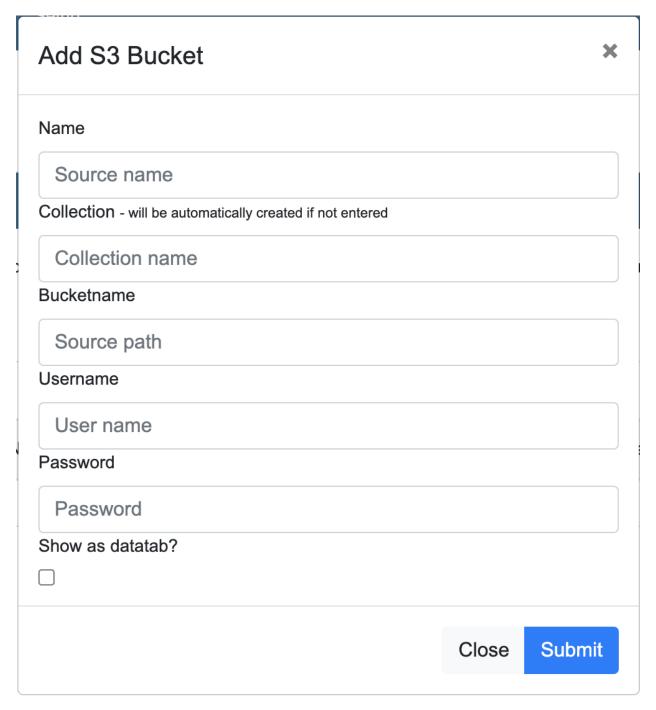
With INDICA it's also possible to connect S3 Buckets as sources. To have users access data in the S3 Bucket, create an AD group with name S3_Bucket_[bucketname] and add the groups/users to it. You can add S3 buckets by going to the manage interface, clicking on *Sources* in the menu and navigating to *S3 Buckets*.



26.7.1 Adding S3 Buckets

To add a new S3 bucket, click on the Add new button. This will open a window:

26.7. S3 Buckets 211



Here you can fill in the following information:

Name

Pick a name to identify your S3 Bucket with

Collection

Name of the collection to add the S3 Bucket to. Pick an existing collection to add this source to, or enter a new collection to create a new one.

• Bucketname

Fill in the source path to your S3 bucket.

• Username

Fill in the username for the S3 bucket.

Password

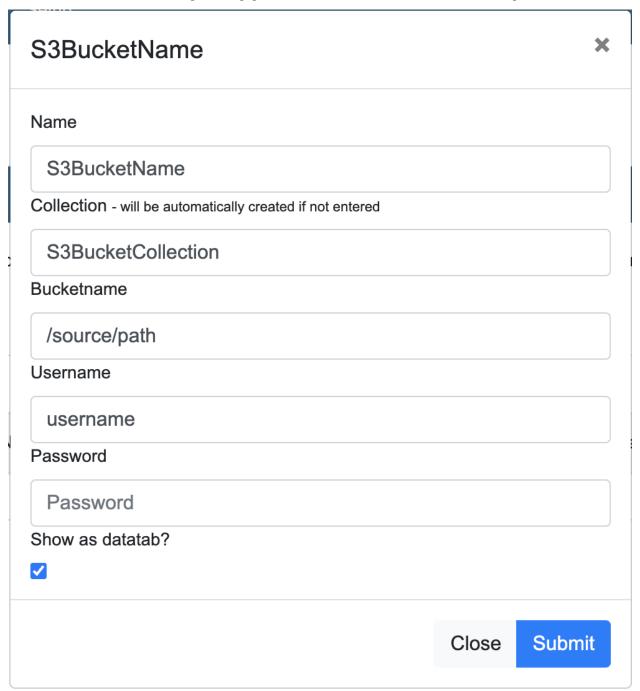
Fill in the password for the S3 bucket.

· Show as datatab?

Whether this query will be displayed as a datatab in the navigation bar in the search interface.

26.7.2 Editing S3 Buckets

To edit a S3 bucket, click the blue pen with paper icon (Edit) in the actions column. This will open a window:



26.7. S3 Buckets 213

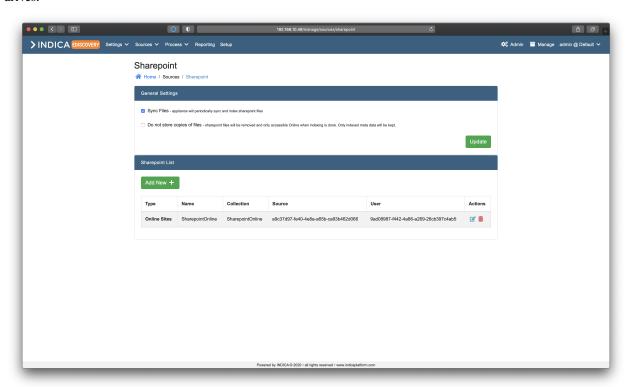
This window is identical to the "Add Queries" window, with the exception that all information is already filled in (except the password field). Here you can edit the information needed, re-enter your password and save the changes by clicking "Submit".

26.7.3 Deleting S3 Buckets

Removing a S3 bucket can be done by clicking the red trash-bin icon (delete) in the "Actions" column of the table.

26.8 SharePoint

INDICA can connect to SharePoint as well. It is possible to index online sites, on-premise sites, and online personal drives.



26.8.1 General Settings

There are two ways to index files stored in sharepoint:

· Sync Files

The INDICA appliance will periodically synchronise, download and index sharepoint files. A copy of the files will be kept on disk. Please be advised that sufficient disk space is needed for this option.

• Do not store copies of files

Sharepoint files will be removed after indexing and are only accessible Online when indexing is done. Only indexed meta data will be kept. In some situations, previewing a document will fall back to plain text when a document is unavailable.

Pick one of the two options, and click te "Update" button for the changes to take effect.

26.8.2 Adding a sharepoint source

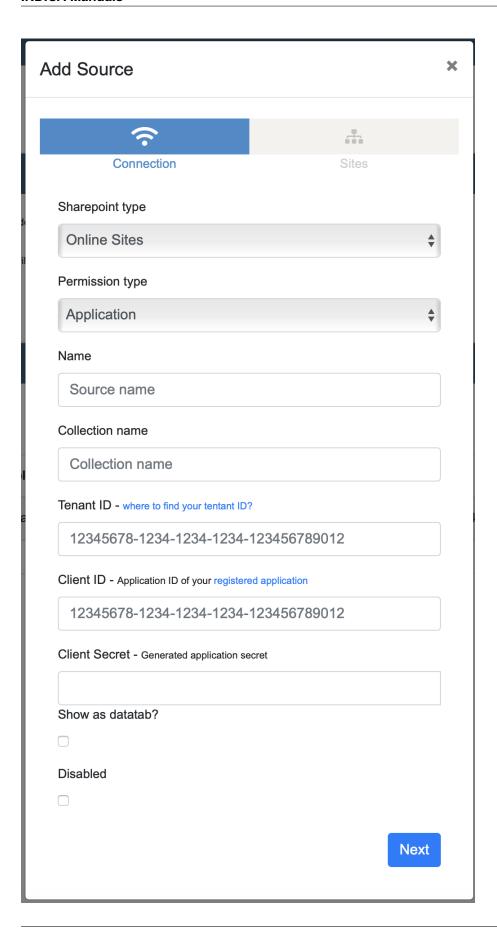
Preparation

When using Application permissions, some extra preparation needs to be done before adding the source. The steps needed to take can be found on the INDICA support knowledge-base .

Adding a source

Adding a sharepoint source can be done by clicking the "Add New" button in the sharepoint sources list table. A new window will open:

26.8. SharePoint 215



The first step is picking what kind of sharepoint will be added as a data source. A choice can be made between:

- Online sites;
- On-premise sites;
- · Online personal drives.

Depending on the chosen option, the form will ask for specific information. The following paragraphs will describe the three options in more detail.

Online sites

When "Online sites" has been chosen, the following information is needed:

Permission type

This can be Application, or user delegated.

When "Application" is chosen, INDICA will use pre-configured API permissions to connect to sharepoint as an application.

When "User delegated" is chosen, INDICA will inherit the current Microsoft session. This requires authenticating with the chosen user by Microsoft.

• Name

Name of the sharepoint connection. This can be chosen freely.

Collection name

Name of the collection to add the local source to. Pick an existing collection to add this source to it, or enter a new collection to create a new one;

• Tenant ID

Tenant ID is the ID used by Microsoft as a unique identifier of your organisation.

· Client ID

Application ID of your registered application

• Client Secret

Token that will be used to authenticate as an application by Microsoft.

· Show as datatab?

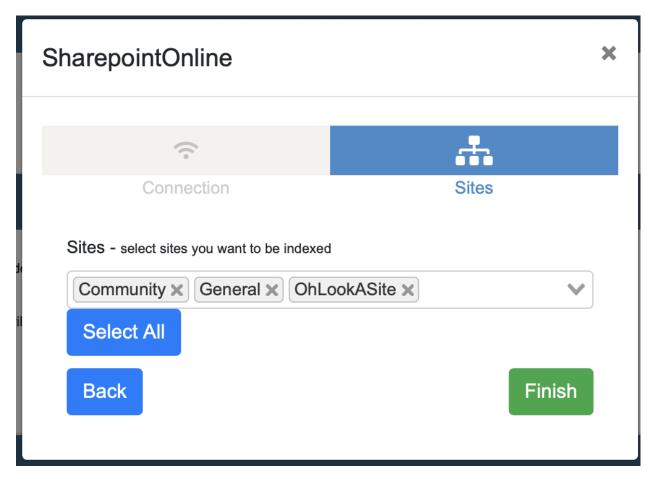
Whether this source will be displayed as a datatab in the navigation bar.

Disabled

Allows you to enable or disable this source.

After filling out the required information, click the "Next" button. INDICA will now communicate with sharepoint and check if the settings are correct. If this is successful, you will be presented with the following screen:

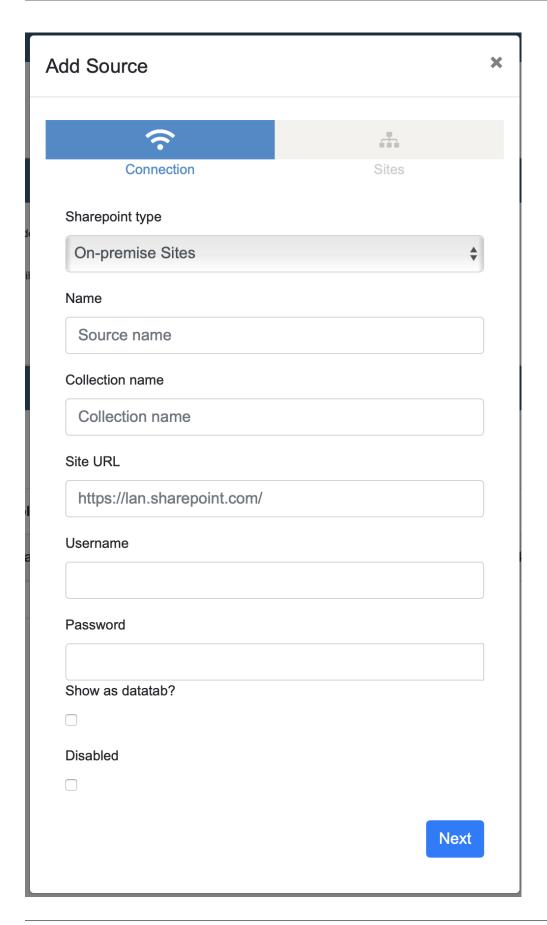
26.8. SharePoint 217



Here you have the possibility to select the sharepoint sites to index. It is also possible to select all sites with the "Select All" button. When the sites have been chosen, click "Finish" to add this source to INDICA. Downloading and indexation of the sites will begin shortly.

On-premise sites

The needed information for on-premise sites is slightly different. If this option has been selected, the following information is needed:



26.8. SharePoint 219

• Name

Name of the sharepoint connection. This can be chosen freely.

Collection name

Name of the collection to add the local source to. Pick an existing collection to add this source to it, or enter a new collection to create a new one;

Site URL

Full URL of the sharepoint instance;

• Username

Username of the user that will be used for authenticating;

· Password

Password of the corresponding user;

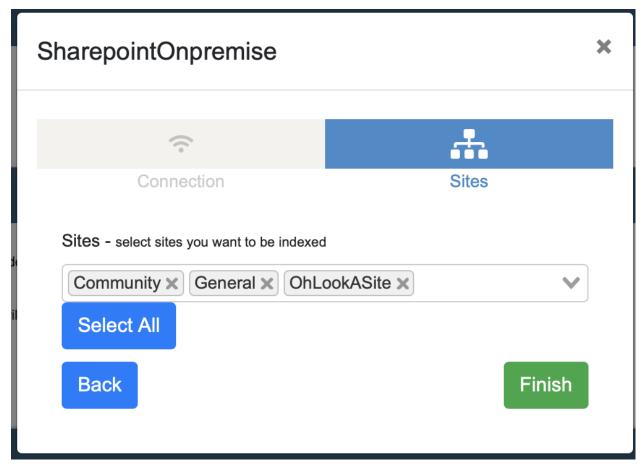
Show as datatab?

Whether this source will be displayed as a datatab in the navigation bar.

Disabled

Allows you to enable or disable this source.

After filling out the required information, click the "Next" button. INDICA will now communicate with sharepoint and check if the settings are correct. If this is successful, you will be presented with the following screen:



Here you have the possibility to select the sharepoint sites to index. It is also possible to select all sites with the "Select All" button. When the sites have been chosen, click "Finish" to add this source to INDICA. Downloading and indexation of the sites will begin shortly.

Online personal drives

The needed information for online personal drives is the same as for online sites. If this option has been selected, the following information is needed:

· Permission type

This can be Application, or user delegated.

When "Application" is chosen, INDICA will use pre-configured API permissions to connect to sharepoint as an application.

When "User delegated" is chosen, INDICA will inherit the current Microsoft session. This requires authenticating with the chosen user by Microsoft.

• Name

Name of the sharepoint connection. This can be chosen freely.

Collection name

Name of the collection to add the local source to. Pick an existing collection to add this source to it, or enter a new collection to create a new one;

• Tenant ID

Tenant ID is the ID used by Microsoft as a unique identifier of your organisation.

Client ID

Application ID of your registered application

Client Secret

Token that will be used to authenticate as an application by Microsoft.

Show as datatab?

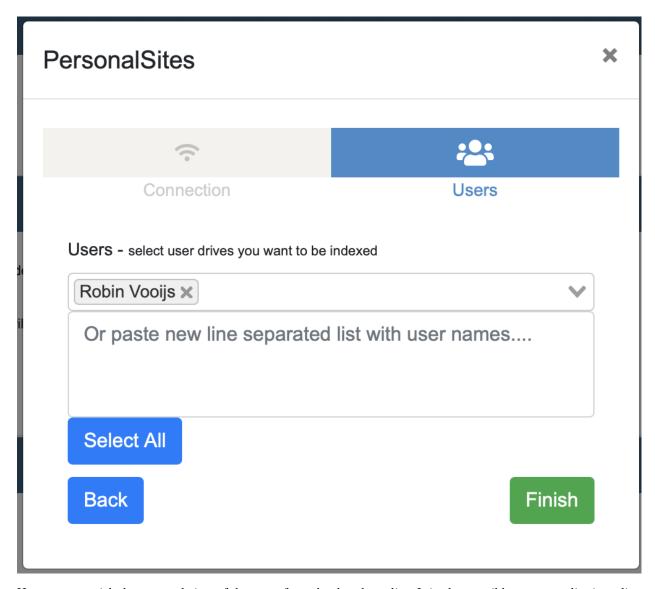
Whether this source will be displayed as a datatab in the navigation bar.

Disabled

Allows you to enable or disable this source.

After filling out the required information, click the "Next" button. INDICA will now communicate with sharepoint and check if the settings are correct. If this is successful, you will be presented with the following screen:

26.8. SharePoint 221



Here you can pick the personal sites of the users from the dropdown list. It is also possible to paste a list (new-line separated) with the usernames of the personal sites that need to be indexed. Alternatively, you can click the "Select All" button to select all the users.

When done selecting users, click "Finish" to save the source to the appliance. The indexation of the personal sites will begin shortly.

26.8.3 Editing a sharepoint source

Editing a sharepoint source can be done by clicking the blue "paper" icon (edit) in the "Actions" column of the table. A new window will open with all the information already filled in. If needed, the information can be changed and saved right away. If changes need to be made to the list of sites or users, it is possible to go to the next step and edit the list of users/sites. Click "Finish" to save the new settings.

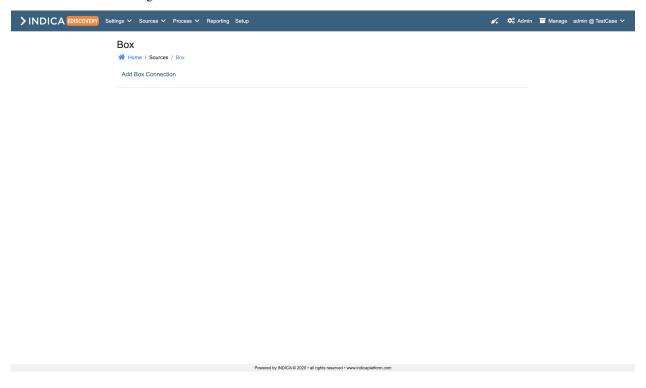
26.8.4 Deleting a sharepoint source

Deleting a SharePoint source can be done by clicking the red 'trashbin' icon in the "Actions" column of the table. It will ask for a confirmation before deleting the source.

Warning: Removing a SharePoint source will remove all corresponding documents from the index. This is irreversible, and can only be undone by re-indexing the SharePoint source.

26.9 Box

INDICA can connect to Box.com sources as well. To set up your Box connector, head over to the manage interface, click on *Sources* and navigate to *Box*.



26.9. Box 223

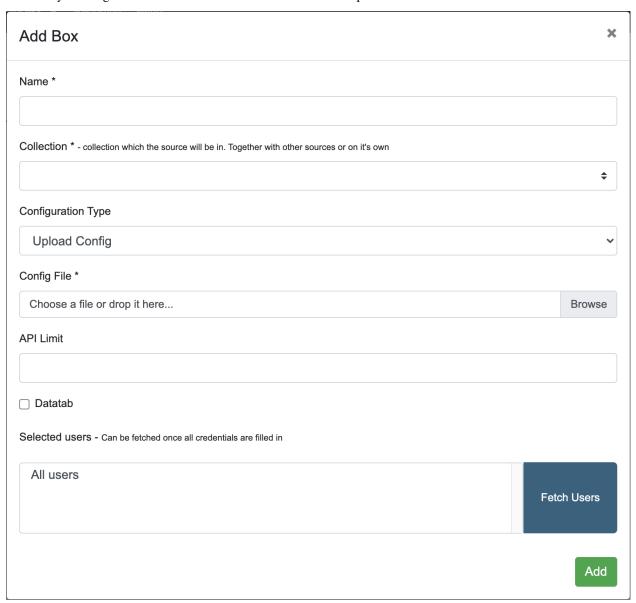
26.9.1 Adding a box source

Box Preparation

Before you can add a Box source to INDICA, you'll need to prepare your Box app first. The steps needed to take can be found on the INDICA support knowledge-base under box connector.

Connecting Box to INDICA

After walking through the steps in *Box Preparation* you can connect your Box to INDICA. Adding a box connector can be done by clicking on the *Add Box Connector* button. This will open a new window:



Here, you can fill in the following information:

Name

Name of the Box connection. This can be chosen freely.

Collection

Name of the collection to add the Box to. Pick an existing collection to add this source to it, or enter a new collection to create a new one.

• Configuration Type

You can pick between two options here. This will change your form depending on which one you pick.

- Upload config

* Config File

Choose between your files or drop your config file here.

- Manual

* Client ID

Fill in your Box Client ID.

* Client Secret

Fill in your Box Client Secret.

* Enteprise ID

Fill in your Box Enteprise ID.

* Public Key ID

Fill in your Box Public Key ID.

* Private Key File

Choose the file from your computer where your private key file is located.

* Private Key Passphrase

Fill in your private key passphrase.

API limit

Fill in the limit for the API here.

Datatab

Whether this source will be displayed as a datatab in the navigation bar.

Selected users

Select the users you wish to index the files from. The users can be fetched once the credentials are filled in correctly.

26.9.2 Editing a box source

Editing a box source can be done by clicking the blue "paper" icon (edit) in the "Actions" column of the table.

26.9.3 Deleting a box source

Deleting a box source can be done by clicking the red 'trash bin' icon in the "Actions" column of the table.

26.9. Box 225

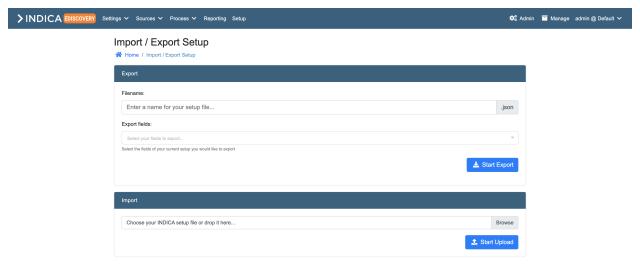
TWENTYSEVEN

IMPORT/EXPORT SETUP

Table of Contents • Import/Export Setup - Export - Import

With INDICA it's possible to export and import your case settings. This can be useful if you want to reuse some of the settings in any of your new cases for a quick setup. The following settings are available for exporting and importing:

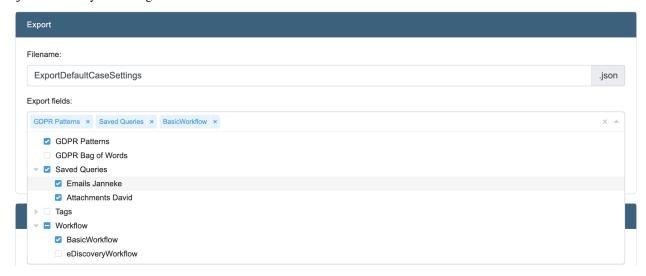
- Privacy Settings (if Privacy is enabled)
- Privacy Bag of Words (if Privacy is enabled)
- Saved Queries
- Tags
- Workflow



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27.1 Export

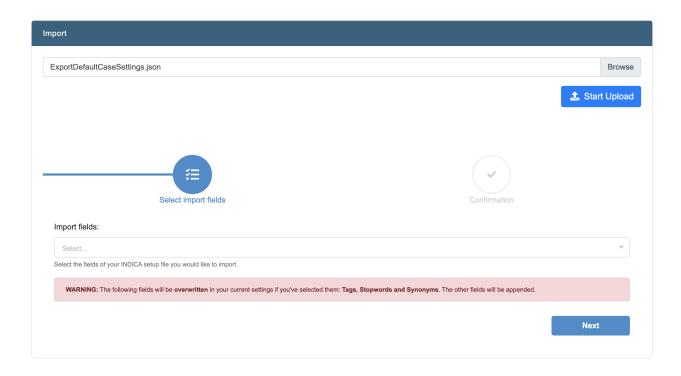
Within this panel it's possible to export your settings. Choose a name for your file and select the settings you wish to export. For your Saved Queries, Tags and Workflows it's also possible to select specific items from the list instead of export all of them. Select the settings you wish to export and click on the "Start Export" button. This will download a .json file with your settings.



27.2 Import

To import settings in your new case, upload your exported settings .json file. The file will be processed and gives you the option to review the imported file. From here on you can choose to import all settings within the file, or only import a selected few. This makes it easier to reuse settings you need only for that case.

Caution: An important thing to keep in mind, is that **tags will be overwritten**. This means that any tags existing in your case will be overwritten by the import file (if you choose to import the tags from the file, of course). All the other settings will be appended.



27.2. Import 229

CHAPTER

TWENTYEIGHT

LOGIN AND CREDENTIALS

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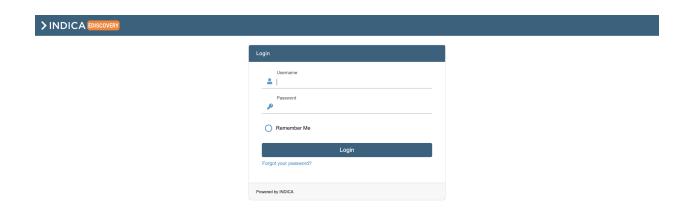
- Login and Credentials
 - Two-Factor Authentication

When navigating to your INDICA platform, you can log in using the information provided by your system administrator. Confirm your credentials with the INDICA administrator. We recommend you use either one of these browsers to access INDICA:

- Chrome
- Safari
- Mozilla Firefox

Caution: We specifically do not recommend you to use Internet Explorer.

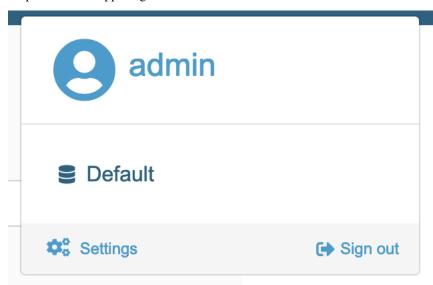
See image below for an example of the login page.



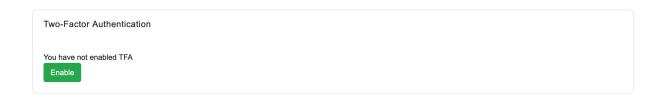
In case you experience any troubles when logging in or displayed data significantly differs from your previous experiences, please log off and clear your browser cookies or alternatively open INDICA in an Incognito window.

28.1 Two-Factor Authentication

Users may also enable two-factor authentication. This can be done by navigation to the user settings from the case dropdown in the upper right corner.



Once in the user settings, two-factor authentication can be enabled. This will require the use of a smartphone with an authenticator app. We recommend the **Authy** and **Google Authenticator** apps. All that is left to do is to follow the instructions shown and validate two-factor authentication.

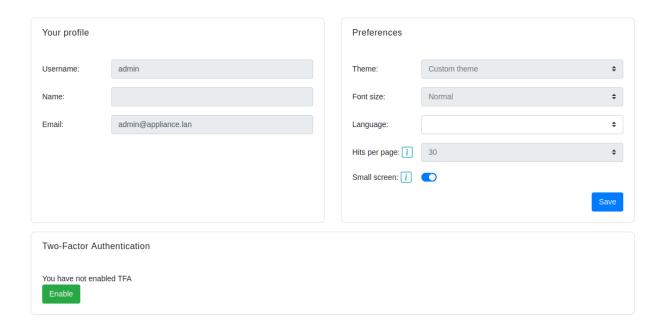


Warning: Make sure to write down the recovery codes shown and put them in a safe place. If access to the authenticator app is lost and 2-factor authentication is enabled, recovery codes are the only way to log in.

CHAPTER

TWENTYNINE

USER SETTINGS



Every user can change certain settings related to their user account. These settings are outlined in the image above. The user can change the main language of the interface, and select whether or not you are using INDICA on a small screen.

One of the main settings is the ability to set two-factor authentication. The user requires an authenticator app (we recommend Authy) to enable two-factor authentication and in order to log in once two-factor authentication is enabled.

The user can also change the order in which previewer document actions are shown in the previewer, by dragging and dropping actions and changing whether or not they are visible or expanded by default. Some previewer document actions, such as tagging an redaction, have user permissions attached to them. If the user does not have the necessary permissions, they are not able to change the order and visibility of that specific document action. You can read more about these document actions here: *Document Actions*.

Previewer Actions Here you can edit which previewer document actions are visible and expanded by default, as well as change the order they appear in in the previewer. Please note that some document actions have permissions: if you do not have the associated permissions, you are not able to change the related settings below. You can read more about the document actions here: Settings Name Search and Navigation Visible Expanded Actions Visible Expanded Tagging Visible Expanded Attachments Visible Expanded Parent Visible Expanded Redact Visible Expanded Delete Pages Visible Expanded Date Changer Visible Expanded

THIRTY

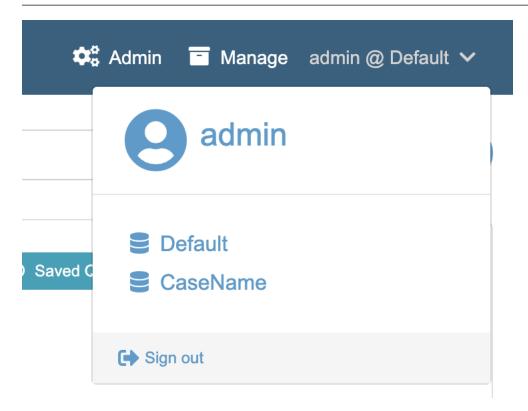
SWITCHING CASES

Table of Contents

• Switching Cases

Switching between different cases is easy in INDICA. Just click on the *username@casename* at the right most item in the menu at the top to switch to the case you need to work on. See the image below for an example.

Note: Depending on your rights, you might not see the "Admin" and "Manage" menu items.



CHAPTER

THIRTYONE

FILTERING AND DATERANGE

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- Filtering and Daterange
 - Sidebar
 - * Expanding and collapsing the sidebar
 - Selecting multiple filters in one category
 - Folders
 - Daterange

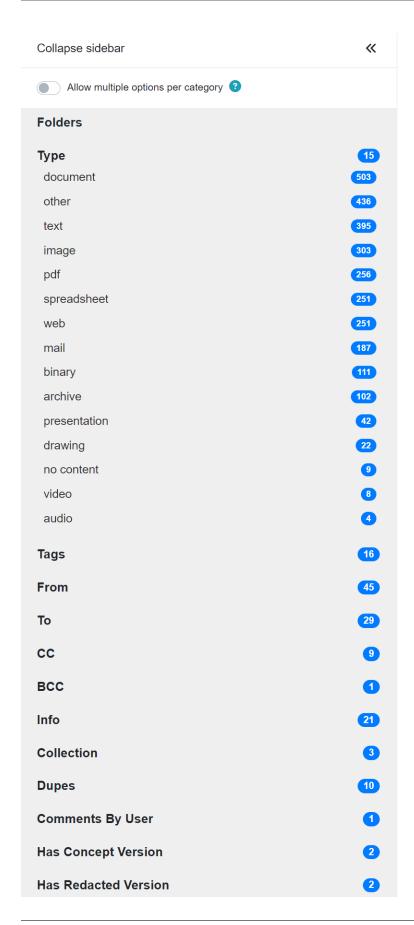
31.1 Sidebar

On the left side of the search overview in INDICA you can see most of the filtering options. These filters are categorized in a few categories:

- Folders
- Type
- Tags
- From
- To
- CC
- BCC
- Info
- Collection
- Dupes
- Comments By User
- Has Concept Version
- Has Redacted Version

INDICA Manuals

Your categories may vary depending on what is in your dataset. The number next to the filter shows the number of results within that filter.



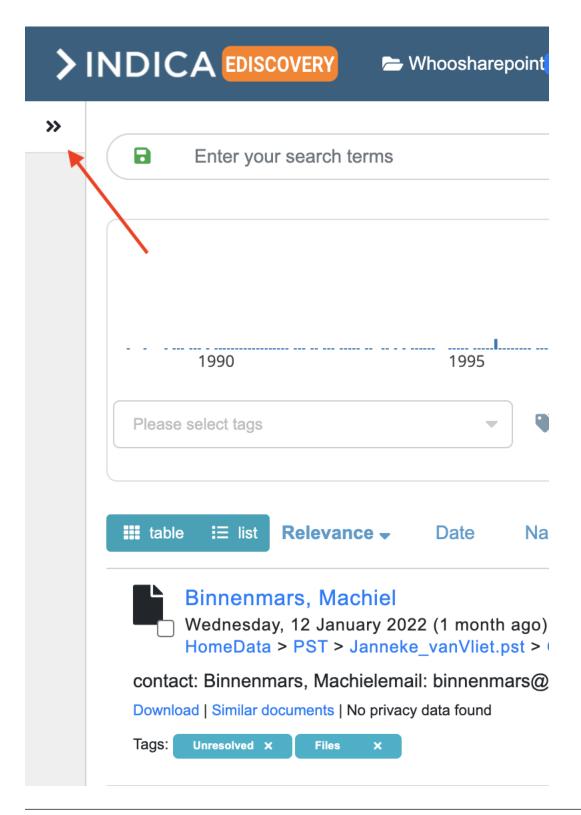
31.1. Sidebar 241

31.1.1 Expanding and collapsing the sidebar

Within the sidebar there is a button to collapse the sidebar. See the thumbnail below.



When clicking on the button, the sidebar will collapse. This will give you more screen space. To uncollapse the sidebar, just click the >> icon in the top of the sidebar. See the image below.

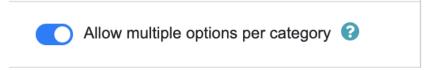


Tip: Since INDICA v12.0.0 it's also possible to resize the sidebar. Just next to the sidebar - in the middle of the screen - you will see the two stripes. If you click and drag your cursor over the screen it will resize to your preference.

31.1. Sidebar 243

31.2 Selecting multiple filters in one category

Sometimes you might want to select multiple filters in one category (e.g. the "Type" category). You are able to select multiple filters in one category by enabling the switch named "Allow multiple filters per category" at the top of the sidebar.



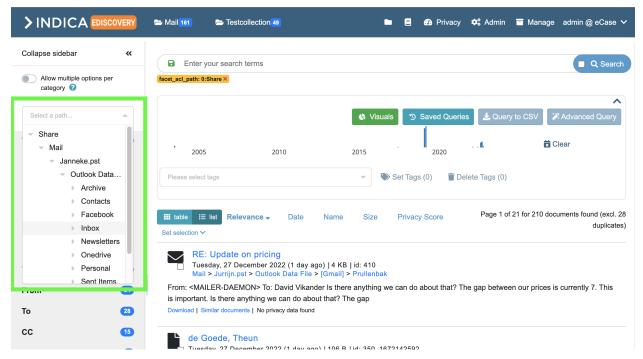
Eg. Let's say you decide to select two filters in the category Type: image and pdf.

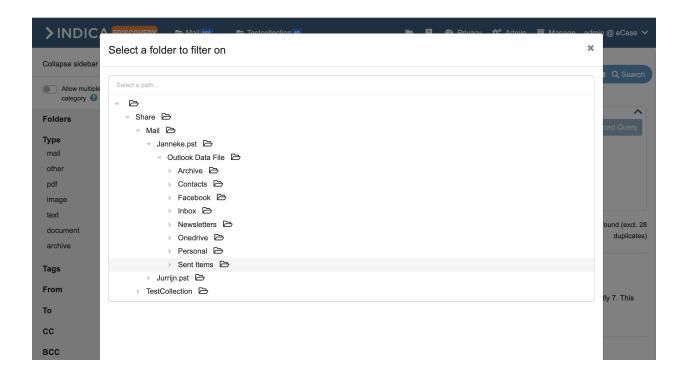
- When the switch is enabled When selecting the image and pdf filters with the switch enabled, the search will give results for both image document OR pdf documents.
- When the switch is disabled When trying to select both types with the switch disabled, you'll notice that this is not possible. Trying to do this would result in documents that are *both* an image document AND a pdf document, which is not possible.

Tip: Whether the switch is enabled or disabled will be saved for your user. This means that if you enable the switch, this will be enabled until you decide to disable it.

31.3 Folders

This filter allows filtering on a file path. The path select can be shown in two different ways, depending on your settings. It could be a selectable dropdown version or a pop-up will show where you can select the path you want to filter on.





31.4 Daterange

To set a date range, simply click and drag your mouse over the timeline. It immediately sets the filter the moment you let go of your mouse. To clear the date range filter, click on the clear button next to the timeline, or the yellow badge with the 'yyyymmdd' text underneath the search bar.



31.4. Daterange 245

THIRTYTWO

PRIVACY DASHBOARDING

The INDICA Privacy dashboard is a powerful tool to discover, manage and help clean up privay-sensitive information. It consists of the following pages:

Overview

Gives a general overview of the number of privacy issues in the indexed data;

Landscape

Gives insight in the number of users that are able to access certain data items;

Issues

List of all the Privacy issues that are unresolved. This helps with picking up issues;

• Data Inventory

Gives insight in the defined business rules and their corresponding data.

Every page in the Privacy dashboard features a sidebar where filters can be applied. These filters are:

• Timespan

Filter on a timespan;

Data Type

Filter on one or more data types;

• IT Systems

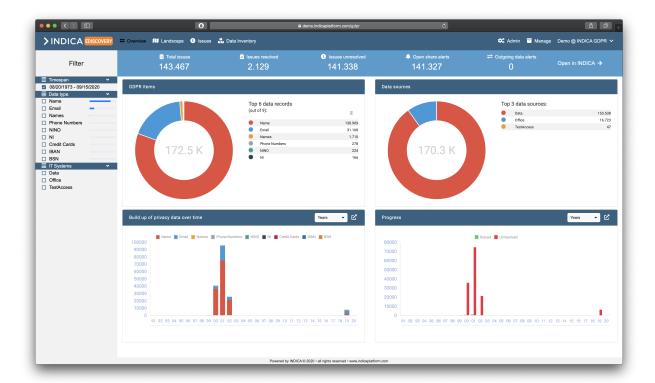
Filter on one or more IT systems;

• Risk Levels (only on the "Issues" page)

Filter on one or more Risk Levels.

32.1 Overview Page

The overview page gives a general overview of the number of issues, how they are distributed, and from which datasources they come.



Above the graphs, five counts are displayed:

· Total issues

This is the number of documents that did/do contain one or more issues;

· Issues resolved

This is the number of documents that used to be issues but are resolved;

· Issues unresolved

This is the number of documents that currently have one or more issues;

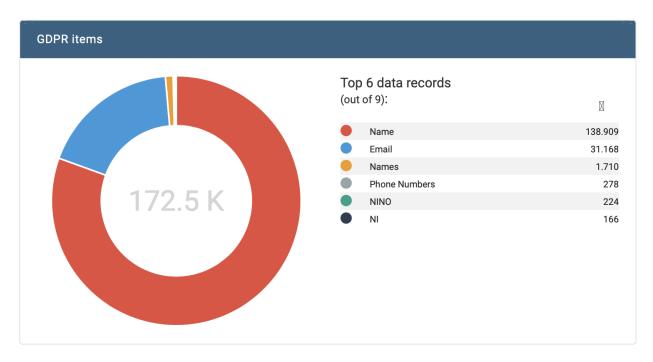
• Open share alerts

This is the number of open shares;

• Outgoing data alerts

This is the number of times data was sent out via email.

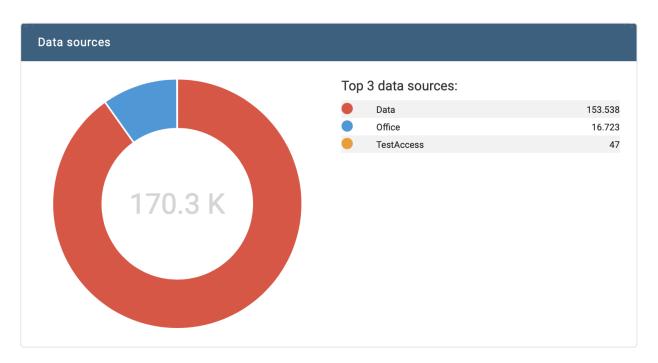
32.1.1 Privacy Items Graph



This graph shows the distribution of all found Privacy items by type. The colors show what kind of privacy token was found, and the number of times it was found.

This graph is interactive, meaning that it is possible to click one of the categories and directly see all corresponding files.

32.1.2 Privacy Sources Graph



32.1. Overview Page 249

This graph shows the distribution of found Privacy items over the connected datasources. This makes it possible to quickly get a grasp of where most items come from.

This graph is interactive, meaning that it is possible to click one of the categories and directly see all corresponding files.

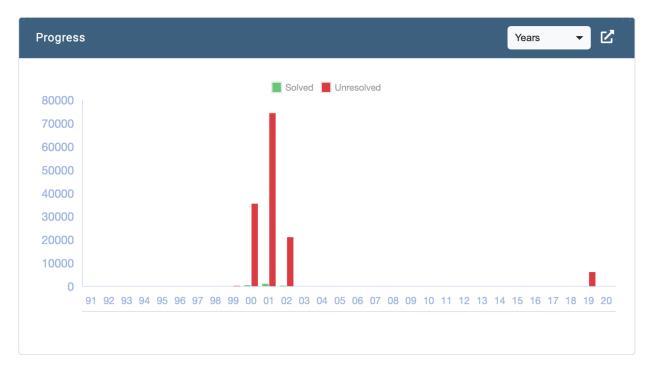
32.1.3 Privacy Buildup Over Time Graph



The "Build up of privacy data over time" graph shows how many privacy-sensitive documents have been created in the past. This graph can be switched between 'Years' and 'Months' for a more detailed view. It is also possible to 'pop-out' this graph for a bigger image. This can be done by clicking the icon in the top right corner of the card.

This graph is interactive, meaning that it is possible to click one of the categories and directly see all corresponding files. This also takes the date-range into account.

32.1.4 Privacy Progress Graph

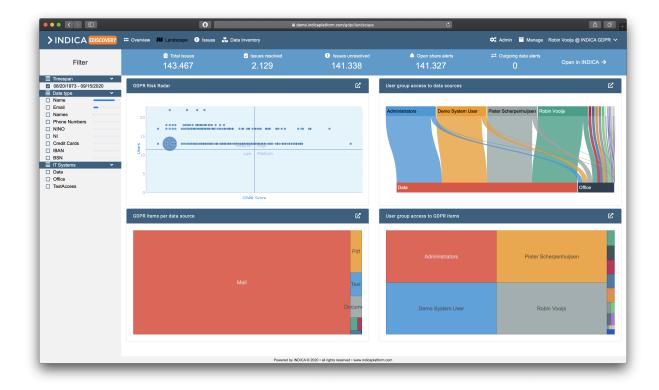


This graph shows you the progress that has been made with the cleanup of issues. When more work is done, the red bars become smaller and the green bars will grow until evetually all issues are resolved. This graph can be switched between 'Years' and 'Months' for a more detailed view. It is also possible to 'pop-out' this graph for a bigger image. This can be done by clicking the icon in the top right corner of the card.

This graph is interactive, meaning that it is possible to click one of the bars and directly see all corresponding files. This also takes the date-range into account.

32.2 Landscape Page

The Landscape page is a powerful tool to get a feel for where all the privacy-sensitive information resides and how many people can access it. It gives the possibility to quickly scope out documents that need action soon, and helps with prioritising the data cleanup effort.



32.2.1 Privacy Risk Radar Graph



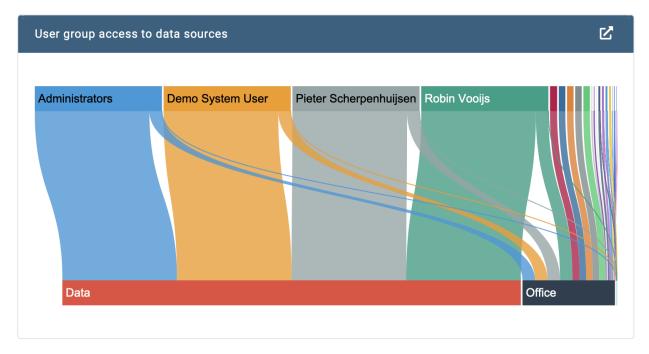
The Risk Radar combines two of the most powerful pieces of information about the indexed data; the found tokens in the data and the number of people who can access the data. This information is displayed in this graph. The Y-axis shows the number of people who have access to the data, and the X-axis shows the Privacy score. The higher the score and the more people can access the data, the higher the risk for such documents is. The document will then be displayed

as a dot in the rop-right corner. The bigger the dot, the more documents fall into that category. During the cleanup process, it is worthwile to focus on the documents in the 'High' quadrant of the graph.

It is also possible to 'pop-out' this graph for a bigger image. This can be done by clicking the icon in the top right corner of the card.

This graph is interactive, meaning that it is possible to click one of the dots and directly see all corresponding files.

32.2.2 Privacy User Group Access To Data Sources Graph



The "User Group Access To Data Sources" graph visualises the users and groups that have access to the connected data sources. The users and groups are displayed on the top, and the data sources are displayed on the bottom. The arrows between the users and datasources visualise the flow (access) of the data. The bigger the arrow, the more documents the user can see in that datasource.

It is also possible to 'pop-out' this graph for a bigger image. This can be done by clicking the icon in the top right corner of the card.

32.2.3 Privacy Items Per Data Source Graph



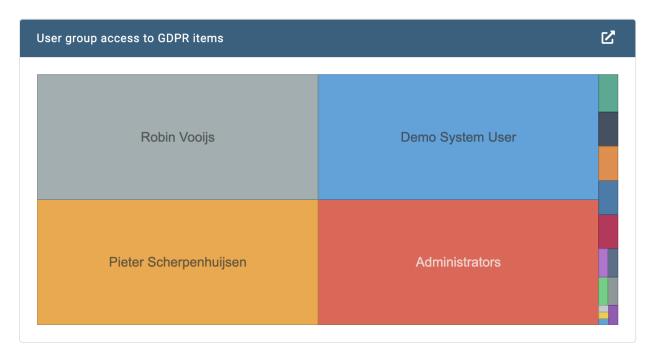
This graph shows the number of Privacy items per data source type. You can click a data source type and see how many Privacy items are from that document type:



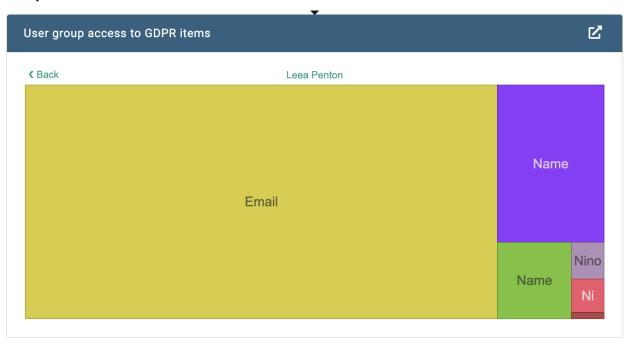
The bigger the part of the graph is for that data source type and Privacy category, the more Privacy items are in that category.

It is also possible to 'pop-out' this graph for a bigger image. This can be done by clicking the icon in the top right corner of the card.

32.2.4 Privacy User Group Access To Privacy Items Graph



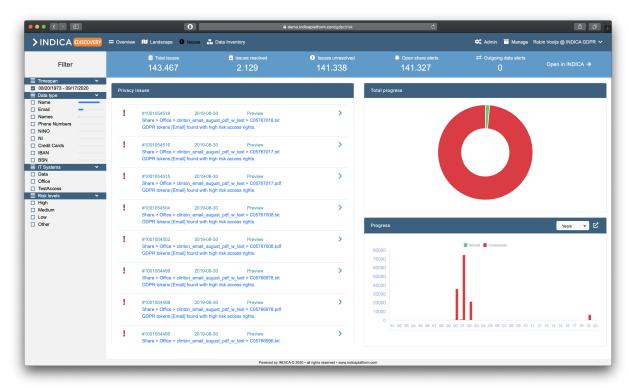
This graph helps to get a feeling for who (which group) can access what tokens. The bigger the user/group is in the graph, the more items this user/group can access. Clicking one of the users/groups reveals how many of what type of Privacy item can be accessed:



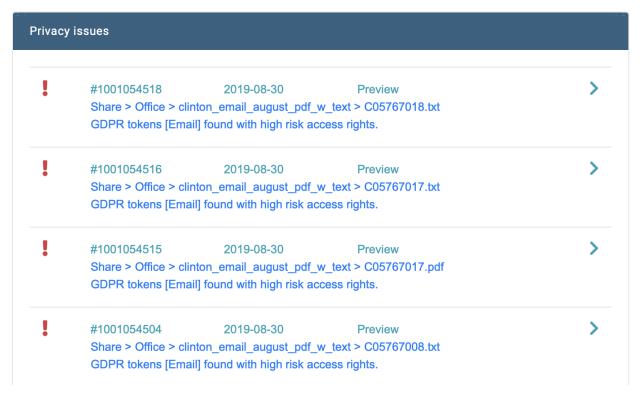
It is also possible to 'pop-out' this graph for a bigger image. This can be done by clicking the icon in the top right corner of the card.

32.3 Issues Page

The Issues page sums up all the issues that are found in the indexed data. This page orders them by severity, and helps prioritise the cleanup effort.



32.3.1 Privacy Issues List



The Issue List helps pick up issues one by one. It gives several pieces of information:

Severity

Other, Low, Medium, High;

• Document ID

Internal document ID; assigned during indexation;

• Date

Date on which the document was last modified;

Preview

Hover over this link and a preview opens containing Privacy score, summary, users with access, and the found tokens;

Filepath

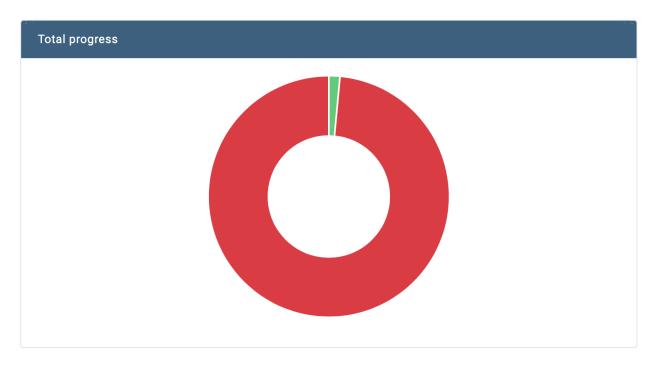
Location of the file in the source data;

• Reason why it is flagged.

Clicking the ">" arrow will open the document in the Search interface, so action can be taken immediately.

32.3. Issues Page 257

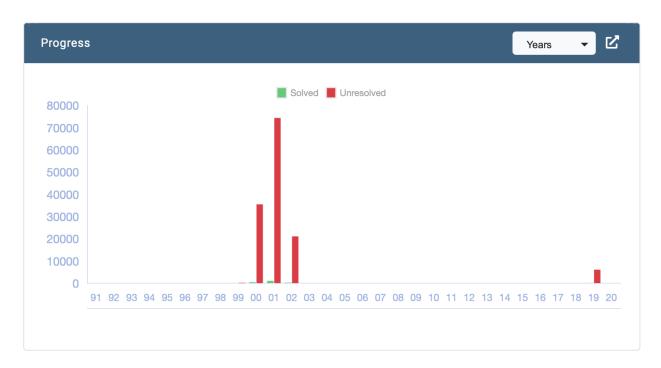
32.3.2 Total Progress Graph



This graph gives insight in the total progress that has been made with the data cleanup efforts. The bigger the green part, the more issues are resolved.

Hovering over one of the parts of the graph will reveal the counts.

32.3.3 Progress over time Graph



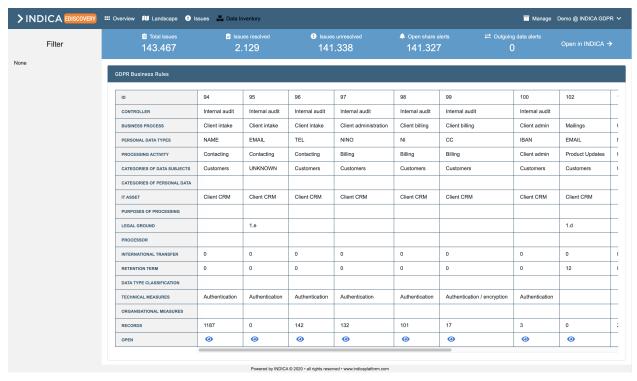
This graph shows you the progress that has been made with the cleanup of issues. When more work is done, the red bars become smaller and the green bars will grow until evetually all issues are resolved. This graph can be switched between 'Years' and 'Months' for a more detailed view. It is also possible to 'pop-out' this graph for a bigger image. This can be done by clicking the icon in the top right corner of the card.

This graph is interactive, meaning that it is possible to click one of the bars and directly see all corresponding files. This also takes the date-range into account.

32.4 Data Inventory Page

The Data Inventory Page shows you an overview of records found within a business rule. These business rules are added by case managers in the Privacy settings of the case.

Let's say that for example, the Customer Service Department of your company isn't allowed to have sensitive information of their customers after an x amount of time. This might be a rule added by your case manager. The amount of records (data) that fall within that category is shown here. If you click on the eye-icon, you'll be taken to the INDICA search page with these records as search results.



CHAPTER

THIRTYTHREE

PREVIEWER

Here you can find many of the tools that INDICA has to offer. Main purpose is to audit the documents.

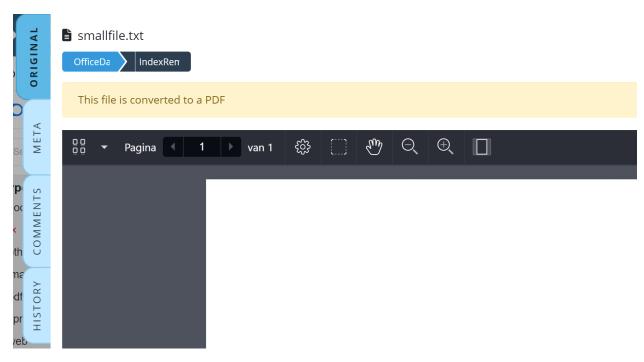
33.1 Breadcrumbs

Breadcrumbs show the system path of the source document is located. You can also click on breadcrumbs to create a filter query of the specific path.



33.2 Previewer Tabs

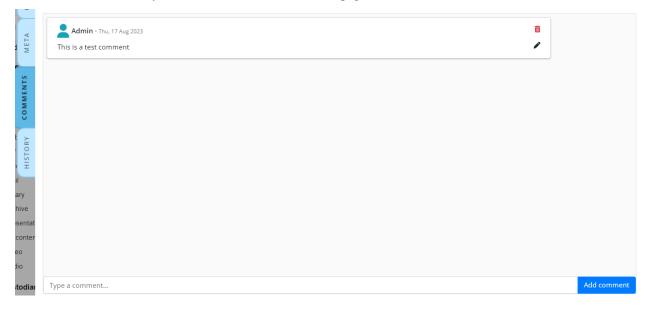
Depending on the document type and your settings, preview has multiple ways of displaying different content. To switch between these views you have to click on one of the sidebar buttons (Tabs) in the previewer sidebar.



- 1. "Redacted and Concept": These tabs are only available if the redact settings are enabled.
- 2. "Original": Preview of the original document.
- 3. "Meta": Preview of the metadata of document.
- 4. "Comments": On this tab users can read and manage comments.
- 5. "History": The document history is displayed on this tab.

33.2.1 Comments (Tab)

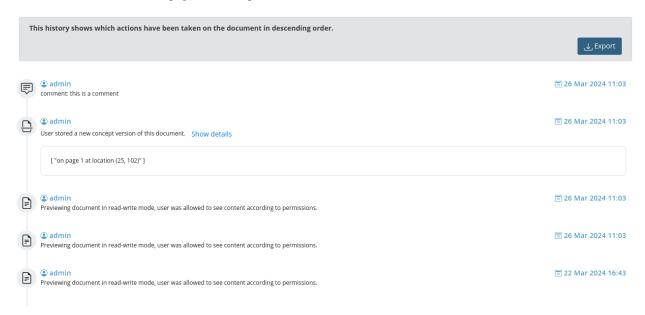
Users can read, add, edit and delete comments attached to documents, depending on their permissions. To add a comment, open a document, click on the comments tab and add the comment. Users can filter on comments. You can find a filter "Comments By User" in the sidebar on the searchpage.



33.2.2 History (Tab)

This tab outlines the document history. It is a list of every single action taken on the document: opening, redacting, deleting pages, and other document actions. Each of these actions is tied to a user so it is possible to see who did what action, on what date and at what time. It is also possible to download an export of the document history in a CSV format.

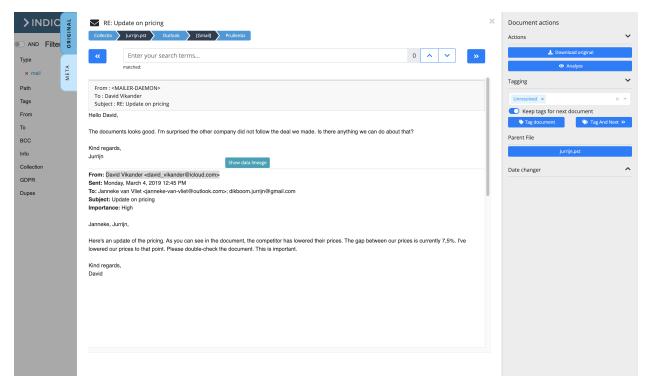
When creating concepts there are extra details provided on the document action, which you can see on the screenshot below. It describes on which page the concept was created and in which location.



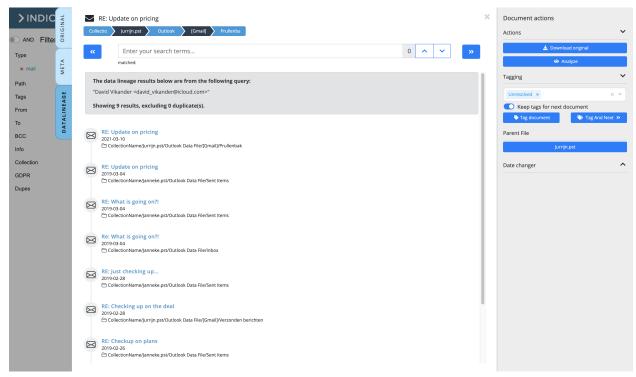
33.2.3 Data Lineage (Tab)

A new feature in INDICA is the possibility to find the "single source of truth" when dealing with duplicate information. When this feature is enabled in the manage interface you can select a part of text within documents. A button "Show data lineage" will show up, see example below:

33.2. Previewer Tabs 263



Clicking on this button will open a new tab in the previewer called "Data Lineage". This will give an overview of the query results for the previously selected text. Within this view you can click on the titles of documents to open them in another browser tab.



Note: Due to the way iframes work the button will show up at the top of the preview. This means that selecting text

in (for example) some e-mails the button will show up at the top of the preview.

33.3 PDF Controls

When you open a PDF some extra control option will appear.



matched:



- 1. Allows to collapse and hide thumbnails on the left side
- 2. Lets you rotate the document clockwise or counterclockwise
- 3. Lets you zoom in/out
- 4. Resets the zoom level

Note: The Advanced PDF Viewer is not available on all INDICA appliances.



From left to right:

- 1. Lets you view thumbnails of the document. You can also view the outline, annotations and bookmarks of the document.
- 2. Lets you navigate the pages of the document.
- 3. Lets you customise the document's page layout.
- 4. Lets you enter Pan mode.
- 5. Lets you zoom in and out of the document.
- 6. Fits the document to the width of the previewer.

33.3. PDF Controls 265

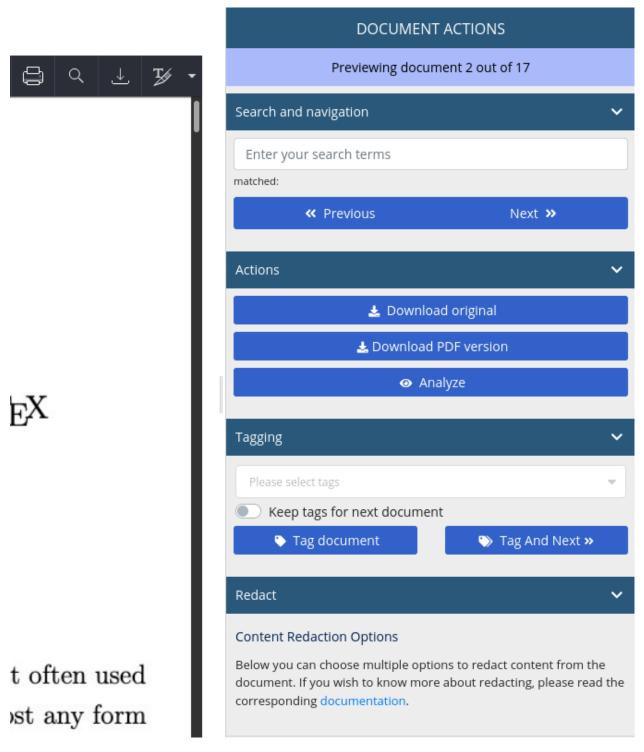


From left to right:

- 1. Drawing on top of the document, including highlighting.
- 2. Lets you insert images and some pre-set stamps.
- 3. Add notes to the document.
- 4. Add a text box to the document.
- 5. Draw lines on the document.
- 6. Un-do and re-do changes.
- 7. Print the document.
- 8. Search inside the document.
- 9. Export the document as a PDF.
- 10. Redaction tool. You can redact manually highlighted text or get a free-form redaction box to select an area.

33.4 Document Actions

Documents will have different actions you can take, each of them will be described in detail below.



- 1. "Search and Navigation" search through the document content, navigate to the next and previous documents.
- 2. "Actions" download the original, non-redacted version of the document, download the PDF version of the file, restore the original file and analyze the document.
- 3. "Redact" redaction tools for files. Read more: Redacting.
- 4. "Delete Pages" ability to delete pages from your file. Requires the advanced PDF viewer. Read more: *Page Deletion (Advanced PDF Viewer)*.

33.4. Document Actions 267

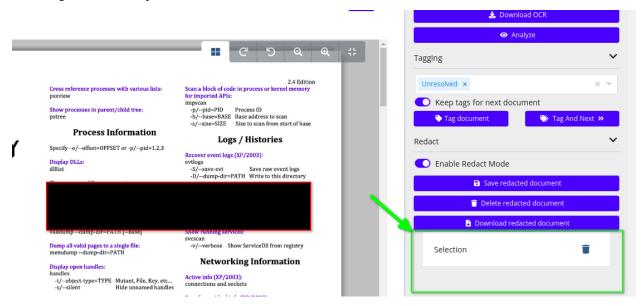
- 5. "Date Changer" allows to change the date of the document. This can cause the document to appear in a different place in search results.
- 6. "Change Filename" allows to change the filename of the document. Read more: Change Filename.
- 7. "Tagging" Allows to tag individual documents. Read more: Tagging individual items.
- 8. "Attachments" if the document is an e-mail, it may have attachments. The link to those attachments is provided in this section.
- 9. "Parent" if the document is an e-mail attachment or part of an archive, the link to the parent is provided in this section.

Note: The Advanced PDF Viewer is not available on all INDICA appliances.

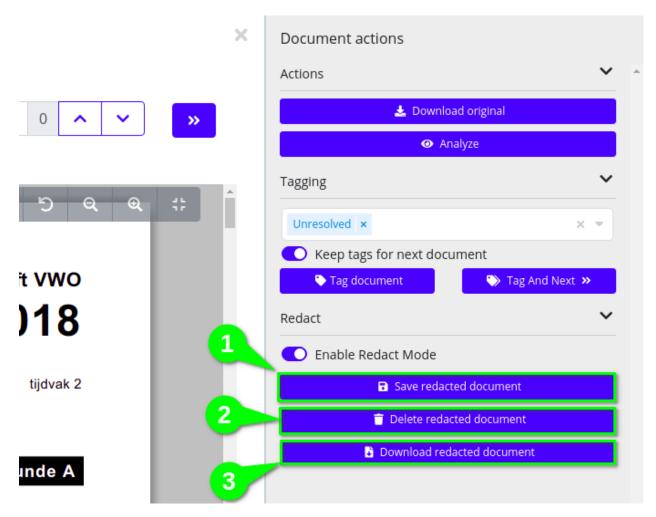
The document actions for the previewer stay the same, for the exception of the redaction tools. The search function is also moved to the document actions. Read more about the redaction tools here: *Redacting (Advanced PDF Viewer)*.

33.5 Redacting

Redacting allows to hide parts of the document and download the redacted version.



You can start redacting by first enabling Redact Mode with "Enable Redact Mode" switch. Once Redacting is enabled you can drag your cursor to mark areas to hide. All the newly created selection will show up below the action buttons. You are able to delete them if you click the "recycling bin" icon.



Once redacting is done you can take few actions:

1. You can save the document, so when the document is opened next time you also see the redacted version.

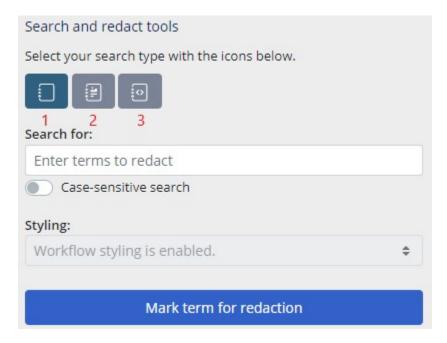
Note: Original non redacted version of the document is still kept and available for preview. When a redacted version is available, you will be shown the redacted version.

- 2. You can delete the redacted version of the document.
- 3. You can download the redacted version of the document.

33.6 Redacting (Advanced PDF Viewer)

Note: The Advanced PDF Viewer is not available on all INDICA appliances.

In the advanced PDF viewer, there are multiple redaction options available. They are listed below.



- 1. Text You can enter terms to search for in the document.
- 2. Preset patterns You can select preset patterns to mark for redaction in the document, e.g. IBAN, telephone numbers, and BSN numbers.
- 3. Custom regex You can enter your own regex pattern. If matches are found, they will be marked for redaction.

Underneath the search box there are 3 buttons: "Mark term for redaction", "Add term to automated list" and "Edit automated redaction list". An explanation of the last two buttons can be found at the bottom of this section.

Mark term for redaction

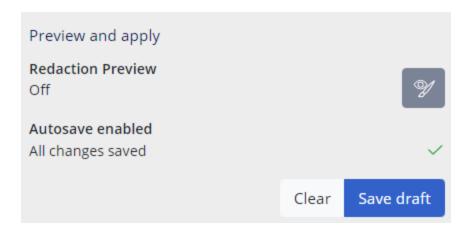
After adding the search query for redaction (as explained above), click on "Mark term for redaction" to mark the relevant terms. When terms are marked for redaction, they are outlined with a red box as shown in the screenshot below. The red outline is the default colour. Case Managers can define custom redact styles. If there are custom redact styles available, you can choose one underneath Styling. If redact styles are automatically applied by a workflow, you can't choose a styling.

4. INDICATIES

Behandeling van infecties bij runderen, kalveren en varkens veroorzaakt door organismen die gevoelig zijn voor tylosine, waarbij in overweging wordt genomen of de farmacokinetische eigenschappen van het antibioticum toestaan dat het de infectieplaats in een werkzame concentratie bereikt.

5. CONTRA-INDICATIES

From here, there are multiple options.



You can preview your new redactions at any time during redaction. Any redactions marked with a red box will fill. You can preview your redactions by clicking the button with the "eye" icon.



Behandeling van infecties bij runderen, kalveren en varkens veroorzaakt door organismen die gevoelig zijn voor tylosine, waarbij in overweging wordt genomen of de farmacokinetische eigenschappen van het antibioticum toestaan dat het de infectieplaats in een werkzame concentratie bereikt.

Saving a draft will not apply the redactions to the document, but saves what has been marked for redaction. On refresh, or upon closing the document and opening it again, you will see the words marked previously for redaction.

When the "eye" button is pressed, there is an option to apply the redactions to the document. Once the redactions are applied, you are not able to remove them or change them individually.

After applying redactions, the page will refreshed automatically. The changes are saved on the original tab and a concept tab is added to the previewer. On this new tab you can add or alter redactions.

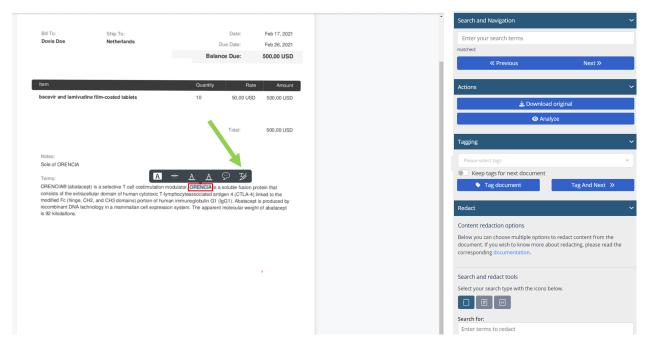
You can remove all the redactions at once by pressing the "restore original preview" button underneath the Actions section. This will remove all the saved redactions and place the original document back into the viewer.

Autosave drafts

Case managers can enable this function. When autosave is enabled, the changes on drafts are saved automatically. A confirmation message appears underneath 'Autosave enabled'. When autosave is disabled, you will have to save manually. After saving manually, a confirmation message appears at the top of the page.

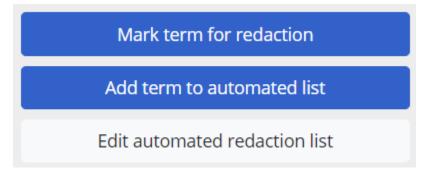
Note: The autosave function will only save drafts. Applying redactions permanently to the document still needs to be done manually by clicking "Apply redactions".

Besides the above mentioned redacting options, users can redact by selecting a word or sentence with the mouse cursor on the page itself. Several options will appear among which the possibility to redact the selected text. The text will by default be outlined with a red box.



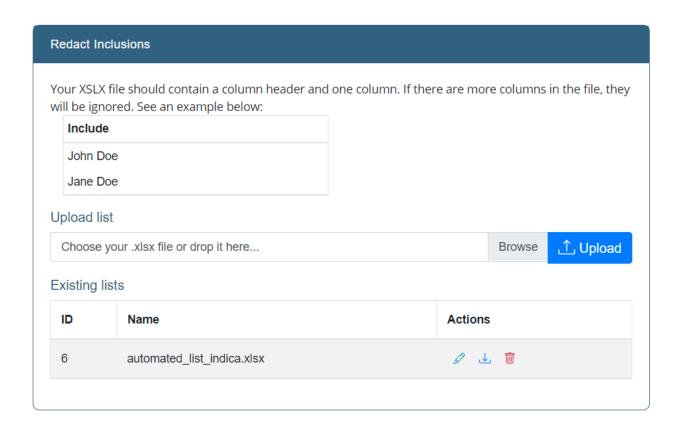
Add term to automated list

This button allows you to add a term to the redaction inclusions list. After clicking on the button, you can choose to rerun the automated list on the whole dataset (Case) or cancel. If canceled, the term is added to the list and you or the Case manager can run it later. Case Managers can add the redaction inclusions list to an automation.



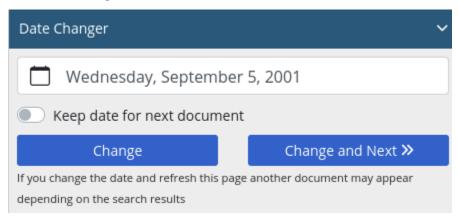
Edit automated redaction list

Click on "Edit automated redaction list" to view, edit, download or delete the list.



33.7 Date Changer

Allows changing creation date for any of the documents. This is especially useful when a document has been digitalised, and has lost its original creation date.



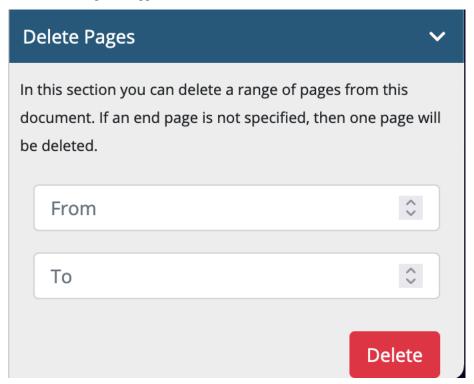
When changing multiple documents at the same time, the user can switch to keep the date indicated for the next document, and when pressing "Change and Next" the date will be kept when moving to the next document.

33.7. Date Changer 273

33.8 Page Deletion (Advanced PDF Viewer)

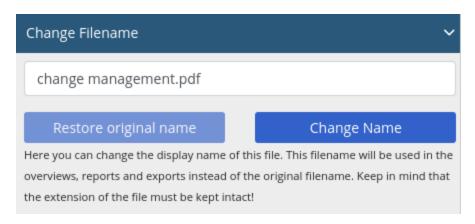
Note: The Advanced PDF Viewer is not available on all INDICA appliances.

The user can choose to delete pages from a specific document in INDICA. This, like redaction, is reversible – however, one cannot reverse only page deletion or only redaction, it is done at the same time. Only a range of pages can be deleted. If a document has concepts on a page that is deleted, the concepts are deleted as well. If a redacted and a concept version exists, deletion can only happen on the concept version, and the redacted version does not update unless the concepts are applied to the document



33.9 Change Filename

In some cases a user might want to change the display name of a document. This can be necessary when the title of the document contains some sensitive information that you don't want seen on, for example, an export. The original name can be restored at any time.



When a document's filename is changed, the user can still search by the system name of the document. In the previewer, the original name will be shown alongside the changed display name, as well as in the search results.



33.10 Searching in documents

It's also possible to search within the preview of the document. Searching in a document will highlight the keywords within the document.

The highlighted keywords will be yellow. The current highlighted keywords, which starts with the first match, will be orange. Clicking on the up- and down buttons next to the search bar will bring you to the next highlighted keyword. See image below for an example.



THIRTYFOUR

QUERYING

Table of Contents

- Querying
 - Writing queries
 - * Search By
 - * Exact match
 - * Terms and Phrases
 - * Boolean Operators
 - * Grouping
 - * Range Searches
 - * Wildcards
 - * Fuzzy Searches
 - * Word Distance Searches
 - * Boosting terms
 - Advanced query builder
 - Escaping special characters

INDICA allows you easily create powerful queries. The creation of queries can be done in multiple ways:

- Writing queries by hand
- Using the advanced query builder

34.1 Writing queries

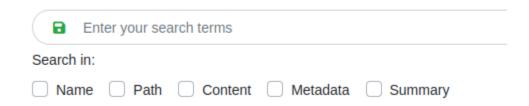
INDICA provides a rich query language, giving its users a flexible and advanced way to search through large amounts of documents.

The search bar allows multiple ways of querying. It is possible to type in search terms and manipulate the way the query interpreter deals with the query.

INDICA allows the following query manipulations:

34.1.1 Search By

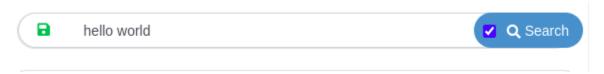
Users can search for keywords inside the name, path, content, metadata or summary of the document.



34.1.2 Exact match

Exact match checkbox allows for quick term or phrase searches. It only supports simple text and Filters, no query modifiers such as Boolean Operators, Fuzzy Searches, Wildcards, etc. are supported. After the checkbox is ticked, whole text will be treated as a single search term. Any advanced terms will be ignored!

See example below



34.1.3 Terms and Phrases

A query is broken up into terms and operators. There are two types of terms: Single Terms and Phrases.

A single term is a single word such as test or hello.

A phrase is a group of words surrounded by double quotes such as "hello test".

34.1.4 Boolean Operators

Boolean operators allow terms to be combined through logic operators. INDICA supports the following operators:

• AND

The AND operator matches documents where both terms exist anywhere in the text of a single document. The symbol && can be used in place of the word AND.

To search for documents that contain "jakarta apache" and "Indica search" use the query "jakarta apache" AND "INDICA search"

• "+"

The + operator requires that the term after the + symbol exist somewhere in a field of a single document. To search for documents that must contain "jakarta" and may contain "INDICA" use the query +jakarta INDICA

• OR

The OR operator is the default conjunction operator.

This means that if there is no boolean operator between two terms, the OR operator is used.

The OR operator links two terms and finds a matching document if either of the terms exist in a document.

The symbol | | can be used in place of the word OR.

To search for documents that contain either "jakarta apache" or just "jakarta" use the query "jakarta apache" jakarta or "jakarta apache" OR jakarta.

NOT

The NOT operator excludes documents that contain the term after NOT.

The symbol! can be used in place of the word NOT.

To search for documents that contain "jakarta apache" but not "INDICA search" use the query "jakarta apache" NOT "INDICA search"

Note: The NOT operator cannot be used with just one term. For example, the following search will return no results: NOT "jakarta apache"

• "_"

The - operator excludes documents that contain the term after the - symbol.

To search for documents that contain "jakarta apache" but not "INDICA search" use the query "jakarta apache" -"INDICA search"

Important: Boolean operators **must be** ALL CAPS

34.1.5 Grouping

INDICA supports using parentheses to group clauses to form sub queries. This can be very useful if you want to control boolean logic for a query. To search for either "jakarta" or "apache" and "website" use the query (jakarta OR apache) AND website. This eliminates any confusion and makes sure you that "website" must exist and either term "jakarta" or "apache" may exist.

34.1.6 Range Searches

Range Queries allow one to match documents whose field(s) values are between the lower and upper bound specified by the Range Query. Range Queries can be inclusive or exclusive of the upper and lower bounds. Sorting is done lexicographically.

Example: date: [2002-01-01 TO 2003-01-01]

This will find documents whose date fields have values between 2002-01-01 and 2003-01-01, inclusive.

To perform a Range Query and exclude the upper and lower bound, use { and } instead of [and]. The inclusive and exclusive range characters can also be mixed:

Example: date: {2002-01-01 TO 2003-01-01]

34.1.7 Wildcards

Wildcard searches can be done with two operators:

. 6699

A question mark will allow different characters at that specific position in the word.

Example: ?est

INDICA will return words like "rest", "test", "nest"

• 66**

An asterisk places after (part of) the word, will enforce the presence of that (part of) the word in the results and then expand the word.

Example: test*

INDICA will return words like "testing", "testresult", "testcase"

34.1.8 Fuzzy Searches

A 'tilde' (\sim) after the term will imply that the term might be spelled in different ways. The similarity can be changed by adding a value between 0 and 1. A value closer to 1 will return words that are very similar. The value 0.5 cannot be used.

34.1.9 Word Distance Searches

Distance searches use the 'tilde' ~ as well. It can be used in the following format:

"testing Europe"~10

This will search for the two terms "testing" and "Europe" with a maximum of 10 words in between. It will return results like:

Testing some pieces advanced software is done routinely in Europe

and

The developer is doing some testing in Europe

34.1.10 Boosting terms

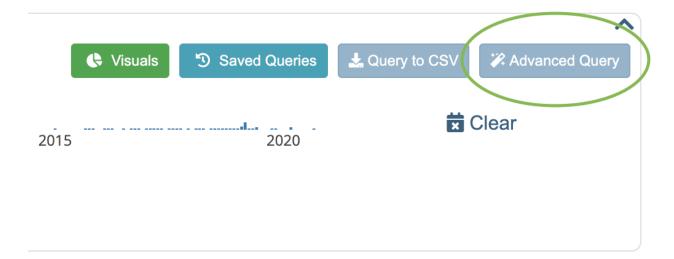
INDICA provides the relevance level of matching documents based on the terms found. To boost a term use the caret `^` symbol with a boost factor (a number) at the end of the term you are searching. The higher the boost factor, the more relevant the term will be.

Boosting allows you to control the relevance of a document by boosting its term. For example, if you are searching for jakarta apache and you want the term "jakarta" to be more relevant, boost it using the 'symbol along with the boost factor next to the term. You would type: jakarta'4 apache. This will make documents with the term jakarta appear more relevant.

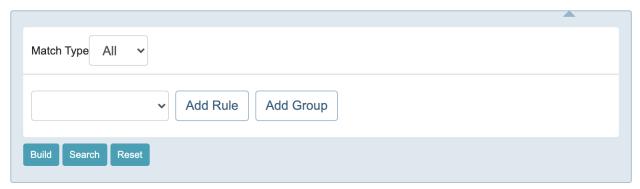
You can also boost Phrase Terms as in the example "jakarta apache" 4 "Indica search". By default, the boost factor for each term or phrase is 1. Although the boost factor must be positive, it can be less than 1 (e.g. 0.2)

34.2 Advanced query builder

The advanced query builder is a visual tool to create powerful queries. The tool can be found when clicking the "Advanced Query" button next to the "Query to CSV" button.



A new panel will open:



A few options can be filled in here:

• Match Type

The "Match Type" determines that either "All" or "Any" condition of the query needs to be true. Either all conditions in the query need to be true, or any condition needs to be true.

· Add rule

It's possible to filter on a few different items:

- Type
- Path
- Tags
- Info
- Collection
- Workflow
- Privacy

- Dupes
- Size
- Document ID
- Content
- File name
- Date (yyyymmdd)

Select a filter within the input field left of the *Add Rule* button which you wish to query on, click on add rule to add this to the query.

The rule will be added underneath your latest rule. Here you can also choose per rule if you wish to add this as an 'AND' or 'OR' query. Clicking on the 'X' next to the item will delete the rule.

· Add group

The *Add Group* button is only available at the top of the Advanced Query Builder next to the *Add Rule* button. This will add a new group underneath the existing group. Groups can be visually distinguished by the new 'Match Type' filter and the horizontal line underneath it.

Build

The query can always be previewed next to the buttons at the bottom. With the *Build* button however, you're able to build the query in the search bar at the top. Please be aware that this building is necessary if you wish to save the query!

Search

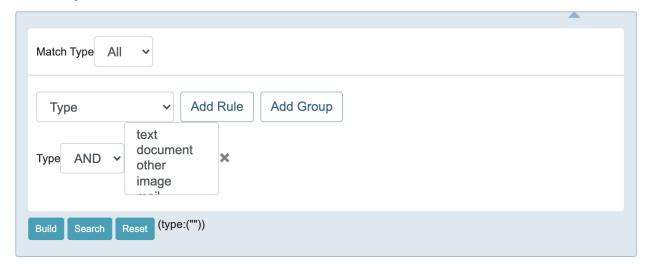
Execute the search with the previewed query.

Note: The query needs to be build in order to save it correctly as a saved query!

Reset

Reset the whole query. This will empty both the search input field, search results and the advanced query preview.

Use the drop-down menu to select a field. Click "Add Rule" to add a new rule for that field.



In case multiple options are available for the selected field, a list will be shown. Use CTRL+click to select multiple options. A choice can also be made between "All" to query on all the selected conditions, or "OR" to query on any of

the selected conditions.

34.3 Escaping special characters

In some cases, the search term may use one of the Query Engine's special characters. If that's the case, the character needs to be 'escaped' so the engine will interpret the character as a literal character.

The following characters are special characters:

```
+ - && || ! ( ) { } [ ] ^ " ~ * ? : \
```

To escape these character place a backslash ("\") before the special character.

THIRTYFIVE

EXPORT TO CSV

Table of Contents

- Export to CSV
 - Exporting to CSV from the front-end
 - Exporting to CSV and XLS(X)

INDICA has a really powerful feature to export query results to CSV.

This can be done in two ways:

- Export to CSV directly from the front-end based on the active query and filters;
- Export to CSV and XLS(X) on the management page.

35.1 Exporting to CSV from the front-end

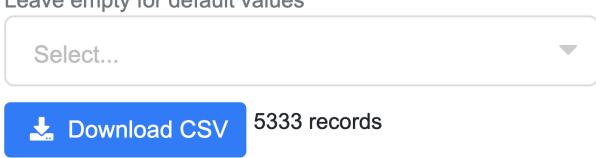
On the front-end, there's a button called "Export to CSV".



When clicking this button, a box will open:

Fields:

Leave empty for default values



Here, you can select the fields that you would like to export:

Fields:

Leave empty for default values

Select	_
version_	
allowed_string	
collection	
comments_count	
content	
date	
<pre>email_from_string</pre>	
<pre>email_to_string</pre>	
epoch	
☐ facet_acl_path	
☐ facet_fileInstances	
facet processingStatus	

Simply select the fields that you want to export. It is also possible to type in the first few characters of the field name to filter the list. When the desired fields are selected, click the "Download CSV" button.

INDICA will now begin gathering and ordering the required fields of all the files. After that, a CSV will be created on

disk and downloaded.

Attention:

- Creating large exports (>50.000 files) can be really slow and may fail.
- Creating and downloading larger exports may be done on the management page.
- For system administrators, it is also possible to create exports via the command-line interface.

35.2 Exporting to CSV and XLS(X)

This can be done by case managers. See *Manager Process Settings* for more information.

THIRTYSIX

SAVED QUERIES

Table of Contents • Saved Queries

Save your queries for example to review the data in them at a later point in time, or to filter the data in your case. To save your query click on the button "Saved Queries" while you have an active query.



Once you've clicked the saved queries button, a modal will open with two menu options.

• Save Current Query

Saves your current query and filters. Add a name to identify the query later on.

There's also a possibility to add a description if you wish to do so. Adding a description is not required.

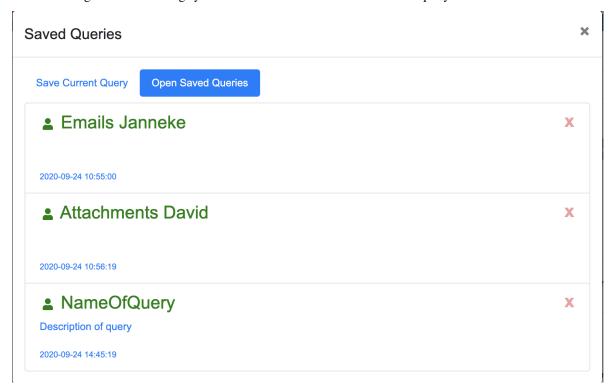
Saved Queries		×
Save Current Query	Open Saved Queries	
Name *		
Description		
	Cancel Add que	ery

• Open Saved Queries

Here you can open your already saved queries. It gives an overview of the name and description of the query.

If you hover over the saved query it will also show the terms and filters that the query has.

Clicking on the item brings you to the search overview with the active query.

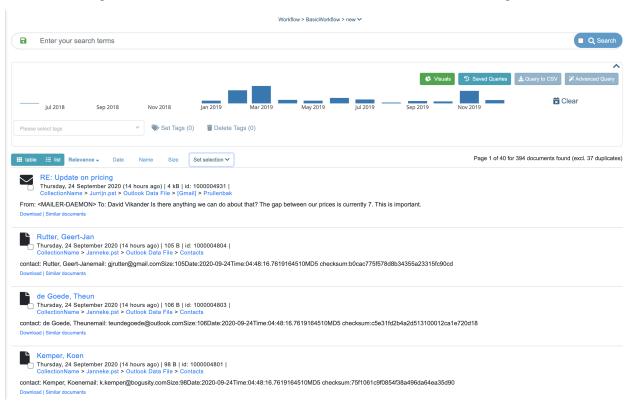


SELECTING AND DE-SELECTING

Table of Contents

- Selecting and de-selecting
 - Select documents on this page
 - Select all query results
 - Deselect all

Apart from selecting documents by hand by clicking on the checkbox next to a document, it's also possible to select and deselect multiple documents at once. Just above the search results there's a button with an option to 'Set Selection'.



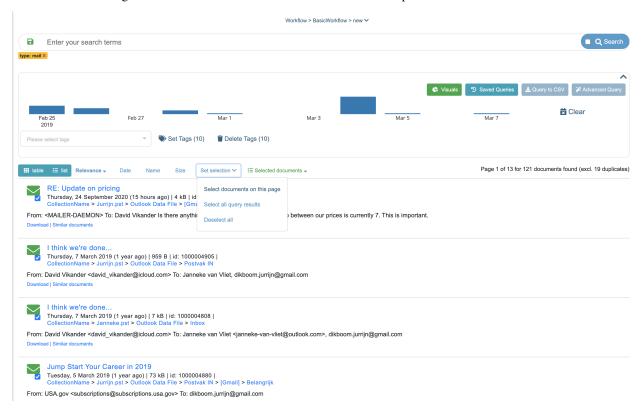
This comes in handy, especially when using the workflow to move multiple documents at once, or for tagging multiple documents at the same time. Once you click 'Set Selection' there are three options:

• Select documents on this page

- · Select all query results
- · Deselect all

37.1 Select documents on this page

This option selects all the documents that are shown on the page at that point in time. The icons of the selected documents will turn green and the checkboxes will be checked. See example below.



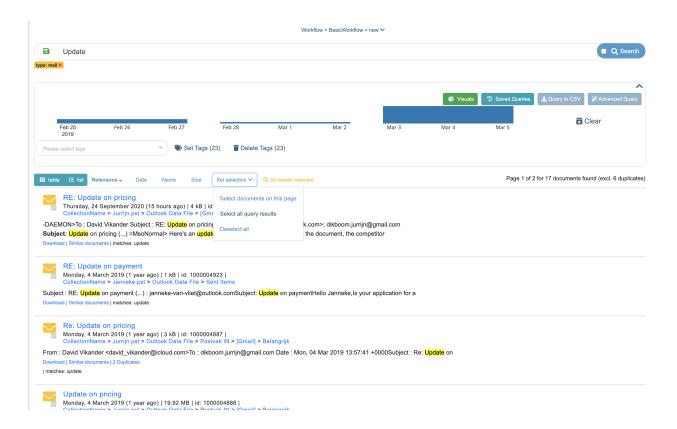
Note: If you select the documents on a page, it will only select on that specific page. If you decide to go to the next page, the selection will be undone.

To have a quick overview of which documents are selected there's also a small overview of the selected documents. See image example below.

Set selection >	₹≣ Selected documents ▼
1000004931 il] > Prullenbak () ;It;janneke- of the pricing. A	RE: Update on pricing
	RE: Update on payment
	Re: Update on pricing
	Update on pricing
	Thanks for signing up to ge
	Thanks for signing up to ge
123 nt Items	Update on pricing
	RE: Update on pricing
	Update on pricing
ale aanaCubiaati	

37.2 Select all query results

This option selects **all** the documents results from an executed query. The icons of the selected documents will turn orange and the checkboxes will be checked. See example below.



37.3 Deselect all

The deselect all option will deselect all documents previously selected. The icons will turn back to their normal color and the checkboxes will be unchecked.

THIRTYEIGHT

SORTING

Table of Contents

• Sorting

Within the search overview there are a few easy sorting options.

• Relevance

Sort the documents by relevance. Relevance is set during the indexation process. This filter is set by default at descending.

• Date

Sort the documents by date. Ascending or descending.

• Name

Sort the documents by name. Ascending or descending.

Size

Sort the documents by size. Ascending or descending.



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THIRTYNINE

TABLE & LIST VIEW

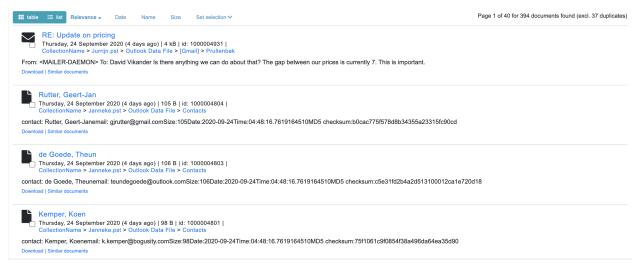
Table of Contents

- Table & List View
 - List view
 - Table view
 - Table view (with flipped table)

Since version 11.0.0 of INDICA it's possible to switch the document results between a list view (as you're used to) and a table view. List view is the standard view when opening INDICA. If you want to switch between the two, you can click on the button for 'table' or 'list' just above the search results.

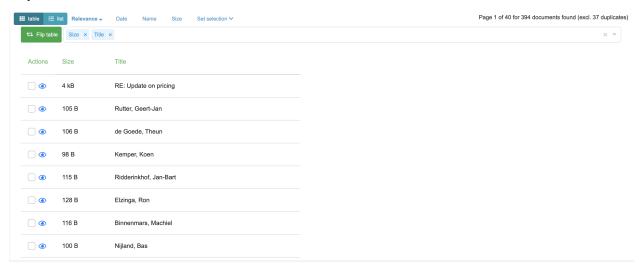
39.1 List view

If you've used INDICA before, the list view is what you're probably used to. Here you'll see the data listed per item, the information provided per item is set up by case managers.



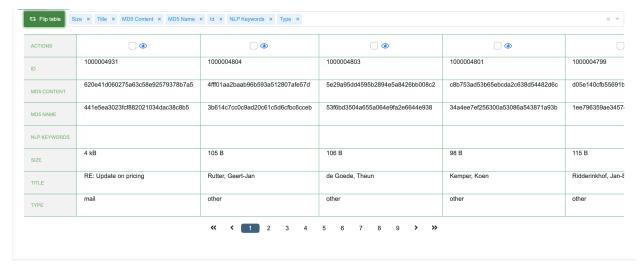
39.2 Table view

The table view is new in our platform. The first time you click on the table view, it will only show the *size* and the *title* of the document. In table view you can view all the information just as in list view. For this to happen, click the dropdown above the table and select the information you want to view. Clicking on the eye icon will open the previewer for you.



39.3 Table view (with flipped table)

If you have a lot of items selected in your table view, it might be hard to have a good overview of the item. There's also a possibility to flip the table if needed. This will give a vertical overview per item, instead of the normal horizontal view. See image below for an example.



FORTY

TAGGING

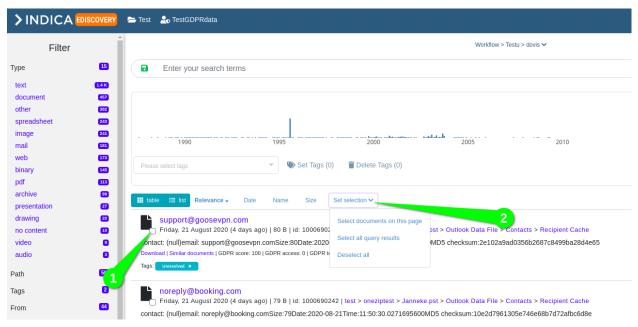
Table of Contents

- Tagging
 - Selecting items for tagging
 - Tagging selected items
 - Tagging individual items

Tagging function is available in both main search page and on every individual item that you *preview*. There are multiple ways you can start tagging:

40.1 Selecting items for tagging

- Tag individual items by clicking on the checkbox (1).
- Mass tag multiple items by selecting "Set selection" dropbox (2).

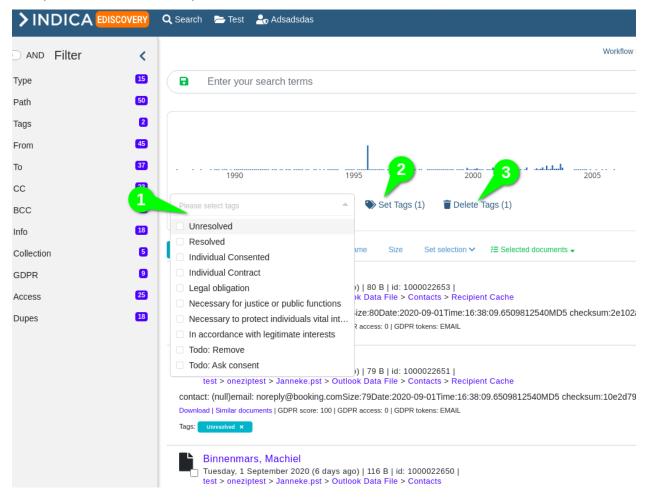


• "Select documents on the page" - will select all the documents on the current page.

- "Select all query results" will select everything that was found based on current query.
- "Deselect all" deselects everything you have selected.

40.2 Tagging selected items

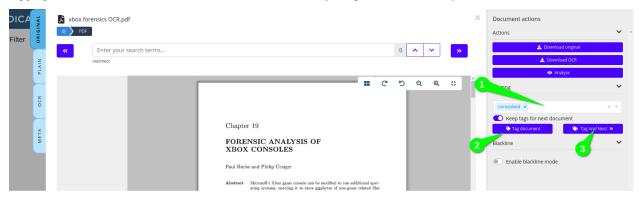
Once you have selected the items you can take further actions.



First you select which tags you want to add/remove (1). Then you either Set the tags (2) or Delete the tags (3). It's important to note that having a lot of selected items takes longer to process the set or delete actions. The process will run in the background and you will be notified once it is done.

40.3 Tagging individual items

Sometimes you might want to tag individual items when auditing. To tag individual items you can still use the mass tagging tools, but a more informed decision can be made if you open the document *preview*



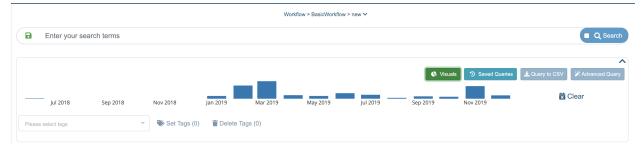
Once you have opened the *preview* you can select tags (1) on the right side of the window. Once the tags are selected you can either "Tag document" (2) and stay on the same document, or "Tag and next" (3) to tag the document and move to the next one.

FORTYONE

VISUALS

Table of Contents • Visuals - Location - Per Country - Per type - Email - NLP Graph

INDICA offers a visual representation of your data. To access the visuals overview click on the "Visuals" button in the search overview.



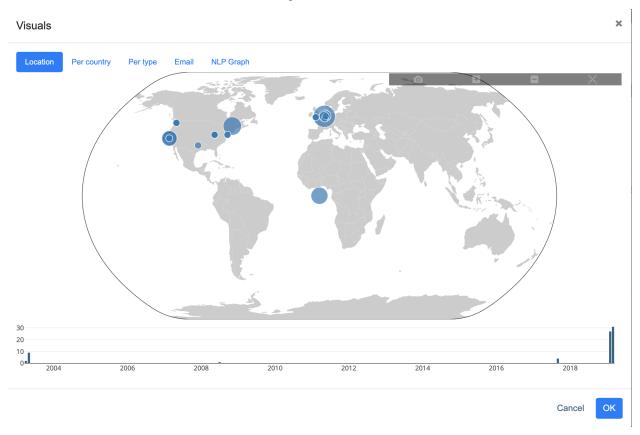
There are a few tabs you can click in the screen that opens. They will be discussed in the chapters below.

The graphs shown in the *Location* and *Per Country* tab also have a timeline underneath. Clicking and dragging your mouse over this timeline will set an extra filter on the graph. This updates the results in the graph to reflect only the emails sent in that specific time range.

Tip! To zoom the timeline back out again, double click on the timeline to reset

41.1 Location

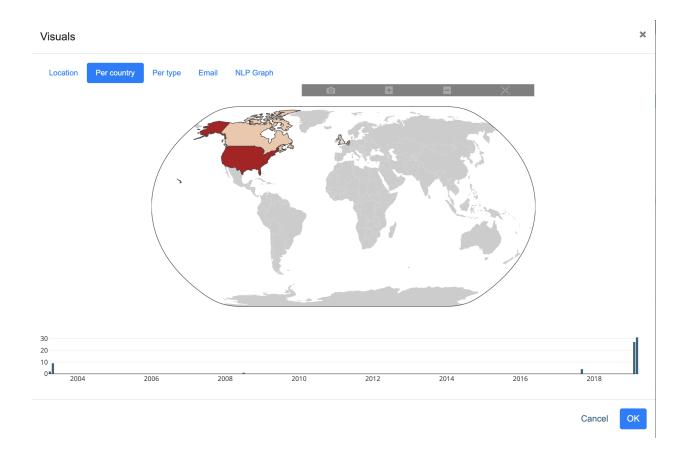
This tab shows a visual representation of email communication around the world. Clicking on an item within the graph will filter the search results to emails sent from that specific IP address.



41.2 Per Country

This tab shows a visual representation of email distribution per country.

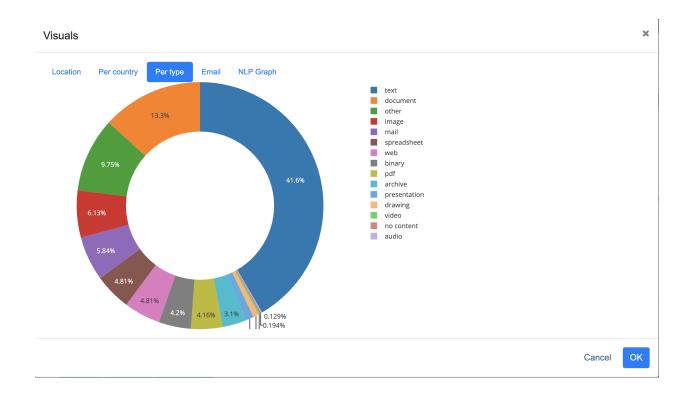
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41.3 Per type

This tab shows a visual representation of the available data types in the dataset.

41.3. Per type 305



41.4 Email

This tab shows a visual representation of email communication between different persons. There's also a possibility to filter these from 'ALL' to 'TO', 'CC' or 'BCC'. Hovering over items will show you the email addresses they've been in contact with.

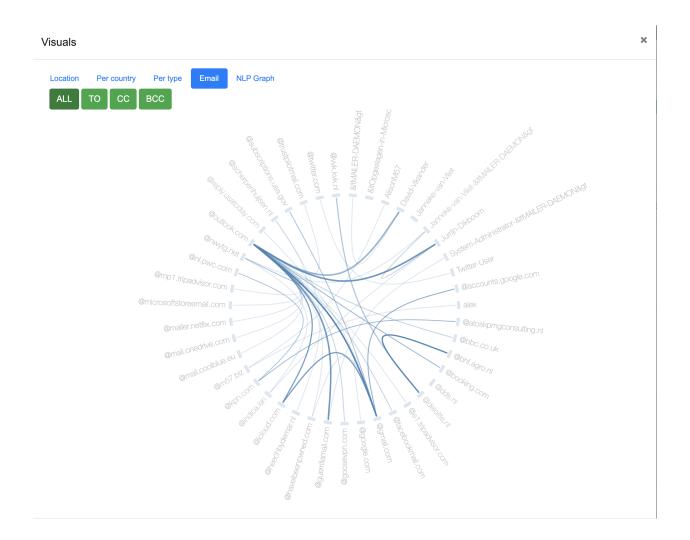
• Green lines

Shows the node source(s). So the email account(s) that have sent email(s) to that specific email address.

• Red lines

Shows the node target(s). So the email account(s) that specific email address has sent email(s) to.

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41.5 NLP Graph

This tab shows the NLP graph. It is possible to visually see documents, their Natural Language keywords, and the connections between them. This enables you to quickly see and discover connections between documents, based on the content of the documents.

In the graph, the number of documents is limited to 20. The blue circles are documents, the green circles are the NLP keywords. The green circles with a red border do not have a connection or more documents - other than its parent.

The displayed documents can be manipulated by applying a query to your data and opening the graph again.

The plot can be manipulated by dragging and dropping the circles, or by dragging the background to pan around. Using the mouse wheel will zoom in and out.

In the top left corner, some controls are provided:

- Draggable scrollbar
 This increases and decreases the 'gravity' between nodes.
- Filter icon

This will filter out all the nodes that do not connect to more than one document.

41.5. NLP Graph 307

• Wand icon

This enables automatic zooming. When nodes are not moving, it will zoom in and out automatically.

• Magnifying glass

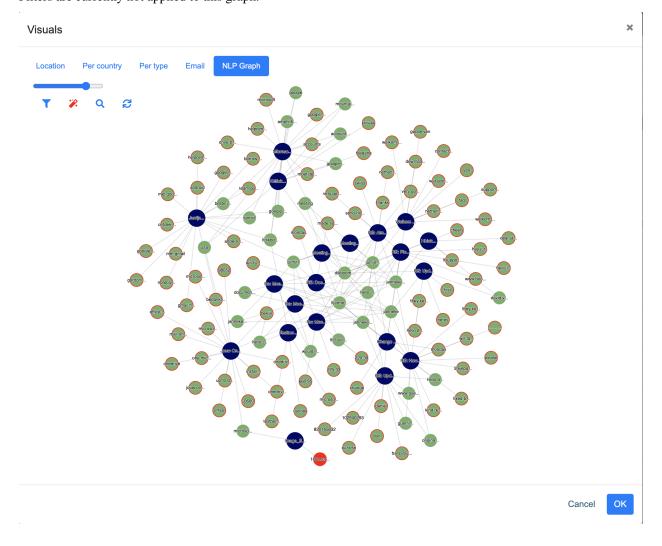
Clicking this button will zoom in or out so all nodes are visible.

• Reset icon

Once one or more nodes are clicked, the selection can be reset with this button.

Double clicking a node will open the INDICA interface with a query applied to search for that node. This can be a keyword, or a document.

Filters are currently not applied to this graph.



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FORTYTWO

WORKFLOW

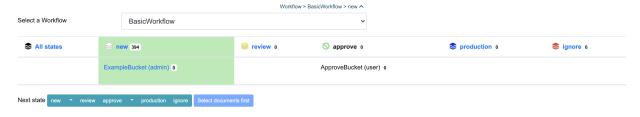
Table of Contents • Workflow - States - Buckets - Moving documents

If there's an active workflow within your case you'll see an extra item above your search bar. This item can be uncollapsed by clicking on it, giving you a full overview of the workflow.



The overview of the workflow shows the different states and assigned buckets to users. States might be accessible to multiple users (depending on the workflow settings), but buckets are user-specific. There are three reasons why you might not see the Workflow section in your workspace:

- 1. The section is collapsed on your screen, please press the Workflow button.
- 2. There is no workflow set up for your case.
- 3. You do not have access to the workflow.



42.1 States

You can see if a state is accessible to you by the icon next to the state name. If the icon is a stack of layers, you can access this state. If the icon is a prohibition sign, you do not have access to that particular state.



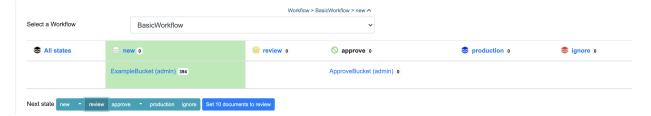
Which state is the active state can be recognized by the green background on that state. Clicking on a state will set the state to active, which sets a filter on the data to the items in that state.

42.2 Buckets

A workflow may have a state with (multiple) bucket(s). Unlike workflow states, buckets are user specific and are only accessible to that specific user. A case manager or other reviewers can set documents to your bucket for you to review.

42.3 Moving documents

Moving documents from one state (or bucket) to another is quite simple in INDICA. Select the documents you wish you move. The button next to the different states will then change from 'Select documents first' to 'Select next state'. Once you've selected a state or bucket, the button will turn blue and show 'Set *x* documents to *statename*'. Once this button is clicked, the documents will be moved to your selected state. See image below for an example.



If you've selected a state which also has buckets, you will get a prompt in which you will be asked if you want to move the documents to the specific state, or if you wish to distribute the documents over the different buckets.



FORTYTHREE

CONTACTING INDICA

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• Contacting INDICA

In case the available documentation does not provide the answer to your question, please don't hesitate to get in touch with us.

INDICA Support

INDICA Knowledge Base

INDICA Website

For INDICA Cloud platform members there is a special form available to request changes to your cloud platform.

Click here for the form